

Greater Vancouver 300 – 4185 Still Creek Drive Burnaby, BC V5C 6G9 T 604 294 2088

Contract Documents for

Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades

FINAL Reference Number: E-40103 January 2025 KWL Project No. 0029.372

Prepared for:



1. Documents that are provided include:

- a. Addenda (Not Used for Tender).
- b. Invitation to Tender.
- c. Instructions to Tenderers Part I.
- d. Form of Tender:
 - i. Appendix 1 Schedule of Quantities and Prices,
 - ii. Appendix 2 Preliminary Construction Schedule,
 - iii. Appendix 3 Experience of Superintendent,
 - iv. Appendix 4 Comparable Work Experience,
 - v. Appendix 5 Subcontractors,
 - vi. Bonds,
 - vii. Copy of Additional Insureds,
 - viii. WorkSafe BC Certificate,
 - ix. Baseline Schedule, and
 - x. RMOW Business License.
- e. Form of Agreement:
 - i. Schedule 1, Schedule of Contract Documents, and
 - ii. Schedule 2, List of Contract Documents.
- f. Supplemental General Conditions Part I Issued by MMCD.
- g. Supplemental General Conditions Part II Project Specific.
- h. Supplemental Standard Detail Drawings Part I Issued by MMCD (Not Used).
- i. Supplemental Specifications Part I Issued by MMCD.
- j. Supplemental Specifications Part II Project Specific.
 - i. Division 3: Concrete Repair
 - 03 01 37 Concrete Restoration.
 - ii. Division 46: Water and Wastewater Equipment:
 - 46 43 11 Primary Sedimentation Tank Equipment.
- k. Supplemental Specifications Part III Payment.
- I. Attachments:
 - i. Attachment A Available Record Drawings,
 - ii. Attachment B Issue for Tender Drawings,
 - iii. Attachment C Concrete Restoration Products,
 - iv. Attachment D Safe Work Entry Procedures,
 - v. Attachment F PST Access Stairs Drawings, and
 - vi. Attachment F Concrete Inspection Report.



- 2. Standard Documents not included but referred to as part of the Tender Documents (available in the 'MMCD – General Conditions, Specifications and Standard Detail Drawings').
 - a. Instructions to Tenderers Part II.
 - b. General Conditions.
 - c. Standard Specifications.
 - d. Standard Detail Drawings.

Invitation to Tender

Mootor Municipal	INVITATION TO TENDER
Specifications	Resort Municipality of Whistler Page 1
2019 Edition	Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades
	Kel. E-40103
Owner:	Resort Municipality of Whistler
	(Name of Owner)
Contract:	Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades
Deference No :	(Title of Contract)
Reference No	(Owner's Contract Reference Number)
The Owner invites	The Project Scope of Work includes:
tenders for:	a) Detailed work plan and schedule.
	b) Upgrading equipment in four Primary Sedimentation Tanks (PST) including chain and flight scraper mechanism, scum trough and finger baffles, and restoring concrete.
	An outline of the scope of work is listed below (for details see Bill of Materials in the drawing package):
	1) PST-1
	Longitudinal Collectors:
	 Removal and replacement of drive gearbox, head shaft wall bearing (bousing and inserts), unused grease tubing on idler shaft wall bearings.
	and flight return rails. Reuse all shafts.
	Cross Collectors:
	Removal and replacement of drive (480 V motor and gearbox), unused
	grease tubing on idler shaft wall bearings, and floor rail system. Reuse all
	Miscellaneous:
	• Removal and replacement of finger baffles, rotating scum trough pipe c/w
	drive mechanism, and
	 PST-1 tank concrete restoration (optional).
	2) PS1-2 Longitudinal Collectors:
	 Removal and replacement of drive (480 V motor and gearbox), unused
	grease tubing on idler shaft wall bearings, and flight return rails. Reuse all
	shafts.
	Removal and replacement of drive (480 V motor and dearbox) unused
	grease tubing on idler shaft wall bearings, and floor rail system. Reuse all
	shafts.
	Miscellaneous:
	 Removal and replacement of finger baffles, rotating scum trough pipe c/w drive mechanism
	 PST-2 tank concrete restoration (optional) and
	 PST-2 concrete joint repair.
	3) PST-3
	Longitudinal Collectors:
	 Complete removal and replacement of the mechanical system and the drive (480 V motor and gearbox). Reuse all shafts
	Cross Collectors:
	 Complete removal and replacement of the mechanical system and the
	drive (480 V motor and gearbox). Reuse all shafts.

KERR WOOD LEIDAL

- Removal and replacement of finger baffles, scum trough and drive mechanism, and
- Facilitate tank concrete inspection.

4) PST-4

Longitudinal Collectors:

• Complete removal and replacement of the mechanical system and the drive (480 V motor and gearbox). Reuse all shafts.

Cross Collectors:

• Complete removal and replacement of the mechanical system and the drive (480 V motor and gearbox). Reuse all shafts.

Miscellaneous:

- Removal and replacement of finger baffles, scum trough and drive mechanism,
- Facilitate tank concrete inspection.

c) Disposal of removed equipment and materials at a registered solid waste facility.

d) Owner supplied equipment: none.

e) Installation of equipment related to PSTs.

f) Testing and commissioning of all electro-mechanical equipment in all four PSTs, including testing of limit switches and motor hand off auto switches, for four fully functional primary treatment systems.

g) Site visit by manufacturer's representative for commissioning of all four PSTs and Operator training.

h) Construction must be complete by substantial performance date identified in the Invitation to Tender.

i) All spaces below walkway elevation are confined spaces, with entry permitted through use of a custom staircase, of which there is only one, to declassify the space. The Contractor must follow the RMOW–prepared WorkSafe BC approved entry plans while working in these spaces and conform to WorkSafe BC requirements.

j) Clean up and restoration of all temporary work to original or better condition.

k) Track all fuel consumption and provide to Contract Administrator monthly.

Contract Documents are available at	Tender documents are available online at BC Bid (<u>https://www.bcbid.gov.bc.ca/</u>), and Resort Municipality of Whistler's opportunities webpage (<u>https://www.whistler.ca/business/doing-business/bidAuigus-opportunities</u>). Tenderers are advised to check regularly for addenda and updates. It is the Tenderer's responsibility to ensure that all issued addenda are included in the tender.
Key Dates and Times: (All Times Local)	Tender Site Meeting (Mandatory)*: Monday, January 20, 2025 at 10:00 a.m. Tender Enquiries Deadline: Monday, January 27, 2025 at 2:00 p.m. Tender Closing: Monday, February 03, 2025 at 2:00 p.m. Assumed Notice to Proceed:Friday, March 14, 2025 Substantial Performance:Monday, August 31, 2026

*Refer to Instructions to Tenderers 4.6.1 for details on the site visit.



Master Municipal Specifications 2019 Edition	INVITATION TO TENDER Resort Municipality of Whistler Page 3 Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades Ref. E-40103
Tenders will be received at:	Sealed tenders clearly marked: Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades Reference No.
	will be received at: Attn: Michelle Blattner, Supervisor, Infrastructure Projects Resort Municipality of Whistler 4325 Blackcomb Way Whistler, BC V8E 0X5
Bid Security:	Each tender must be accompanied by a Bid Security conforming to MMCD Platinum Edition <i>Instructions to Tenderers – Part II</i> in the amount of 10% of the tendered price.
Owner's Representative:	For more information, please contact:
	Kerr Wood Leidal Associates Ltd. 300 – 4185A Still Creek Drive Burnaby, BC V5C 6G9 Phone: 778-270-9412 Fax: N/A Attn.: Paul Markin, P.L.Eng., M.A.Sc.



Instructions to Tenderers

(FOR USE WHEN UNIT PRICES FORM THE BASIS OF PAYMENT TO BE USED ONLY WITH THE GENERAL CONDITIONS AND OTHER STANDARD DOCUMENTS OF THE UNIT PRICE MASTER MUNICIPAL CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS.)

(To be read with *Instructions to Tenderers – Part II* contained in the edition of the publication *Master Municipal Construction Documents* specified in Article 2.2 below)

Owner:	Resort Municipality of Whistler (Name of Owner)					
Contract:	Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades (Title of Contract)					
Reference No.:	(Owner's Contract Reference Number)					
1.0 Introduction	1.1 These Instructions apply to and govern the preparation of tenders for this <i>Contract</i> . The <i>Contract</i> is generally for the following work:					



The Project Scope of Work includes:

a) Detailed work plan and schedule.

b) Upgrading equipment in four Primary Sedimentation Tanks (PST) including chain and flight scraper mechanism, scum trough and finger baffles, and restoring concrete.

An outline of the scope of work is listed below (for details see Bill of Materials in the drawing package):

1) PST-1

Longitudinal Collectors:

 Removal and replacement of drive gearbox, head shaft wall bearing (housing and inserts), unused grease tubing on idler shaft wall bearings, and flight return rails. Reuse all shafts.

Cross Collectors:

• Removal and replacement of drive (480 V motor and gearbox), unused grease tubing on idler shaft wall bearings, and floor rail system. Reuse all shafts.

Miscellaneous:

- Removal and replacement of finger baffles, rotating scum trough pipe c/w drive mechanism, and
- PST-1 tank concrete restoration (optional).

2) PST-2

Longitudinal Collectors:

• Removal and replacement of drive (480 V motor and gearbox), unused grease tubing on idler shaft wall bearings, and flight return rails. Reuse all shafts.

Cross Collectors:

 Removal and replacement of drive (480 V motor and gearbox), unused grease tubing on idler shaft wall bearings, and floor rail system. Reuse all shafts.

Miscellaneous:

- Removal and replacement of finger baffles, rotating scum trough pipe c/w drive mechanism,
- PST-2 tank concrete restoration (optional), and
- PST-2 concrete joint repair.

3) PST-3

Longitudinal Collectors:

• Complete removal and replacement of the mechanical system and the drive (480 V motor and gearbox). Reuse all shafts.

Cross Collectors:

• Complete removal and replacement of the mechanical system and the drive (480 V motor and gearbox). Reuse all shafts.

Miscellaneous:

- Removal and replacement of finger baffles, scum trough and drive mechanism, and
- Facilitate tank concrete inspection.

4) PST-4

Longitudinal Collectors:

• Complete removal and replacement of the mechanical system and the drive (480 V motor and gearbox). Reuse all shafts.

Cross Collectors:



• Complete removal and replacement of the mechanical system and the drive (480 V motor and gearbox). Reuse all shafts.

Miscellaneous:

- Removal and replacement of finger baffles, scum trough and drive mechanism,
- Facilitate tank concrete inspection.

c) Disposal of removed equipment and materials at a registered solid waste facility.

d) Owner supplied equipment: none.

e) Installation of equipment related to PSTs.

f) Testing and commissioning of all electro-mechanical equipment in all four PSTs, including testing of limit switches and motor hand off auto switches, for four fully functional primary treatment systems.

g) Site visit by manufacturer's representative for commissioning of all four PSTs and Operator training.

h) Construction must be complete by substantial performance date identified in the Invitation to Tender.

i) All spaces below walkway elevation are confined spaces, with entry permitted through use of a custom staircase, of which there is only one, to declassify the space. The Contractor must follow the RMOW–prepared WorkSafe BC approved entry plans while working in these spaces and conform to WorkSafe BC requirements.

j) Clean up and restoration of all temporary work to original or better condition.

k) Track all fuel consumption and provide to Contract Administrator monthly.

- 1.2 The Contractor may wish, upon approval from the Owner, to employ alternate methods of construction for this project.
- 1.3 Direct all technical inquiries regarding the Contract to the Contract Administrator:

Paul Markin, P.L.Eng., M.A.Sc. **Kerr Wood Leidal Associates Ltd.** 300 – 4185A Still Creek Drive Burnaby, BC V5C 6G9 Phone: 778-270-9412 Email: PMarkin@kwl.ca

1.4 Direct all general enquiries regarding the Contract to:

Michelle Blattner, Supervisor, Infrastructure Projects Resort Municipality of Whistler 4325 Blackcomb Way Whistler, BC V8E 0X5 Phone: 604-366-1015 Email: Mblattner@whistler.ca



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2.0 Tender Do	ocuments 2.1	The tender documents which a tenderer should review to prepare a tender consist of all of the <i>Contract Documents</i> listed in Schedule 1 entitled "Schedule of Contract Documents". Schedule 1 is attached to the Agreement which is included as part of the tender package. The <i>Contract Documents</i> include the drawings listed in Schedule 2 to the Agreement, entitled "List of <i>Contract Drawings</i> ".
	2.2	A portion of the <i>Contract Documents</i> are included by reference. Copies of these documents have not been included with the tender package. These documents are the Instructions to Tenderers - Part II, General Conditions, Specifications and Standard Detail Drawings. They are those contained in the publication entitled 'Master Municipal Construction Documents - General Conditions, Specifications and Standard Detail Drawings'. Refer to Schedule 1 to the Agreement or, if not specified in Schedule 1, then the applicable edition shall be the most recent edition as of the date of the <i>Tender Closing Date</i> . All sections of this publication are by reference included in the <i>Contract Documents</i> .
	2.3	Any additional information made available to tenderers prior to the <i>Tender Closing Time</i> by the <i>Owner</i> or representative of the <i>Owner</i> , such as geotechnical reports or as-built plans, which is not expressly included in Schedule 1 or Schedule 2 to the Agreement, is not included in the <i>Contract Documents</i> . Such additional information is made available only for the assistance of tenderers who must make their own judgment about its reliability, accuracy, completeness, and relevance to the <i>Contract</i> , and neither the <i>Owner</i> nor any representative of the <i>Owner</i> gives any guarantee or representation that the additional information is reliable, accurate, complete or relevant.
3.0 Submissio	on of 3.1	Tenders must be submitted electronically to:
Tenders		Email: engineerbids@whistler.ca Tender Title: Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades Reference No. E-40103
		on or before:
		Tender Closing Time: 2:00 pm
		Tender Closing Date: Monday, February 03, 2025
	3.2	Time stamp on the received email will determine if the tender was received on time. Late tenders will not be accepted.
	3.3	The email submission should indicate the Tender Title and Project Reference No. in the subject line and the full legal name of the Tenderer in the body of the email.
	3.4	Tenderers should note that the maximum acceptable email size is 8 MB. If greater than 8 MB, Tenderers should email bids in multiple emails. If sending in multiple emails, each email should indicate the total number of emails that are being sent. All emails must be received prior to the

address of the respondent.

submission deadline. Responses are to be prominently marked with the Tender Title and Project Reference, and the full legal name and return

- 4.0 Additional 4.1 Award Instructions to The Owner will, following receipt of an acceptable tender, issue Tenderers 4.1.1 in writing a Notice of Award to the successful Tenderer. This notice will be given as soon as possible following the closing of tenders and, unless otherwise agreed to by the Tender, not later than sixty 60 days following the closing of tenders. 4.2 Hours of Work 4.2.1 The hours of work for all project sections must not extend beyond: 0700 h and 1700 h, inclusive, daily for the construction period. The Contractor shall schedule their work within these hours and will not be permitted to commence work earlier than 0700 h and/or work later than 1700 h for the construction period, except as authorized by the Contract Administrator. Work on Saturdays and Sundays is permitted. No work on statutory Holidays will be permitted except in case of emergency and then only with written permission of the Contract Administrator and to such extent as they deem it necessary. The Owner reserves the right to not allow any work to be undertaken on Statutory Holidays. 4.3 **Budget Constraints** 4.3.1 Depending on the available funds to complete the capital works program, the scope of work may be decreased due to budget constraints. The Owner reserves the right to reduce or remove projects based on available funds. 4.4 Amendment of Tenders 4.4.1 Fax amendments will not be accepted. Instructions to Tenderers - Part II, Section 12.0 Amendment of Tenders, paragraph 12.1 currently allows for fax delivery which will not be accepted in this case. Instead, tenderers are required to submit email amendments to the following (written notice delivered by hand and mail are still acceptable): Paul Markin, P.L.Eng., M.A.Sc. PMarkin@kwl.ca 4.4.2 All amendments submitted by email shall meet all requirements detailed in GC12 -- Amendment of Tenders, paragraphs 12.1 thorough 12.5 for faxed, mailed, or hand-delivered modifications.
 - 4.5 Approved Equals



- 4.5.1 Contractor may request the Owner to approve alternate materials, products or equipment ("Approved Equals") for items indicated in the Contractor documents, provided such Approved Equals comply in all respects with the applicable Specifications. Applications for Approved Equals must be in writing and supported by appropriate supporting information, data, specifications and documentation. The Owner is not obligated to review or accept any applications for an Approved Equal and may decide to accept an application for an Approved Equal in its sole discretion.
- 4.6 Mandatory Tender Site Meeting
 - 4.6.1 Contractors must attend the tender site meeting. See Key Dates and Times in the Invitation to Tender for details. Contractors will be required to follow all guidelines and best practices put forward by the Government of BC and WorkSafeBC.
- 4.7 Owner's Privilege
 - 4.7.1 Depending on the available funds to complete the work program, the scope of the work may be decreased due to budget constraints. The Owner reserves the right to reduce or remove projects based on available funds. This clause does not waive owner privileges noted under Instructions to Tenderers – Part II, Section 15.1.
- 4.8 Appendices
 - 4.8.1 Contractor to fill out and return all appendices provided in the Form of Tender.



Form of Tender

FOR USE WHEN UNIT PRICES FORM THE BASIS OF PAYMENT. TO BE USED ONLY WITH THE GENERAL CONDITIONS AND OTHER STAND DOCUMENTS OF THE UNIT PRICE MASTER MUNICIPAL CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS.

Owner:	Resort Municipality of Whistler						
Contract:	Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades						
Reference No.:	(Oursel's Contract Deferences Number)						
To Owner							
WE, THE UNDERSIGNED	1.1	have received and carefully reviewed all of the <i>Contract Documents</i> , including the Instructions to Tenderers, the specified edition of the "Master Municipal Construction Documents - General Conditions, Specifications and Standard Detail Drawings" and the following Addenda:					
	•	(Addenda if					
	1.2	have full	knowledge of the Place of the Work, and the Work required; and				
	1.3	have con	nplied with the Instructions to Tenderers.				
ACCORDINGLY, WE HEREBY OFFER	2.1	to perform and complete all of the <i>Work</i> and to provide all the labour, equipment, and material all as set out in the <i>Contract Documents</i> , in str compliance with the <i>Contract Documents</i> ; and					
	2.2	to achiev Substant 'Invitatior	e Substantial Performance of the Work on or before the date of ial Performance as stated under 'Key Dates and Times' on the n to Tender				
	2.3	Work for the price, which is the sum of the products of the antities incorporated into the Work and the appropriate unit t out in Appendix 1, the "Schedule of Quantities and Prices", lump sums or specific prices and adjustment amounts as by the Contract Documents. For the purposes of tender on, our offer is to complete the Work for the "Tender Price" as n Appendix 1 of this Form of Tender. Our Tender Price is based timated quantities listed in the Schedule of Quantities and ad excludes GST.					
WE CONFIRM	3.1	that we understand and agree that the quantities as listed in the <i>Schedule</i> of <i>Quantities and Prices</i> are estimated, and that the actual quantities will vary.					
WE CONFIRM	4.1	that the following appendices are attached to and form a part of this tender:					
		4.1.1 ti te	he appendices as required by paragraph 5.3 of the Instructions o Tenderers - Part II; and				
		4.1.2 tl	he <i>Bid Security</i> as required by paragraph 5.2 of the Instructions o Tenderers - Part II.				
		4.1.3 T F	The <i>Consent of Security</i> – Performance, Labour and Materials Payment filled and signed.				



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WE AGREE	5.1	that thi for a p Closing by the ("Notic	vill be irrevocable and open for acceptance by the Own calendar days from the day following the Tender I Time, even if the tender of another tenderer is accept within this period the Owner delivers a written notice d") by which the Owner accepts our tender we will:	ier ted	
		5.1.1	within 15 the <i>Own</i>	Days of receipt of the written <i>Notice of Award</i> deliver er:	to
			5.1.1.1	a Performance Bond and a Labour and Material Payment Bond, each in the amount of 50% of the <i>Contract Price</i> , covering the performance of the <i>Work</i> including the <i>Contractor's</i> obligations during the <i>Maintenance Period</i> , issued by a surety licensed to carry on the business of suretyship in the province of British Columbia, and in a form acceptable to the <i>Owner</i> ;	k f
			5.1.1.2	a <i>Baseline Construction Schedule</i> , as provided by Ge 4.6.1;	С
			5.1.1.3	a 'clearance letter' indicating that the tenderer is in WCB compliance;	
			5.1.1.4	a copy of the insurance policies as specified in GC 2 and any Supplementary GCs indicating that all such insurance coverage is in place and; and	4
			5.1.1.5	a business licence valid within the Resort Municipalit of Whistler.	y
		5.1.2	within 2 longer tir <i>Proceed</i>	Days of receipt of written " <i>Notice to Proceed</i> ", or such ne as may be otherwise specified in the <i>Notice to</i> , commence the <i>Work</i> ; and	
		5.1.3	sign the	Contract Documents as required by GC 2.1.2.	
WE AGREE	6.1	that, if paragr	we receive aph 5 of th	e written <i>Notice of Award</i> of this <i>Contract</i> and, contrary iis Form of Tender, we:	∕ to
		6.1.1	fail or ref 5.1.1 of t	use to deliver the documents as specified by paragrap his Form of Tender; or	h
		6.1.2	fail or ref Proceed refusal b written n further a suffered Security the lesse	use to commence the <i>Work</i> as required by the <i>Notice</i> , <u>then such failure or refusal will be deemed to be a</u> <u>y us to enter into the <i>Contract</i> and the <i>Owner</i> may, on otice to us, award the <i>Contract</i> to another party. We gree that, as full compensation on account of damages by the <i>Owner</i> because of such failure or refusal, the <i>B</i> shall be forfeited to the <i>Owner</i>, in an amount equal to er of:</u>	to s Sid
		6.1.3	the face	value of the <i>Bid Security</i> ; and	
		6.1.4 the amount by which our <i>Tender Price</i> is less than the amoun which the <i>Owner</i> contracts with another party to perform the <i>Work</i> .			



OUR ADDRESS IS AS FOLLOWS

Phone: Fax: Attn.:			
This Ten	der is executed this	day of	, 2025.
(Full legal na	ame of corporation, partnership or	r individual)	

(Authorized Signatory)

(Authorized Signatory)



FORM OF TENDER
APPENDIX 1
Resort Municipality of Whistler
Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades
Ref. E-40103

Schedule of Quantities and Prices (See Paragraph 5.3.2 of the *Instructions to Tenderers – Part II*)

(All prices and Quotations including the Contract Price shall not include GST. GST shall be shown separately.)

Refer to Supplemental Specification Part III for descriptions of all payment items.							
Section	Description		Est. Qty	Unit Price (\$)	Total(\$)		
Division 1	General Requirements						
01 33 01	Project Record Documents				Incidental		
01 42 00	Reference Specifications				Incidental		
01 51 01	Temporary Utilities and Lighting				Incidental		
01 52 01	Temporary Structures				Incidental		
01 57 01	Environmental Protection				Incidental		
PST-1							
Division 4	6 Wastewater Equipment						
46 43 11	Installation of All Mechanical Components for PST-1	LS	100%				
46 43 11	Testing and Commissioning of PST-1 Work	LS	100%				
PST-2							
Division 0	3 Concrete						
03 01 37	Restoration of Joint Seal	m	14				
Division 4	6 Wastewater Equipment						
46 43 11	Installation of All Mechanical Components for PST-2	LS	100%				
46 43 11	Testing and Commissioning of PST-2 Work	LS	100%				
PST-3							
Division 4	6 Wastewater Equipment						
46 43 11	Installation of All Mechanical Components for PST-3	LS	100%				
46 43 11	Testing and Commissioning of PST-3 Work	LS	100%				
PST-4							
Division 4	6 Wastewater Equipment						
46 43 11	Installation of All Mechanical Components for PST-4	LS	100%				
46 43 11	Testing and Commissioning of PST-4 Work	LS	100%				



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FORM OF TENDER
APPENDIX 1
Resort Municipality of Whistler
Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades
Ref. E-40103

Schedule of Quantities and Prices (See Paragraph 5.3.2 of the *Instructions to Tenderers – Part II*)

(All prices and Quotations including the Contract Price shall not include GST. GST shall be shown separately.)

Optional Work Items							
Division 0	Division 03 Concrete						
03 01 37	PST-1 and PST-2 Concrete Surface Preparation	m	100				
03 01 37	, PST-1 and PST-2 Concrete Restoration of Cracks, Erosion and Gravel Seams		100				
Division 4	6 Wastewater Equipment						
46 43 11	Spare Equipment	LS	100%				
	Su						



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	FORM OF TENDER	
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Preliminary Construction Schedule (See Paragraph 5.3.2 of the *Instructions to Tenderers – Part II*)

		Contractor Proposed Schedule																				
		Weeks																				
Activity	1		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11				19	20		24	26		30	32
Phase I								_														
Notice to Proceed																						
Shop Drawings																						
Equipment Delivery																						
PST-1 Opt. Concrete Restoration																						
PST-1 Mechanical Work																						
PST 1 Recommissioning																						
PST-2 Opt. Concrete Restoration																						
PST-2 Mechanical Work																						
PST-2 Recommissioning																						
PST-3 and PST-4 Concrete Inspections																						



Tenderer's Initials_____

	FORM OF TENDER	
Master Municipal	APPENDIX 2	
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Preliminary Construction Schedule (See Paragraph 5.3.2 of the *Instructions to Tenderers – Part II*)

		Contractor Proposed Schedule															
		Weeks															
Activity	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78
Phase II																	
PST-3 Mechanical Work																	
PST-3 Recommissioning																	
PST-4 Mechanical Work																	
PST-4 Recommissioning																	
Substantial Performance Monday, August 31, 2026																	



Master Municipal
Specifications
2019 Edition

FORM OF TENDER APPENDIX 3 Resort Municipality of Whistler Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades Ref. E-40103

Experience of Superintendent (See Paragraph 5.3.3 of the *Instructions to Tenderers – Part II*)

Name	
Experience	
Dates:	
Project Name:	
Responsibilities:	
References:	
Dates:	
Project Name:	
Responsibilities:	
References:	
Dates:	
Project Name:	
Responsibilities:	
References:	



FORM OF TENDER APPENDIX 4 Resort Municipality of Whistler Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades Ref. E-40103

Comparable Work Experience (See Paragraph 5.3.5 of the *Instructions to Tenderers – Part II*)

Project	Owner/ Contact Name	Phone Number and Email	Work Description	Value (\$)

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FORM OF TENDER APPENDIX 5 Resort Municipality of Whistler Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades Ref. E-40103

Subcontractors (See Paragraph 5.3.5 of the *Instructions to Tenderers – Part II*)

Tender Item	Trade / Equipment	Subcontractor / Supplier	Phone Number and Email								
46 43 11	Mechanical Trades										
46 43 11	Electrical Trades										
03 01 37	Concrete Restoration										
	Chain and Flight Equipment										
40.40.44	Provide chain resin type:										
40 43 11	Provide drive chain stretch as % of length under working load:										
	Provide collector chain stretch as % of length under working load:										
46 43 11	Scum Troughs										
46 43 11	Finger Baffles										
46 43 11	Motors and Drives										

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Agreement

(FOR USE WHEN UNIT PRICES FORM THE BASIS OF PAYMENT TO BE USED ONLY WITH THE GENERAL CONDITIONS AND OTHER STANDARD DOCUMENTS OF THE UNIT PRICE MASTER MUNICIPAL CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS.)

BETWEEN OWNER AND CONTRACTOR

Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades

This agreement made in duplicate this _____ day of _____, 2025.

Contract:

Reference No.:

(Owner's Contract Reference Number)

BETWEEN

(Title of Contract)

Resort Municipality of Whistler (Name of Owner)

(the 'Owner')

AND

(Name and Office Address of Contractor)

(the 'Contractor')

The Owner and the Contractor agree as follows:

Article 1 The Work Start / Completion Dates	1.1	The Contractor shall perform all Work and provide all labour, equipment and material and do all things strictly as required by the Contract Documents.
	1.2	The Contractor shall commence the Work in accordance with the Notice to Proceed. The Contractor shall proceed with the Work diligently, shall perform the Work generally in accordance with the construction Schedules as required by the Contract Documents and will achieve Substantial Performance of the Work on or before the date as noted in the Invitation to Tender under Key Dates and Times, subject to the provisions of the Contract Documents for adjustments to the Contract Time.

1.3 Time shall be of the essence of the Contract.



Master Municipal Specifications 2019 Edition			FORM OF AGREEMENT Resort Municipality of Whistler Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades Ref. E-40103	Page 2
Article 2 Contract Documents	2.1	The C Sched forms ameno Contra Contra	ontract Documents consist of the documents listed or referred lule 1 - Schedule of Contract Documents, which is attached ar a part of this Agreement and includes any and all additional a ding documents issued in accordance with the provisions of th act Documents. All the Contract Documents shall constitute th act between the Owner and the Contractor.	l to in nd nd e e entire
	2.2	The C agreei only ir	ontract supersedes all prior negotiations, representations, or ments, whether written or oral, and the Contract may be amer a strict accordance with the provisions of the Contract Docume	ided ents.
Article 3 Contract Price	3.1	The pi dollars	rice for the Work (Contract Price) shall be the sum in Canadia s of the following:	n
		3.1.1	the product of the actual quantities of the items of Work liste Schedule of Quantities and Prices which are incorporated ir made necessary by the Work and the unit prices listed in the Schedule of Quantities and Prices; plus	ed in the nto or e
		3.1.2	all lump sums, if any, as listed in the Schedule of Quantities Prices, for items relating to or incorporated into the Work; pl	and lus
		3.1.3	any adjustments, including any payments owing because of Changes and agreed to Extra Work, approved in accordanc the provisions of the Contract Documents.	f e with
	3.2	The C Contra profit a financ perfor	ontract Price shall be the entire compensation owing to the actor for the Work and this compensation shall cover and inclu and all costs of supervision, labour, material, equipment, overl ing, and all other costs and expenses whatsoever incurred in ming the Work.	ıde all head,
Article 4 Payment	4.1	Subje Docur	ct to applicable legislation and the provisions of the Contract nents, the Owner shall make payments to the Contractor.	
	4.2	lf the c in accu calcula Royal payab unpaio	Owner fails to make payments to the Contractor as they become ordance with the terms of the Contract Documents, then inter- ated at 2% per annum over the prime commercial lending rate Bank of Canada on such unpaid amounts shall also become le until payment. Such interest shall be calculated and added a amounts monthly.	me due est of the due and to any
Article 5 Rights and Remedies	5.1	The di rights limitati or ava	uties and obligations imposed by the Contract Documents and and remedies available thereunder shall be in addition to and ion of any duties, obligations, rights, and remedies otherwise i ilable by law.	l the not a mposed
	5.2	Excep failure consti Contra or acq	t as specifically set out in the Contract Documents, no action to act by the Owner, Contract Administrator or Contractor sha tute a waiver of any of the parties' rights or duties afforded un- act, nor shall any such action or failure to act constitute an app uiescence in any breach under the Contract.	or all der the proval of
Article 6 Notices	6.1	Comm Contra Docur mail to	nunications among the Owner, the Contract Administrator, and actor, including all written notices required by the Contract nents, may be delivered by hand, or by fax, or by pre-paid reg o the addresses as set out below:	l the istered

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Page 3

The (Owner	
	Resor	t Municipality of Whistler
	4325 E	Blackcomb Way
	Whistl	er, BC V8E 0X5
	Fax:	<u>N/A</u>
	Attn.:	Michelle Blattner, Supervisor, Infrastructure Projects
The (Contracto	r.
	Fax:	
	Attn.:	
The (Contract	Administrator
THE C	Kerr W	Vood Leidal Associates Ltd
	300 - 4	4185A Still Creek Drive
	Burna	by, BC V5C 6G9
	Fax:	N/A
	Attn.:	Paul Markin, P.L.Eng., M.A.Sc.
6.2	A com to have	munication or Notice that is addressed as above shall be considered been received:
	6.2.1	immediately upon delivery, if delivered by hand; or
	6.2.2	immediately upon transmission if sent by fax and received in hard copy; or
	6.2.3	after 5 days from date of posting if sent by registered mail.
6.3	The Ov giving the Co will giv	wner or the Contractor may, at any time, change its address by written notice to the other at the address then applicable. Similarly, if ntract Administrator changes its address for notice, then the Owner e or cause to be given written notice to the Contractor.
6.4	The se hard co	nder of a notice by fax assumes all risk that the fax is received in opy.
7.1	This C	ontract shall be construed according to the laws of British Columbia.

7.2 The Contractor shall not, without the express written consent of the Owner, assign this Contract, or any portion of this Contract.

- 7.3 The headings included in the Contract Documents are for convenience only and do not form part of this Contract and will not be used to interpret, define, or limit the scope or intent of this Contract or any of the provisions of the Contract Documents.
- 7.4 A word in the Contract Documents in the singular includes the plural and, in each case, vice versa.
- 7.5 This agreement shall ensure to the benefit of and be binding upon the parties and their successors, executors, administrators, and assigns.



Article 7 General IN WITNESS WHEREOF the parties hereto have executed this Agreement the day and year first written above.

Contractor:

(Full legal name of corporation, partnership or individual)

(Authorized Signatory)

(Authorized Signatory)

Owner:

Resort Municipality of Whistler

(Full legal name of corporation, partnership or individual)

(Authorized Signatory)

(Authorized Signatory)



(INCLUDE IN LIST ALL DOCUMENTS INCLUDING, IF ANY, SUPPLEMENTARY GENERAL CONDITIONS, SUPPLEMENTARY SPECIFICATIONS, SUPPLEMENTARY STANDARD DETAIL DRAWINGS.)

Schedule 1 Schedule of Contract Documents	The following is an exact and complete list of the Contract Documents, as referred to in Article 2.1 of the Agreement.
	NOTE: The documents noted with '*' are contained in the ' <u>Master Municipal</u> <u>Construction Documents – General Conditions, Specifications, and Standard Detail</u> <u>Drawings'</u> , Edition dated 2019. All sections of this publication are included in the Contract Documents.
	 a) Agreement, including all Schedules; b) Invitation to Tender; c) Instructions to Tenderer – Part I d) Instructions to Tenderer – Part II*; e) Form of Tender; f) Form of Agreement; g) Supplemental General Conditions, Part I – Issued by MMCD*; h) Supplemental General Conditions, Part II – Project Specific; i) General Conditions*; j) Supplemental Specifications, Part II – Project Specific; o Division 3: Concrete Repair 03 01 37 – Concrete Restoration o Division 46: Water and Wastewater Equipment 46 43 11 – Primary Sedimentation Tank Equipment I) Supplemental Specifications, Part III – Payment m) Specifications*; n) Standard Detail Drawings – Issued by MMCD* (Not Used); o Attachment A – Available Record Drawings p) Attachment B – Issue for Tender Drawings q) Attachment C – Concrete Restoration Products r) Attachment E – PST Access Stair Drawings t) Attachment F – Concrete Inspection Report u) The following Addenda:

(Addenda, if any)



FORM OF AGREEMENT Resort Municipality of Whistler Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades Ref. E-40103

(COMPLETE LISTING OF ALL DRAWINGS, PLANS AND SKETCHES WHICH ARE TO FORM A PART OF THE CONTRACT, OTHER THAN STANDARD DETAIL DRAWINGS AND SUPPLEMENTARY STANDARD DETAIL DRAWINGS.)

Schedule 2 List of Contract Drawings

Drawing No.	Title	Rev. No.
G-001	LOCATION PLAN AND DRAWING LIST	0
G-002	PST BUILDING ACCESS	0
M-101	PST-1 PLAN	0
M-102	PST-1 PROFILE	0
M-201	PST-2 PLAN	0
M-202	PST-2 PROFILE	0
M-301	PST-3 PLAN	0
M-302	PST-3 PROFILE	0
M-401	PST-4 PLAN	0
M-402	PST-4 PROFILE	0
M-501	SECTIONS	0
M-502	BILL OF MATERIALS	0



Supplemental General Conditions Part I – Issued by MMCD

Master Municipal Specifications 2019 Edition

Supplemental updates are MMCD issued updates. A complete list of all the Supplemental General Conditions describing each change is not included in this document; however, detailed descriptions can be found on the MMCD website. Bidders are deemed to have visited the MMCD website and have reviewed and understand the Supplemental Updates. It is the Contractor's responsibility to ensure they are aware of all supplemental updates issued by MMCD at time of tender. Any supplemental update issued prior to tender close shall form part of the Contract Documents.

Supplemental General Conditions Part II – Project Specific

SUPPLEMENTAL GENERAL CONDITIONS PART II – PROJECT SPECIFIC Resort Municipality of Whistler Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades Ref. E-40103

0			
General Condition:	GC 2.2.4S – Interpretation		
Affected Document(s):	Volume II	Affected Document(s):	Volume II
Section:	General Conditions	Section:	General Conditions
Change Summary:	Revise order of precedence for Contract Documents.		
	If there is any inconsistency or conflict between the provisions of the Contract Documents, then:		
Currently:	 (1) the Contract Documents shall govern and take precedence in the following order with the Agreement taking precedence over all other Contract Documents: (a) Agreement (b) Addenda (c) Supplemental General Conditions (d) General Conditions (e) Supplemental Specifications (f) Specifications (g) Drawings listed in Schedule 2 to the Agreement (h) Supplemental Detail Drawings (i) Standard Detail Drawings (j) Executed Form of Tender (k) Instructions to Tenderers (l) All other Contract Documents 		
Should Be:	 If there is any inconsistency or conflict between the provisions of the Contract Documents, then: (1) the Contract Documents shall govern and take precedence in the following order with the Agreement taking precedence over all other Contract Documents: (a) Agreement (b) Addenda (c) Supplemental General Conditions Part II – Project Specific (d) Supplemental General Conditions Part II – Project Specific (e) General Conditions (f) Supplemental Specifications Part III – Payment (g) Supplemental Specifications Part II – Project Specific (h) Supplemental Specifications Part II – Project Specific (h) Supplemental Specifications Part II – Project Specific (j) Drawings listed in Schedule 2 to the Agreement (k) Supplemental Standard Detail Drawings Part II – Project Specific (i) Supplemental Standard Detail Drawings Part I – Issued by MMCD (m) Standard Detail Drawings (n) Executed Form of Tender (o) Instructions to Tenderers 		



Page 1
Supplementary Specification:	Specification GC 4.2 – Safety		
Affected Document(s):	Volume II	Change Type:	Addition
Section:	General Conditions	Reference:	4.2
Currently:	 4.2 (1) 4.2.1 The <i>Contractor</i> shall be solely responsible for construction safety at the Place of the Work as and to the extent required by applicable construction safe legislation, regulations and codes, including the Workers Compensation Act an applicable regulations, and by good construction practice. 		
Addition:	 (2) 4.2.2 The <i>Contractor</i> shall be responsible for meeting all WorkSafeBC regulations including but not limited to: a. OHS Regulation Part 9, Section 9.18: Control of Harmful Substance Adjacent Piping. b. OHS Regulation Part 5, Section 5.57: Designated Substances. (3) Plant staff will isolate, drain, lock out and clean the Primary Sedimentation Tanks before handover. (4) <i>Contractor</i> shall collaborate with the <i>Owner</i> on updates to the <i>Owner's</i> Safe Work Entry Procedure (SWEP), which allows declassification of the space through use of one set of prefabricated access stairs. The updated SWEP sl be updated for individual methods and products required to complete the Work and set of prefabrication of prefabrication of the space through use of one set of prefabricated access stairs. The updated SWEP sl be updated for individual methods and products required to complete the Work and set of prefabrication of prefabrication of the space through use of one set of prefabricated access stairs. The updated SWEP sl be updated for individual methods and products required to complete the Work and set of prefabricated access stairs. The updated SWEP sl be updated for individual methods and products required to complete the Work and set of prefabricated access for prefabricated access stairs. The updated SWEP sl be updated for individual methods and products required to complete the Work and set of prefabricated access for prefabricated access for prefabricated access stairs. 		

Supplementary Specification:	Specification GC 13.9 – Liquidated Damages for Late Completion		
Affected Document(s):	Volume II	Change Type:	Addition
Section:	General Conditions	Reference:	13.9
Currently:	 13.9 (1) 13.9.1 If the Contractor f Performance as set out adjusted pursuant to the may deduct from any model a. as a genuine pr Contract Admini- an amount of \$1 that actual Subscience Miles Performance Miles b. all direct out-of-performance Miles b. all direct out-of-performance Miles Deformance Miles Performance Miles Deformance Miles Deform	ails to meet the <i>M</i> in the <i>Form of Ten</i> provisions of the conies owing to the e-estimate of the <i>O</i> <i>istrator</i> and the <i>O</i> <i>istrator</i> and the <i>O</i> <i>istrator</i> and the <i>O</i> <i>istantial Performance</i> <i>ilestone Date</i> ; plus pocket costs, such al, reasonably incu- the <i>Contractor</i> are left under (a) and (b) the <i>Owner</i> , and u <i>inctor</i> to the <i>Owner</i> .	<i>ilestone Date</i> for <i>Substantial</i> <i>ider</i> , paragraph 2.2 as may be <i>Contract Documents</i> , then the <i>Owner</i> <i>Contractor</i> for the <i>Work</i> : <i>Owner's</i> increased costs for the <i>vner's</i> own staff caused by such delay or rata portion for each calendar day ce is achieved after the <i>Substantial</i> as costs for safety, security, or rred by the <i>Owner</i> as a direct result of ess than the total amount owing by the then any shortfall shall immediately, pon <i>Substantial Performance</i> , be due



SUPPLEMENTAL GENERAL CONDITIONS PART II – PROJECT SPECIFIC Resort Municipality of Whistler Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades Ref. E-40103

Supplementary Specification:	Specification GC 25.1 – Correction of Defects			
Affected Document(s):	Volume II	Change Type:	Addition	
Section:	General Conditions	Reference:	25.1	
Currently:	 25.1 (1) 25.1.1 The Contractor sl defects of deficiencies in one year from the date of periods as may be spect Work (the "Maintenance" (2) 25.1.2 During the Mainten representative shall pror defects and deficiencies (3) 25.1.3 The Contractor sl made to the Work pursu 	hall, at the <i>Contrac</i> of the <i>Work</i> that app of <i>Certificate of Sul</i> <i>Period"</i>). <i>Period"</i>). <i>enance Period</i> the mptly give the <i>Con</i> hall correct or pay ant to this GC.	<i>ctor's</i> own expense, promptly correct bear prior to and during the period of <i>bstantial Performance</i> , or such longer <i>ct Documents</i> for certain products or <i>Owner</i> or the <i>Owner's</i> authorized <i>tractor</i> written notice of observed for damage resulting from corrections	
Addition:	(4) Any <i>Owner</i> incurred costs during warranty claims shall be covered by the <i>Contractor</i> .			



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Supplemental Specifications Part I – Issued by MMCD

	SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS	
Master Municipal	PART I – ISSUED BY MMCD	
Specifications	Resort Municipality of Whistler	Page 1
2019 Edition	Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades	-
	Ref. E-40103	

Supplemental updates are MMCD issued updates. A complete list of all the Supplemental Specifications describing each change is not included in this document; however, detailed descriptions can be found on the MMCD website. Bidders are deemed to have visited the MMCD website and have reviewed and understand the Supplemental Updates. It is the Contractor's responsibility to ensure they are aware of all supplemental updates issued by MMCD at time of tender. Any supplemental update issued prior to tender close shall form part of the Contract Documents.



Supplemental Specifications Part II – Project Specific

Division 03: Concrete

03 01 37 - Concrete Restoration

Division 46: Water and Wastewater Equipment

46 43 11 – Primary Sedimentation Tank Equipment

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Part 1 General

1.1 Definition

- .1 Restoration Work shall include the following scope of Work:
 - a. Provide all labour, materials, services, and equipment necessary and reasonable to complete preparations and restoration as set forth in the Contract Drawings and Specifications.
 - b. Restoration Scope shall include:
 - i. Complete concrete joint seal repair in PST-2 continuously along floor and up both walls to 605.200 m elevation (200 mm above peak wet weather flow elevation).
 - ii. *Optional Work*: Restoration of approximately 100 m total of linear concrete deficiencies (cracks, gravel seams and erosion) collectively in PST-1 and PST-2 per the Inspection Report by Metro Testing (Attachment F).
 - iii. Linear deficiencies located variously upon PST-1 and PST-2 floors and walls.
 - c. Surface Preparation:
 - i. Surface preparation to be performed at the PST-2 joint and along linear deficiencies for optional Work unless noted otherwise.
 - ii. Surface Preparation includes surface cleaning, followed by concrete removal to achieve the required concrete surface profile (CSP) according to technical guidelines issued by the International Concrete Repair Institute (ICRI).
 - iii. Alternate surface preparation methods require written approval by the Contract Administrator.
 - iv. Any brush bristles used to remove debris, dirt, deposits, mortar, paste, aggregate or pollutants shall have natural, non-ferrous, or stainless steel bristles.
 - v. Surface preparation, application and curing to be in strict accordance with procedures outlined in the product data sheets and Contract Documents.
 - d. Linear Deficiency Cracks:
 - i. Repair prepared cracks by applying approved crack repair products according to crack width.
 - e. Linear Deficiency Erosion and Gravel Seams:
 - i. Repair prepared concrete by applying listed products which include an epoxy-cement bonding agent, a repair mortar, and an optional accelerant.
 - f. Joint Seal Repair:
 - i. Remove and repair deteriorated joint seal by preparing surfaces and application of multi-layered Combi-Flex tape system.
 - g. If the depth of deficient concrete (erosion, neutralization, seams, cracks or otherwise unsound concrete) is discovered to be 75 mm or more, Contractor to notify Contract Administrator in writing before proceeding.



KERR WOOD LEIDAL

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1.2 References

- .1 ASTM D 4258 Standard Practice for Surface Cleaning Concrete for Coating.
- .2 ASTM D7234 Standard Test Method for Pull-Off Adhesion Strength of Coatings on Concrete Using Portable Pull-Off Adhesion Testers.
- .3 ASTM D4787 Standard Practice for Continuity Verification of Liquid or Sheet Linings Applied to Concrete Substrates.
- .4 CSA A3000 Cementitious Materials Compendium.
- .5 CSA A23.2 6B Determination of Bond Strength of Bonded Toppings and Overlays and of Direct Tensile Strength of Concrete, Mortar, and Grout.
- .6 CSA A23.1-14 Concrete Materials and Methods for Concrete Construction.
- .7 CSA A23.1.2-14 Test Methods and Standard Practices for Concrete.
- .8 CSA A23.4 Precast Concrete Materials and Construction.
- .9 CSA A266.1 Air-Entraining Admixtures for Concrete.
- .10 CSA A266.2 Chemical Admixtures for Concrete.
- .11 ICRI Guideline No. 310.2R-2013 or latest edition.
- .12 SSPC-PA 9 Measurement of Dry Coating Thickness Using Ultrasonic Gages.

1.3 Health and Safety

- .1 The confined spaces of the PST environment are declassified through use of one temporary access stair. Entrance into these declassified spaces is required for the completion of the restoration Work. The Contractor is responsible for following the Safe Work Entry Procedure developed by the Owner (Attachment D) and approved by WorkSafe BC to ensure all Health and Safety requirements are met throughout the duration of construction.
 - a. The Safe Work Entry Procedure calls for use of an Owner supplied temporary access stair for declassification of the space per definition by the Occupational Health and Safety Regulation Section 9.1. By improving access/egress with stairs, the space is no longer restrictive for rescue service.
 - b. See Section 3.1.4 this specification for stair installation quality control.
 - c. The Contractor will collaborate with the Owner to help update the Safe Work Entry Procedure for approval by WorkSafe BC. The document will be updated for specific methods and products required to complete the Work.
- .2 The Contractor shall be familiar with WorkSafe BC requirements including but not limited to:
 - a. OHS Regulation Part 9, Section 9.18: Control of Harmful Substance in Adjacent Piping.
 - b. OHS Regulation Part 5, Section 5.57: Designated Substances.
 - c. The completion of the restoration Work may create harmful dust particulates, particularly silica. The Contractor is responsible for implementing measures for controlling workers from silica exposure via a Silica Exposure Work Plan prepared in accordance with WorkSafe BC regulations.
- .3 Contractor shall provide means for Owner and Contract Administrator representatives to safely inspect the restoration Work in accordance with the Owner-prepared procedure.



1.4 Qualifications

- .1 Organization Experience:
 - a. The organization performing the Work shall be experienced and shall have successfully completed a minimum of five (5) past projects of a similar nature.
- .2 Personnel Experience:
 - a. All personnel performing the Work shall have minimum three (3) years experience performing work of similar nature.

1.5 Submittals

- .1 Approvals: submit a written request to the Contract Administrator for their approval of equivalent or alternative products during bidding period. List each of the alternate materials proposed, surfaces to be covered, manufacturer's name and brand name of material. The Contract Administrator reserves the right to reject a request for alternate product without justification.
- .2 Submit to the Contract Administrator, a minimum of 14 days before starting the restoration Work, the following documents:
 - a. Crew credentials including proof of the required Organizational Experience and Personnel Experience.
- .3 Product data sheets for all products proposed for use when completing the restoration Work including but not limited to:
 - a. Technical specifications and performance criteria.
 - b. Installation procedures including surface preparation requirements.
 - c. Product safety data sheets.
- .4 Workspace Conditioning Procedures:
 - a. Proposed procedures for matching each product's required ambient temperature and moisture requirements during preparation, installation, and curing.
 - b. Project schedule detailing the sequence and timing for completion of the Restoration Work.

1.6 Quality Assurance

- .1 Following concrete cleaning, provide access for review by independent structural engineer who will confirm coating scope, procedures and materials as they relate to:
 - a. Surface preparation and ambient temperature.
 - b. Material storage and application techniques.
 - c. Inspection and reporting requirements.
 - d. Testing requirements.
 - e. Safety requirements during application.

1.7 Record Keeping

- .1 The Contractor shall keep detailed records on a daily basis and/or email the following to the Contract Administrator daily during each step of the Restoration Work and throughout field testing including:
 - a. Date, time, weather, outdoor and within work area temperature and moisture,



- b. Products applied and methods used,
- c. Key crew member names, and
- d. Photos of completed work.

Part 2 Products

2.1 Materials

- .1 Approved Repair Products:
 - a. Erosion and gravel seams:
 - i. SikaTop Armatec 110 EpoCem.
 - ii. SikaTop 123 Plus.
 - iii. SikaCem Accelerator (Optional).
 - b. Cracks:
 - i. Sikadur-31 Hi-Mod Gel.
 - ii. Sikadur 35 Hi Mod LV.
 - iii. Sikadur 53 CA.
 - iv. Sika AnchorFix 2020.
 - c. Joint Seal:
 - v. Silardur-31 Hi-Mod Gen.
 - i. Evazote High Density Foam.
 - ii. SikaFlex 2C NS Polyurethane Elastomeric Sealant.
 - iii. Sika Combiflex Tape (200 mm width).
 - d. Sikagard EWL Trowel Grade.
- .2 Product Data Sheets are provided in Attachment C.
- .3 Contractor may submit alternate repair products for review and approval by the Contract Administrator .
- .4 Refer to Section 1.5 Submittals for alternate product requests.
- .5 All materials must be of the same manufacturer and must be fully compatible with each other.
- .6 The Contractor is responsible for determining all quantities.

2.2 Equipment

- .1 If required, concrete moisture testing to be performed by Tramex moisture meter or Contract Administrator approved equivalent.
- .2 Contractor to provide appropriate equipment for the works described in this section.



Part 3 Execution

3.1 **Preliminary Work**

- .1 Delivery:
 - a. Deliver materials in sealed original labelled containers, bearing manufacturer's name, type of paint, brand name, colour designation and instructions for mixing and/or reducing.
- .2 Storage:
 - a. Store materials according to the temperatures and conditions listed in the product data sheets, in a well ventilated, heated and single designated area.
- .3 Fire Hazard and Safety:
 - a. Take necessary precautionary measures to prevent fire hazards and spontaneous combustion.
 - b. Where toxic and explosive solvents and materials are used, take appropriate precautions, and do not smoke in the area.
- .4 Temporary Stair Access:
 - a. Contractor to install Owner's temporary access stair for access to tanks according to Safe Work Entry Procedure.
 - b. The stair allows for declassified access to one tank at a time.
 - c. Stair installation requires inspection and approval by structural engineer registered in British Columbia prior to use.
 - d. Provide letter of inspection or record drawing on each stair installation to Owner, sealed by structural engineer registered in British Columbia.
 - e. Refer to record drawing of stair in Attachment E.

3.2 Concrete Preparation and Removal

- .1 Monitoring:
 - a. Contractor to maintain records of humidity and temperature inside the PSTs during restorative work.
- .2 Cleaning:
 - a. Low pressure washing (up to 5,000 psi) of all primary sedimentation tanks (PSTs) interior surfaces to remove deteriorated concrete, dirt, oils, grease and other bond inhibiting materials. Particular attention is to be paid to areas exhibiting obvious cracks, gravel seams, and erosion.
 - b. Use detergent as necessary to achieve clean surface free of contaminants.
 - c. Avoid disturbing existing joint seals.
- .3 Surface Inspection:
 - a. Facilitate inspection by the Contract Administrator following cleaning. Contractor to provide at least 48 hours notice to the Contract Administrator and Owner.



- .4 Removal of Concrete at Linear Deficiencies:
 - a. For unsound concrete depths greater than 3 mm, achieve a Concrete Surface Preparation (CSP) of 7 per ICRI Guideline 310.1 (removal of 4 mm sound concrete paste).
 - b. Removal for linear deficiencies shall meet the listed CSP using:
 - i. High pressure water blasting (hydro-demolition) at a pressure of 20,000 psi minimum.
 - ii. Other methods by written approval of the Contract Administrator.
 - c. Blow out crack depths using low pressure compressed air following pressure washing and blasting.
 - d. Immediately notify the Contract Administrator regarding cracks wider than 30 mm, longer than 2 m, deeper than 75 mm or which otherwise show significant wall discolouration below the crack.
 - e. Concrete shall not be removed to a depth greater than the maximum application thickness of the proposed mortar material. Notify the Contract Administrator if concrete removal beyond the maximum is required prior to removing.
 - f. All deteriorated concrete within the linear deficiency shall be removed until a sound substrate is exposed.
 - g. All coarse aggregate particles which are more than 60% exposed and supported on a pinnacle of mortar shall be removed.
 - h. All removed material, water, slurry, and run-off shall be collected and removed from the chamber and disposed off-site in accordance with all environmental regulations.
 - i. Do not cut or damage reinforcing steel.
 - j. Feather-edging is not permitted. Saw cut 20 mm depth at boundaries of restoration.
 - Contractor to protect and preserve all concrete joint seals in PSTs. Any damage to seals or pre-existing seal repairs (PST-1) will require repairs at the Contractor's expense.
 - I. Concrete removal shall provide a substrate surface with a relatively uniform surface profile. Prepared substrate surface shall be relatively flat, free from large crests and valleys, and shall conform to the listed CSP.
- .5 Removal at Joint Seal:
 - a. Follow 3.2.4 with the following exceptions:
 - i. Prepare surface 300 mm either side of joint to (CSP of 3 per ICRI Guideline 310.1 for removal of 0.25 to 1.0 mm sound concrete paste).
 - ii. Removal adjacent to joint seal shall use:
 - Diamond grinding;
 - Bristle blasting; or
 - Contract Administrator approved alternate.
 - iii. Follow up with light pressure washing to remove bruised concrete and dust, with care not to damage original seal.



.6 Removal at Cracks:

- a. Prepare surface of crack 300 mm either side to the CSP listed in 3.2.4a.
- b. Router crack edges to remove 90 degree sharp edges.
- c. Remove all debris, dust and loose particles from the crack using air blasting or water jetting.
- .7 Removal Inspection:
 - a. Inform the Contract Administrator when concrete removal is completed to schedule field reviews. Provide at least 48 hours of notice to the Contract Administrator and Owner.

3.3 Application of Restoration Products

- .1 Apply selected approved products in strict accordance with the procedures outlined in the product data sheets, including requirements for humidity, wetness and temperature.
 - a. The Contractor shall not interface incompatible products.
 - b. The receiving surface shall be dampened by low pressure washing and allowed to dry to a saturated surface-dry (SSD) condition just prior to product application.
 - c. Provide heating as required in the PSTs to meet product curing temperature and humidity conditions.
 - d. Product application shall not proceed until all substrates are confirmed to be acceptable and authorization to proceed is provided by the Contract Administrator.
 - e. Do not exceed cure times per product literature for field temperature.
- .2 Joint Repair:
 - a. Round nosing of joint sides with mixture of Sikadur 31 Hi Mod Gel and oven-dry sand. Ensure no sharp or abrasive edges.
 - b. If prior seal absent or recessed, insert Evazote high density foam strip, cut to just below joint face for supporting back of Combi-Flex.
 - c. Apply masking tape to top of foam strip as seal breaker to limit tearing during joint movement.
 - d. Apply layer of Sikaflex 2C NS foam sealant to foam strip, filling voids, flush to surface.
 - e. Apply Sikadur 31 Hi Mod Gel to prepared concrete surface, 30 mm wider than edges of Combi-Flex tape on either side of joint, to minimum thickness of 1 mm.
 - f. With gel still tacky, apply and embed Combi-Flex tape into gel for complete coverage of joint.
 - g. Use continuous roll of Combi-Flex tape.
 - h. To surface of Combi-Flex tape, apply thin strip of masking tape over joint gap.
 - i. Apply second layer of Sikadur 31 Hi Mod Gel to completely sandwich Combi-Flex tape edges. Ensure second layer of gel is 30 mm wider than width of Combi-Flex tape, with minimum thickness of 1 mm.
 - j. Do not apply gel to dynamic portion of joint gap.
 - k. Remove masking tape over gap.



- I. Very lightly scuff exposed surfaces, including Combi-Flex tape, using single pass of 80-100 G sandpaper. Wipe with clean rag to remove contaminants and ensure all surfaces clean prior to proceeding.
- m. Vertical ends of tape system to be installed 200 mm above peak wet weather water level as indicated on Drawings.
- n. Install SikaFix Polyurethane foam in recess of vertical top end of tape system, each side of tank, to prevent condensation entry behind tape.
- o. Coat entire tape system surface with Sikagard EWL TG at 50 mm minimum extension past either side of Sikadur 31, with minimum thickness of 1.5 mm (60 mils), completed in single pass.
- .3 Erosion and Gravel Seam Repair:
 - a. Erosion and Gravel Seam Repair:
 - b. Apply single coat of SikaTop Armatec 110 EpoCem using manual hand application (no spray equipment) working into irregularities, to 0.5 mm thick.
 - c. Immediately apply repair mortar to minimum of 3 mm thickness. Maximum depth of any lift to be 38 mm.
- .4 Crack Repair Less Than or Equal to 6 mm Wide:
 - a. Install surface packers along prepared crack, spaced equivalent to depth of wall or member to be injected.
 - b. Apply Sikadur 31 Hi Mod Gel around each injection port and as cap-seal over crack to be injected, minimum 30 mm wider than edges of crack, to minimum thickness of 1 mm. Allow sufficient cure time before commencing injection.
 - c. Perform injection using Sikadur 35 Hi Mod LV until product is observed at next port, and allow to cure. Provide appropriate ambient curing conditions per data sheet.
 - d. Remove ports and grind flush with concrete surface.
 - e. Use of backing rod or foams requires written approval from Contract Administrator.
- .5 Crack Repair Greater Than 6 mm Up to 30 mm Wide:
 - a. Pressure injection only.
 - b. Install mechanical packers along either side of crack in staggered pattern at spacing equal to crack depth typically spaced based on thickness of member to be injected.
 - c. Drill packer holes at 45° angle to the concrete. Minimum drill hole depth must be long enough to reach the middle of the structure under approx. 45° drilling angle.
 - d. Remove dust from packer holes using compressed air.
 - e. Place injection packers in drilled and cleaned packer holes and ensure rubber sleeve tops are below concrete surface. Tap packers in if necessary and hand tighten.
 - f. Remove nipples to check the flow of water and injection resin.
 - g. For horizontal cracks, the starting packer shall be at narrowest part of the crack.
 - h. For vertical cracks, the starting packer shall be the lowest one.
 - i. Before injection, test one port every 1.0 metre to determine correct pressure.
 - j. Inject using Sikadur 53. Ensure ambient conditions meet product data sheet requirements for curing.



k. Once fully cured, cut and/or grind smooth all repaired surfaces to blend with existing concrete, ensuring no excess materials remain.

3.4 Joint Field Testing

- .1 Wet test with clean water prior to introducing effluent into tank.
- .2 Clean water to fill to top of peak wet weather level for 48 hours.
- .3 Mark and measure tank water level at outset of testing.
- .4 Excess leakage will require draining, drying, identification and rectification of deficiencies.

3.5 Repaired Crack Field Testing

- .1 Apply ultrasonic testing to detect voids, delamination, or incomplete filling of the crack (anomalies).
- .2 Provide findings to Contract Administrator.

3.6 Mortar Product Field Testing – Pull-Off Testing

- .1 The Contractor shall bear all costs associated with performing the following tests including any re-tests as required to meet the testing requirements.
- .2 The Contractor shall repair each location where a test was performed with the same means, methods, and products used for the Restoration Work at the Contractor's expense.
- .3 For the purposes of this section, the term "Pull-Off Test" refers to the methods and procedures described in CSA A23.2-6B: Determination of bond strength of bonded toppings and overlays and of direct tensile strength of concrete, mortar, and grout Procedure A.
- .4 Mortar Testing:
 - a. After completing the mortar material installation, complete five (5) Pull-Off Tests.
 - b. Each Pull-Off Test shall be evenly distributed across the restored area.
 - c. Each Pull-Off Test shall test the adhesion of the mortar repair products to the concrete substrate.
 - d. All Pull-Off Tests shall yield a Minimum Tensile Strength according to the following:

Condition	Minimum Tensile Strength (MPa)
Base Surface Tensile Strength < 1.0 MPa	Base Surface Tensile Strength
1.0 MPa < Base Surface Tensile Strength	1.0 MPa

- e. Test points that do not meet the Minimum Tensile Strength are considered a failure and the corresponding test area shall be re-done including removal of mortar material and re-preparation of Concrete Substrate at the Contractor's expense.
- f. The mid-point between a failed Pull-Off Test and a passed Pull-Off Test forms the extents of the area that requires redoing.
- g. All costs for performing additional Pull-Off Tests to determine the extents of the mortar failure are at the Contractor's expense.
- h. Each Pull-Off test shall be fully executed until either failure of the materials, or the load limit of the testing apparatus is met.



Revision History

Rev. No.	Date	Ву	Checked By	Issued For	Comment
A	November 24, 2024	FPM/SJM	NS	Review	
0	December 12, 2024	FPM/SJM	NS	Tender	

End of Section



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Part 1 General

1.1 Description of Work: Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades

- .1 The Work under these Specifications relates to four (4) primary sedimentation tanks (PSTs) and includes:
 - a. Supply, delivery and installation of PST equipment including but not limited to:
 - i motors,
 - ii gear (speed) reducers,
 - iii limit switches,
 - iv sprockets,
 - v chains,
 - vi take-up assemblies,
 - vii drive safety guards,
 - viii wall bearings,
 - ix flight assemblies,
 - x wear strips,
 - xi return rails,
 - xii rotating scum troughs, and
 - xiii finger baffles.
 - b. Testing and commissioning of all PSTs.
 - c. Operator training.
- .2 The Work relates to upgrading PST equipment. Refer to mechanical Drawings for details, and M-502 Bill of Materials (BOM) for a list of parts itemized per PST.
 - a. PST-1: Partial equipment upgrade.
 - b. PST-2: Partial equipment upgrade.
 - c. PST-3: Complete equipment upgrade.
 - d. PST-4: Complete equipment upgrade.
- .3 Provide the above equipment and services to ensure all four (4) PSTs are fully functional at the conclusion of the Work.

1.2 Related Specifications

- .1 03 01 37 Concrete Restoration.
- 1.3 Governing Standards

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.1 General:

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- a. 2024 British Columbia Building Code, or latest edition.
- .2 Material Standards:
 - a. ASTM A240: Standard Specification for Chromium and Chromium-Nickel Stainless Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip for Pressure Vessels and General Applications.
 - b. ASTM D6041: Standard Specification for Contact-Molded Fiberglass, Corrosion Resistant Pipe, and Fittings.
 - c. ASTM D3754: Standard Specification for Fiberglass Sewer and Industrial Pressure Pipe.
 - d. ASTM D570: Standard Test Method for Water Absorption of Plastics.
- .3 Fabrication and Quality Control Standards:
 - a. AWS D1.1 Structural Welding Code.
 - b. ASTM A6/A6M: Standard Specification for General Requirements for Rolled Structural Bars, Plates, Shapes, and Sheet Piling.
 - c. ASTM D2563: Standard Practice for Classifying Visual Defects in Glass-Reinforced Plastic Laminate Parts.
 - d. ASME RTP-1: Reinforced Thermoset Plastic Corrosion Resistant Equipment Certification.
 - e. ASTM D2584: Standard Test Method for Ignition Loss of Cured Resins.
 - f. AGMA 6001: Design and Selection of Components for Enclosed Gear Drives.
 - g. AGMA 9005: Industrial Gear Lubrication.
- .4 Electrical
 - a. C22.1:21: All equipment shall conform to the Canadian Electrical Code, C22.1:21, or latest edition.
 - b. C22.2 No. 100: Motors and Generators.
 - c. C22.2 No. 14: Industrial Control Equipment.
 - d. NEMA MG 1: Motors and Generators.
 - e. IEC 60034 Rotating Electrical Machines.
 - f. IEEE 112: Standard Test Procedure for Polyphase Induction Motors and Generators.
 - g. UL 1004: Standard for Safety for Electric Motors.

1.4 Background

- .1 The Resort Municipality of Whistler (RMOW) operates a municipal wastewater treatment plant (WWTP). The facility has four (4) rectangular primary sedimentation tanks. PST-1 and PST-2 received partial upgrading in 2022 using parts supplied locally. PST-3 and PST-4 have not been upgraded in the last 10 years.
- .2 This Specification is for supply of components listed under Section 1.1.1 for all four (4) PSTs.
- .3 The PSTs are a confined spaces and often contain a corrosive and hazardous atmosphere during operation.



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1.5 Suppliers

- .1 ClearStream Environmental,
- .2 Connexus Industries,
- .3 Viking Chain,
- .4 Brentwood,
- .5 Avensys,
- .6 Evoqua, or
- .7 Approved equal.

1.6

Shop Drawings / Submittals

- .1 As soon as possible after award of contract, the Contractor shall deliver to the Contract Administrator one (1) electronic copy of detailed shop drawings showing the following:
 - a. Make and Model.
 - b. Construction details to scale within shop drawings and general arrangement drawings, showing:
 - i All major tank and mechanism dimensions and elevations;
 - ii Anchor bolt locations and dimensions;
 - iii Mechanism loadings on the tank;
 - iv Principal dimensions;
 - v All materials used;
 - vi Deflection, buoyancy, strength, modulus of elasticity and moment of inertia;
 - vii Drive locations;
 - viii Drive train service factors; and
 - ix Catalogue cutsheets clearly showing all components to be supplied.
 - c. Dimensions and weights of components to be shipped.
 - d. Power and electrical requirements of all electrical components.
- .2 The Contract Administrator will review the submittals and mark them with such corrections as are deemed necessary and will return one (1) copy to the Contractor. Corrected submittals and drawings shall be resubmitted by the Contractor in accordance with the submittal procedure. Any manufacturing done before approval of drawings by the Contract Administrator will be at the Contractor's risk.
- .3 The Contract Administrator has the right to require the Contractor to make any changes in the Contractor's submittals which may be necessary, in the opinion of the Contract Administrator, to make the finished product conform to the requirements and intent of the Specifications without additional cost to the Owner. Review by the Contract Administrator of the Contractor's submittals shall not relieve the Contractor of any part of the Contractor's responsibility for correctness.



1.7 Operation and Maintenance Manuals

- .1 As part of operator training, the Contractor shall provide illustrated operation and maintenance manuals covering all equipment supplied under the contract. One (1) digital and two (2) hardcopies of these manuals shall be delivered to the Contract Administrator on or before the date on which delivery of the equipment is made.
- .2 The operation and maintenance manuals shall include, but not be limited to the following items:
 - a. title page and table of contents;
 - b. factory performance test data for motors, gear reduces and associated appurtenances;
 - c. detailed parts lists and scale dimensioned drawings for the equipment and associated appurtenances, including maintenance instructions and weights of each component;
 - d. detailed installation, operating and maintenance instructions for all equipment supplied;
 - e. contents labelled for each section, and an index for each manual; and
 - f. manuals shall clearly identify the intended speed of each collector system.

1.8 Quality Assurance

- .1 Supplier's shop welds shall be performed using approved procedures and welders shall be qualified tradespeople.
- .2 Motors and gear reducers shall be supplied with all necessary parts and accessories indicated on the Drawings, Specifications, or otherwise required for a complete, properly operating drive installation, and shall be the latest standard product of a Supplier regularly engaged in the production of chain and flight mechanisms.

1.9 Performance

- .1 Motors, drives and sprockets shall provide a longitudinal collector flight speed not to exceed 15 mm/s.
- .2 Motors, drives and sprockets shall provide a cross collector flight speed not to exceed 15 mm/s.
- .3 Flights shall direct scum to the scum trough at the liquid outlet end of the PST, while directing sludge back to the sludge hopper beneath the inlet end of the tank.

1.10 Delivery, Storage, and Handling of Equipment

- .1 All components subject to damage from handling or exposure to weather shall be suitably packaged.
- .2 The equipment items shall be supplied, assembled, and suitably crated to prevent damage or distortion during shipment.
- .3 The equipment shall be delivered to the site of the Whistler Wastewater Treatment Plant, 1135 Cheakamus Lake Rd, Whistler, BC, Canada, V0N 1B1. Normal hours of operation are Monday to Friday 8:00 am to 4:00 pm.



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1.11 Shipment

- .1 Components shall be shipped in a way to fit through the existing doors and access hatches at the WWTP.
- .2 The Contractor shall be responsible for shipping FOB to 1135 Cheakamus Lake Rd, Whistler, BC, Canada, providing documents and coordinating the delivery of the materials to the site.
- .3 The Contractor shall be responsible for all equipment during transit to site. Acceptance of the equipment at the site does not relieve the Contractor's responsibilities under this document.
- .4 Contractor shall provide written notification to Owner's representative upon shipment of equipment and material.
- .5 Equipment and material to be unloaded at the site by the Contractor.
- .6 The Contractor shall allow the Owner's representative to inspect the equipment upon delivery to site.
- .7 The Contractor shall coordinate shipment and delivery and shall organize unloading, and storage.

1.12 Health and Safety

.1 See Specification 03-01-37 Section 1.3.

1.13 Warranty

.1 Warranties on equipment will be provided by the equipment Suppliers, valid for 18 months minimum, from the date written on the Contractor's commissioning report.



Part 2 Products

2.1 **General Design**

- The longitudinal collector chain and flight mechanism shall be capable of moving settled .1 sludge from each PST liquid outlet end to the tank inlet sludge hopper in a smooth, continuous and even motion without jerking or stalling.
- .2 The longitudinal collector mechanism shall be capable of moving scum for collection by the rotating scum trough.
- .3 The cross collector chain and flight mechanism shall be capable of moving settled and collected sludge across the sludge discharge hopper in a smooth, continuous and even motion without jerking or stalling.
- .4 All chain and flight mechanisms shall be field balanced under the direction of the Supplier.
- .5 Rotating components on or above walkway elevation shall be covered by ventilated non-metallic guards to prevent injury to operators.
- .6 Motors and gear reducers shall be mounted to existing housekeeping pads at walkway elevation above the PSTs.
- .7 The wall bearings shall be mounted to the internal PST concrete walls and shall not conflict with the existing wall bearings' embedded anchors. See record drawings and photos.
- The equipment Supplier shall have a minimum of five (5) years experience in the design and .8 manufacture of rectangular clarifier equipment, with at least three (3) similar sized WWTPs.

Design Criteria 2.2

- .1 The motor and gear reducer shop drawings shall note the design speed of the chain and flight mechanisms and shall be sealed by an engineer registered in the Province of British Columbia.
- .2 Limit switches shall be designed to meet the drive design torque, and area classification.
- .3 The PST floor slopes towards inlet slide gates at 1%. Cross collector and solids sump are located adjacent to inlet slide gates, at the inlet end of the PST.
- .4 Screening (6 mm) and grit removal are performed within upstream headworks area.
- .5 Record drawing information on PSTs requires field confirmation by the Contractor prior to fabrication. The dimensions listed below include wall to wall width in tank mid-elevation, with the height at the shallowest point on sloped floor at tank outlet to the maximum liquid level. Concrete benching at the tank bottoms are not included in the below measurements.

PST-1: 31.0 x 5.7 m x 3.5 m	PST-2: 31.0 x 5.5 m x 3.5 m
PST-3: 31.0 x 5.7 m x 3.5 m	PST-4: 31.0 x 5.5 m x 3.5 m

2.3 Hardware and Anchors

- .1 Fasteners, anchors and hardware to be Stainless Steel Type 316 or 316L.
- .2 Anchors shall be adhesive type anchors, suitable for installation into cracked and uncracked concrete and gualified for earthquake loading in accordance with ACI 355.2 or 355.4.
- Adhesive products for the anchors shall be Hilti HIT-RE 500-V3 or as approved in writing by .3 the Contract Administrator



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2.4 Motors and Drives

- .1 Each collector system shall be driven by individual motor and gear reducer, with limit switch.
- .2 Available power is 3 phase, 460 V, 60 hertz.
- .3 Motor and gear reducer shall be direct coupled.
- .4 Motor shall be totally enclosed fan cooled (TEFC).
- .5 Motors and drives shall be rated for Class 1, Zone 1, Group D service (i.e. explosion proof).
- .6 Drive trains must be designed for the collector speeds listed in Section 1.10.
- .7 Contractor shall supply one year's worth of lubrication products for motors and gear reducers.
- .8 All rotating or moving elements at or above the operational walkway shall be provided with removable, ventilated safety guards composed of durable and corrosion resistant material (fibre reinforced plastic, stainless steel, or engineer approved equivalent).
- .9 Motors and gear reducers to include individual name plates located on the respective units.
- .10 Furnish torque overload devices and visual torque indicator gauges.
- .11 The limit switch shall be provided with either a NEMA-4X enclosure, or hazardous environment rated enclosure for primary clarifiers, and a support bracket for positioning the limit switch adjacent to each torque device. For all collector mechanisms, provide overload control with two adjustable dry contacts for alarm and motor cutout.
- .12 Alarm switch at 100 percent of design running torque.
- .13 Motor cutout switch at 120 percent of design running torque.
- .14 The two switches shall be factory adjusted to accurately calibrate the alarm torque value and overload position.
- .15 A visual torque indicator shall be provided and oriented so that it can be read from the walkway.
- .16 The torque indicator shall be calibrated from 0 to 160 per cent of design running torque.
- .17 Provide 4 wire, 4-20 mA torque transmitter for connection to the plant PLC control system.
- .18 Clean and re-use existing hand / off / auto (HOA) switches.
- .19 Speed reducers shall contain:
 - anti-friction bearings enclosed in a weather tight, epoxy coated housing suitable for а. exposure to wastewater;
 - b. double seals on output shaft;
 - C. oil bath;
 - d. oil sight gauge;
 - stainless steel output shaft; e.
 - f. right angle shafting on longitudinal collector drives (see M-101 Drawing); and
 - straight shafting on cross collector drives (see M-101 Drawing). g.



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2.5 Collector Shafts, Wall Bearings and Fixed Brackets

- .1 Existing shafts to be re-used on all PSTs.
 - a. PST-1 and PST-2: All shafts to remain in existing wall bearings with the exception of PST-1 head shaft wall bearings, which require replacement.
 - i PST-2 contains new head shaft wall bearings.
 - ii Idler wall bearings to remain in place. Idler wall bearings are obsolete.
 - PST-3 and PST-4: New head shaft wall bearings required. Idler shaft wall bearings to b. be replaced with fixed wall-mounted brackets.
 - Only head shafts shall rotate. C.
 - Do not remove rust and scale from non-mechanical areas of shafts. d.
- .2 Existing steel shaft diameters:
 - Longitudinal shafts (PST-1 and PST-2): 4 inch nominal, solid steel. a.
 - b. Cross shafts (PST-1 and PST-2): 2 inch nominal, solid steel.
 - Contractor to field measure shaft dimensions. C.
- .3 Avoid prior wall anchor locations for mounting new wall equipment.
- Wall bearings for rotating head shafts to contain replaceable bearing insert that is separate .4 from the housing to allow for periodic maintenance of wear parts. Bearings to be designed to allow for replacement of wear parts without removal of shaft (repair-in-place).
- .5 Bearings shall be self-aligning.
- .6 Shaft-mounted sprocket bearings shall use a replaceable shaft-mounted sleeve upon which idler sprockets are mounted.
- Wall and shaft-mounted bearing wear parts shall be composed of ultra high molecular weight .7 polyethylene (UHMW-PE) with a wetted coefficient of friction of 0.10 or lower.
- Fixed bracket material to be stainless steel. Minimum bracket steel thickness to be 10 mm. .8
- .9 Dimensions: As determined by Contractor based on proposed system dimensions and record drawings.
- .10 Design components based on design calculations incorporating the following criteria:
 - Operation under submerged conditions a.
 - Wear strip friction factors: b.
 - 0.20 to 0.30 (UHMW-PE on UHMW-PE). i
 - 0.05 to 0.10 (UHMW-PE on stainless steel). ii

2.6 **Drive Sprocket and Shear Pin**

- .1 Acceptable drive sprocket materials:
 - a. Nylon 6;
 - b. 316 SS; or
 - C. UHMW-PE teeth with 316 SS body.



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- .2 Sprocket to rotate via keyway and attach by set screws to speed reducer shaft.
- .3 Drive sprocket assemblies shall be designed to protect the drive equipment and be furnished with a suitably sized aluminum necked down shear pin to transmit torque from the driving hub to the sprocket.
- .4 In the event of a high load or over torque condition, the shear pin shall break and disengage the drive sprocket from the hub.
- .5 The drive sprocket hub shall be equipped with a trip pin or lug that, upon breaking, shall extend out from the hub and contact a limit switch actuator arm, which shall signal the shut down the motor and an alarm circuit.

2.7 Collector Sprockets

- .1 Pertains to drive, head and idler sprockets.
- .2 Acceptable materials include Nylon 6, Nylon 66, isophthalic polyester, polyurethane, and UHMW-PE.
 - a. Water absorption of less than or equal to 2% by mass.
 - b. Tensile strength of 8,000 psi minimum.
 - c. Metallic sprockets shall not be permitted.
- .3 Driven sprocket profile to be offset.
- .4 Head sprockets to use keyway with two (2) set screws.
- .5 Idler sprockets to rotate on fixed shafts.
 - a. Shaft-mounted sprocket bearing sleeves shall use a replaceable shaft-mounted sleeve upon which idler sprockets are mounted.

2.8 Chain and Flight

- .1 Consists of collector chain, flights, wear shoes, existing shafting, fixed idler shaft brackets, keys and set collars, head shaft wall bearings, sprockets (drive, driven, head and idler), idler sprocket bearing sleeves, return tracks and support brackets, floor and track wear strips, motor, speed reducing gearbox, drive base, torque overload device and appropriate guards, drive chain and drive chain tightener, flight assemblies, set collars, associated attachment bolts and anchor bolts for a fully functional chain and flight mechanism.
 - a. Design to assume shaft deflection.
- .2 Non-Metallic Chains:
 - a. Drive and collector chains must include tensioning devices.
 - b. Chain and flight materials such as fiberglass reinforced plastic (GFRP) and molded from resins containing UV-inhibitors must be suitable for installation within a corrosive wastewater environment.
 - c. Non-metallic chains shall be fabricated using Nylon-6, Nylon-66, or isophthalic polyester resin with maximum water absorption of 2% by weight.
 - d. Metallic chains, sprockets, flights and bearing wear surfaces shall not be permitted.
 - e. Collector chains shall have a working load not less than 1,400 kg and an average ultimate strength of 3,170 kg.



- Drive chains shall have a working load not less than 790 kg and an average ultimate f. strength of 1,800 kg.
- Flight Assemblies: .3
 - Isophthalic polyester glass fiber reinforced plastic with less than 1% water absorption. a.
 - b. Maximum deflection criteria for the flights during operation: 20 mm for horizontal deflection and 5 mm for vertical deflection.
 - Profile minimum of 125 mm high. Width to occupy entire tank bottom width, adjusted C. for bottom side-benching. Contractor to field measure for each PST.
 - d. Scraper flights shall be spaced at 3 m for Longitudinal Collectors and 1.5 m for Cross Collectors.
 - e. All flights to use non-metallic filler blocks.
 - f. Flight assembly attachment hardware to be 316 stainless steel.
- .4 Wear Shoes:
 - а Each flight to be equipped with two wear shoes for floor wear strips, and two wear shoes for return rails.
 - Wear shoes to be non-metallic. b.
 - Wear shoe profile to be slightly rounded on leading and back bottom edges for C. smooth operation in both directions.
 - d. Wear shoe minimum thickness to be 50 mm.
- .5 **Return Rail Tracks:**
 - Two (2) return rail track assemblies per mechanism shall span majority of collector a. bay to support flight ends on return runs.
 - Contractor to field confirm 26.5 m length of track runs. i
 - Tracks shall be sufficiently wide to accommodate lateral movement of flights and b. fabricated from isophthalic polyester GFRP with less than 1% water absorption.
 - 75 mm x 75 mm x 9.5 mm minimum. i
 - Tracks shall contain splice plates between track sections, of same dimensions as C. tracks, 150 mm minimum length, field drilled and mounted.
 - d. Support brackets shall support rail tracks and shall be installed every 1.8 m.
 - Support brackets to be 32 mm thick UHMW-PE or approved alternate. i
 - Support brackets to contain multiple mounting holes for field adjustments. ii
 - e. Rails to be field drilled for accuracy and shall avoid jumping or jerking motion during transfer to and from rail.
 - f. Rails to contain UHMW-PE wear strips of 13 mm minimum thickness, c/w countersunk fastener holes. Wear strips to be bevelled at flight approach and departure angles by 45 degrees.
 - Support brackets composed of stainless steel or glass fiber reinforced plastic. g.



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h. Deflector rails shall be provided, if required, by the Supplier, to prevent flights from contacting other components within the tanks.

2.9 Rotating Scum Skimming Trough

- .1 Provide one (1) new rotating scum skimming trough and manual drive mechanism for each PST total of four (4) units.
- .2 See record drawing of existing troughs for original dimensions.
- .3 Acceptable trough body materials include:
 - a. 304 stainless steel,
 - b. Glass fiber reinforced plastic, or
 - c. Contract Administrator approved alternative.
- .4 Each 300 mm nominal diameter scum trough shall have a deflection of less than 20 mm from wall to wall under effluent load.
- .5 Each trough shall operate independently.
- .6 Contractor to field confirm trough lengths for each PST.
- .7 Scum accepting slot dimensions shall not permit ingress of water into the trough pipe at the peak wet weather flow of 605.000 m elevation while oriented in the upward position.
- .8 End collars to be stainless steel with UHMW glides.
- .9 Replaceable pipe collar seals at joints shall prevent leakage.
- .10 End bearings to be made of replaceable water lubricated UHMW-PE of 50 mm width minimum.
- .11 Wall plates shall be 316 stainless steel and shall be adjustable to allow for smooth operation of skimming trough.
- .12 Wall connection flanges to be oversized as indicated in the Drawings to avoid interfacing with existing anchors.
- .13 The scum skimmers will possess a hand-wheel for manual actuation and shall rotate 180 degrees, facing up.
- .14 Actuation to be rack and pinion, worm gear, or approved equal.
- .15 Hand operating torque to equal 40 ft-lbs or less.
- .16 Hand operator will be easily accessible from the walkway without the need to enter the confined space environment.
- .17 The scum troughs will possess position indication.
- .18 Actuation gearing shall be constructed from 316 stainless steel or approved equal.
- .19 Operating shaft to be 316 stainless steel.
- .20 The Contractor shall prepare wall concrete and existing wall pipe sleeves for mating to the new scum skimmers.

11

.21 End seals shall be made of EPDM or approved equal.



.22 Grouting, wall anchors and lubrication will be supplied for a fully functional skimming system.

2.10 Finger Baffles

- .1 Material:
 - a. High-quality, treated hardwood, marine-grade plywood, or synthetic composite resistant to waterlogging, decay, and microbial attack.
 - b. Wooden materials treated with an environmentally safe preservative (e.g., copper azole or ACQ) to meet local water and environmental regulations.
- .2 Configuration, each PST:
 - a. Number of Fingers: 19 minimum.
 - b. 300 mm center-to-center (c/c).
- .3 Dimensions:
 - a. Finger Width: As per mechanical Drawings, typically 50–75 mm.
 - b. Finger Thickness: Minimum of 32 mm.
 - c. Finger Length: Sized to match the tank geometry and existing units, and extend above the maximum peak wet weather liquid line.
- .4 Attachment Method:
 - a. Secured with corrosion-resistant 316 stainless steel fasteners and wall brackets.
 - b. Brackets to account for water absorption of baffle material under drained conditions.
 - c. Mounted to a structural framework to ensure proper alignment and withstand hydraulic forces during tank filling.

2.11 Spare Parts (Optional)

- .1 Contractor to provide three (3) shelf spares of the following:
 - a. Shear pins (longitudinal collector and cross collector).
 - b. Longitudinal Collector head shaft wall bearing inserts.
 - c. Cross Collector head shaft wall bearing inserts.
 - d. Longitudinal Collector idler shaft sprocket sleeve bearing.
 - e. Cross Collector idler shaft sprocket sleeve bearing.
- .2 Contractor to provide the following spares for both longitudinal and cross collectors:
 - a. One (1) drive sprocket.
 - b. Twenty (20) feet of drive chain.
 - c. Ten (10) percent of all collector chain furnished.
 - d. Five (5) flight assemblies.
- .3 Contractor to provide the following spares for scum troughs:
 - a. Two (2) complete trough bearing replacements.



2.12 Coatings

.1 All factory coatings must be suitable for installation within a corrosive wastewater environment.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 Delivery

- Contractor shall coordinate delivery with the Owner and Supplier. .1
- .2 Contractor to receive deliveries of major equipment.
- .3 The Contractor shall be responsible for temporary storage of equipment during construction.
- .4 Storage location during construction to be agreed upon by the Owner and Contractor.
- .5 If storage located off-site, Contractor to assume all interim transport costs.

3.2 **Tank Access Stair**

.1 See Specification 03-01-37 Section 3.1.4.

3.3 Installation

- .1 Install all equipment in accordance with the Supplier's instructions, recommendations, and approved shop drawings.
- .2 Applicable components shall be field drilled and fit for accuracy and smooth operation.

3.4 **Testing and Commissioning**

- The Supplier shall provide a representative to assist the Contractor during the installation, .1 inspections, and during field start-up and commissioning.
- .2 Testing and commissioning to be performed using dry run test, followed by wet test using dechlorinated water at typical water levels.
 - a. Dry testing to be performed using Supplier recommended lubrication.
- Provide commissioning data sheets for each PST for both dry and wet runs, including: .3
 - Lubrication checks (motors, speed reducers, all chain and flight bearings, scum a. trough bearings);
 - b. Motor rotation;
 - Motor coupling alignment; C.
 - d. Voltage per phase;
 - e. Motor amperage at start-up and during operation;
 - f. Vibration;
 - Observed torgue at startup and during operation; g.
 - h. Limit switch activation points;
 - Flight travel speed; i.
 - j. Behaviour of any binding or jerking;
 - k. Flight deflection (average over 5 flights);



consulting engineers

- I. Scum trough deflection; and
- m. Chain sag for drive and collector chains.
- .4 Each chain and flight as well as scum trough mechanism shall first be dry tested by the Supplier at the discretion of the Contract Administrator and Owner to check for binding, jerky or unusual motion. Successful dry testing is required prior to introducing water into the tanks. All items of equipment must be in full compliance with this Section.
 - a. Confirm hand and auto operation; and
 - b. Range of rotation for scum skimming system.
- .5 Each chain and flight as well as scum trough mechanism shall then be water tested by the Supplier at the discretion of the Contract Administrator and Owner, to confirm speed and torque values conform to the design intent.
- .6 Components shall exhibit continuous smooth operation free from skipping and jerking during three complete consecutive rotations of the mechanism. Contractor to rectify causes of rough operation immediately and rerun test.
- .7 The factory trainer representative shall provide on site training to Operations staff and shall furnish operation and maintenance manuals to staff.
- .8 The Contractor shall allow for a minimum of two (2) days for each PST for four (4) trips of full-time representation during start-up and commissioning in their supply quotation.
- .9 Additional time for the Contractor representative shall be paid for at the daily rate provided in the Quotation Form.
- .10 The cost of any changes, adjustments or replacements, which in the opinion of the Owner are due to error or omissions by the Contractor, shall be charged to the Contractor.
- .11 The Contractor shall provide a deficiency list of any remaining items to be completed following startup.

Revision History

Rev. No.	Date	Ву	Checked By	Issued For	Comment
A	December 4, 2024	FPM	NS	Review	
0	December 20	FPM	NS	Final	

End of Section



Supplemental Specifications Part III – Payment

Payment Items - General

The basis of measurement and payment for items included in the Form of Tender Appendix 1 – Schedule of Quantities and Prices are described below. The specific payment descriptions below supersede the applicable payment clauses in the MMCD Platinum Edition Volume II and any MMCD issued Supplemental Updates that may detail payment clauses.

The descriptions of Work to be done under Form of Tender – Appendix 1 – Schedule of Quantities and Prices are general descriptions of the Work only to break down and assess the Tender Price. These descriptions are not intended to include all details of requirements and responsibilities of the Contractor to complete the Works in accordance with the Contract. It is the Tenderer's responsibility to ensure that the Tender Sum submitted with the Tender is sufficient to complete all the Works based upon the whole of the Contract Documents.

The price bid for each item shall be full compensation for all labour, equipment, materials, de-watering and incidentals necessary to complete the supply, installation and construction of each item as specified to the lines, grades, and cross-section in accordance with the Contract Documents and as directed by the Contract Administrator.

If a Lump Sum Payment is shown in Appendix 1 - Schedule of Quantities and Prices, unless specifically detailed otherwise in the Description of Payment Items, payment shall be based on the Contract Administrator's estimated percentage of the Contract completed.

Description of Payment Items

Div.	Pmt. Item	Payment Item Description		
01	GENER	AL REQUIREMENTS		
		Section 01 10 00 Project Record Documents		
	01-1	Payment for all work performed under this Section will be incidental to payment for work described in other Sections unless specifically shown otherwise in the Schedule of Quantities and Prices.		
		Section 01 10 00 Reference Specifications		
	01-2	All references to Specifications, Standards, or Methods shall be understood to refer to the latest adopted revision, including amendments. There is no Payment applicable to this Section.		
		Section 01 51 01 Temporary Utilities and Lighting		
	01-3	Payment for all work performed under this Section will be incidental to payment for work described in other Sections unless specifically shown otherwise in the Schedule of Quantities and Prices.		
		Section 01 52 01 Temporary Structures		
	01-4	Payment for all work performed under this Section will be incidental to payment for work described in other Sections unless specifically shown otherwise the Schedule of Quantities and Prices.		
	01-5	Installation of Owner supplied temporary access stairs for declassification of the tanks shall be incidental to the Work.		
	01-6	Structural engineer's inspection and approval for temporary stair installations shall be incidental to the Work for each tank.		



SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS PART III – PAYMENT Resort Municipality of Whistler Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades Ref. E-40103

Div.	Pmt. Item	Payment Item Description
		Section 01 57 01 Environmental Protection
	01-7	1. This item shall include full compensation for meeting the requirements of Section 01 57 01 and developing and implementing a site-specific Environmental Mitigation Plan to control all works within the work zone 24 hours per day 7 days a week for the duration of the Work.
		Payment for all work performed under this Section will be incidental to payment for work described in other Sections unless specifically shown otherwise in the Schedule of Quantities and Prices.

PST-1		
46	WASTEWATER EQUIPMENT	
		Section 46 43 11 Wastewater Equipment
		Installation of all mechanical components for PST-1
	46-1	Please refer to the bill of materials M-502, drawing M-101 and M-102 in Attachment B.
		The payment for this section shall be on a lump sum basis per the Schedule of Quantities and Pricing and shall be full compensation for all works necessary to complete the installation of wastewater equipment in accordance with the Contract Documents and as directed by the Contract Administrator.
	46-2	Testing and Commissioning of PST-1
		Payment for testing and commissioning and shall be paid according to the lump sum for testing and commissioning within the Schedule of Quantities and Pricing, and shall include the number of days of support from the Supplier for this PST as indicated in the Specification.
	46-3	Damage
		Any costs for repair to damage of the equipment during installation shall be considered incidental to the work.

PST-2			
03	CONCR	CONCRETE	
		Section 03 01 37 Concrete Surface Preparation and Restoration	
	03-1	Restoration of Joint Seal	
		The bid unit rate for this item shall be full compensation for all works necessary to complete the concrete joint seal restoration in accordance with the Contract Documents, Drawings, product data sheets and as directed by the Contract Administrator.	
		 The payment for this section shall be on a linear basis per the Schedule of Quantities and Pricing and shall be full compensation for all works necessary to restore concrete joint seal full length to 200 mm above peak wet weather liquid level on either side of the tank. 	



6	WASTEWATER EQUIPMENT	
		Section 46 43 11 Wastewater Equipment
 46-4 Installation of all mechanical components for PST-2 <i>Removal of Existing Equipment – Incidental</i> Please refer to the bill of materials M-502, drawing M-201 and M-202 in Attack The payment for this section shall be on a lump sum basis per the Schedule of Pricing and shall be full compensation for all works necessary to complete the wastewater equipment in accordance with the Contract Documents and as din Contract Administrator. 		Installation of all mechanical components for PST-2 <i>Removal of Existing Equipment – Incidental</i> Please refer to the bill of materials M-502, drawing M-201 and M-202 in Attachment B. The payment for this section shall be on a lump sum basis per the Schedule of Quantities and Pricing and shall be full compensation for all works necessary to complete the installation of wastewater equipment in accordance with the Contract Documents and as directed by the Contract Administrator.
	46-5	Testing and Commissioning of PST-2 Work Payment for testing and commissioning and shall be paid according to the lump sum for testing and commissioning within the Schedule of Quantities and Pricing, and shall include the number of days of support from the Supplier for this PST as indicated in the Specification.
	46-6	Damage

Any costs for repair to damage of the equipment during installation shall be considered incidental to the work.

PST-3		
46	WASTEWATER EQUIPMENT	
		Section 46 43 11 Wastewater Equipment
		Installation of all mechanical components for PST-3
		Removal of Existing Equipment – Incidental
		Please refer to the bill of materials M-502, drawing M-301 and M-302 in Attachment B.
	46-7	The payment for this section shall be on a lump sum basis per the Schedule of Quantities and Pricing and shall be full compensation for all works necessary to complete the demolition of the existent wastewater equipment and installation of the new wastewater equipment in accordance with the Contract Documents and as directed by the Contract Administrator.
	46-8	Testing and Commissioning of PST-3 Work
		Payment for testing and commissioning and shall be paid according to the lump sum for testing and commissioning within the Schedule of Quantities and Pricing, and shall include the number of days of support from the Supplier for this PST as indicated in the Specification.
	46-9	Damage
		Any costs for repair to damage of the equipment during installation shall be considered incidental to the work.



SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS PART III – PAYMENT Resort Municipality of Whistler Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades Ref. E-40103

PST-4		
46	WASTEWATER EQUIPMENT	
		Section 46 43 11 Wastewater Equipment
	46-10	Installation of all mechanical components for PST-4 Removal of Existing Equipment – Incidental
		Please refer to the bill of materials M-502, drawing M-401 and M-402 in Attachment B.
		The payment for this section shall be on a lump sum basis per the Schedule of Quantities and Pricing and shall be full compensation for all works necessary to complete the demolition of the existent wastewater equipment and installation of the new wastewater equipment in accordance with the Contract Documents and as directed by the Contract Administrator.
	46-11	Testing and Commissioning of PST-4 Work
		Payment for testing and commissioning and shall be paid according to the lump sum for testing and commissioning within the Schedule of Quantities and Pricing, and shall include the number of days of support from the Supplier for this PST as indicated in the Specification.
	46-12	Damage
		Any costs for repair to damage of the equipment during installation shall be considered incidental to the work.

OPTIONAL WORK ITEMS

03	CONCRETE	
		Section 03 01 37 Concrete Surface Preparation and Restoration in PST-1 and PST-2
	03-2	Remove and dispose of unsound concrete in PST-1 and PST-2 to allow for concrete restoration.
		Perform surface preparation to specification prior to placement of concrete related materials.
		The bid unit rate for this item shall be full compensation for all works necessary to complete the surface preparation and off-site disposal of any removed concrete, in accordance with the Contract Documents, Drawings, product data sheets and as directed by the Contract Administrator.
		 Unit rate payment on a linear meter basis for crack, gravel seam, and eroded surface preparations per product data sheets. Unit rate surface preparation shall include the removal and offsite disposal of any unsound concrete. The linear metre unit rate shall also include the costs of hydrovac truck (if used), hauling costs, and offsite disposal fees. All materials, are to be recycled and disposed of properly, and the cost shall include any special recycling or disposal fees that may be required to do so.



Page 4
Master I Specific 2019 Ec	Municipal ations lition	SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS PART III – PAYMENT Resort Municipality of Whistler Pa Primary Sedimentation Tank Upgrades Ref. E-40103	age 5
	03-3	 Restore concrete cracks, gravel seams and erosion by applying materials per specification. The bid linear metre unit rate for this item shall be full compensation for all works necessary to complete the concrete restoration in accordance with the Contract Documents, Drawings, product data sheets and as directed by the Contract Administrator. Payment under this section is on a linear meter basis for crack, gravel seam, and eroded surface restoration as listed in the Schedule of Quantities and Pricing. The work shall not be considered complete until inspected by the Owner's representative. 	
46	WASTE		
		Section 46 43 11 Wastewater Equipment	
	46-13	Spare Equipment The lump sum for payment of this optional item includes the complete list of spares listed in Section 2.1.1 and shall match the equipment supplied for PST-3 and PST-4.	



Attachment A

Available Record Drawings























Attachment B

Issued for Tender Drawings























	BILL OF MATCHINES PSI-1		
TEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
1	PST-1 LONGITUDINAL COLLECTOR		
1.11	GEAR REDUCER ONLY	EACH	1
1.12	COLLECTOR CHAIN	FT	0
1,13	COLLECTOR CHAIN TAKE-UP ASSEMBLY	EACH	0
1.14	GUARDING ON DRIVE SPROCKET, FRP	EACH	1
1,15	DRIVE CHAIN	FT	0
1.16	DRIVE CHAIN TAKE-UP ASSEMBLY	EACH	•
1.17	FILLER BLOCKS	EACH	Ð
1.18	FLIGHTS	EACH	0
1.13	FLIGHT MOUNTING HARDWARE	EACH	Þ
1,28	SPROCKET, DRIVE	EACH	0
1.21	SPROCKET, OFFSET DISHED	EACH	0
1.22	SPROCKET, HEAD	EACH	0
1,23	SPROCKET, IDLER	EACH	0
1.24	SET COLLAR, UHMW	EACH	0
1.25	WEAR STRIPS UHWW	EACH	0
1.28	RETURN RAILS WEAR STRIP HARDWARE SETS, 31655	EACH	18
1.27	FLOOR WEAR STRIP HARDWARE SETS, 31655	FACH	
1.28	RETURN RAILS. HARDWARE SETS C/W SUPPORT BRACKETS	FACH	2
1.99	WEAP SHOES CAPPY UNINW	EACH	
1.30	WEAP SHOES, BETHEN THINK	EACH	
1.24		10040	
1.97		EACH	
	WALL BEAKING ASSEMBLI	5000	
1.44	WALL BEARING INSER ONLT	CAGU	
1,34	WALL BRACKET, IDLER SHAFT	EACH	
2	PST-1 CROSS COLLECTOR		
2.11	MOTOR AND GEAR REDUCER, 0.5 HP	EACH	1
2.12	COLLECTOR CHAIN	FT	0
2.13	COLLECTOR CHAIN TAKE-UP ASSEMBLY	EACH	•
2.14	DRIVE CHAIN	и	0
2.15	DRIVE CHAIN TAKE-UP ASSEMBLY	EACH	0
2.16	METAL GUARD OVER DRIVE SPROCKET	EACH	1
2.17	FILLER BLOCKS	EACH	Ð
2.18	FLIGHTS	EACH	0
2.19	FLIGHT MOUNTING HARDWARE	EACH	0
2.20	SPROCKET, PIN	EACH	•
2,21	SPROCKET, OFFSET DISHED	EACH	0
2.22	SPROCKET, HEAD	EACH	Ð
2.23	SPROCKET, IDLER	EACH	
2.24	FLOOR RAILS	LUWP	1
2,25	WEAR STRIPS, REPRO UHMW	EACH	Ð
2.26	RETURN RAIL WEAR STRIP 31655	EACH	0
2.27	FLOOR WEAR STRIP 31655	EACH	Ð
2.28	WEAR SHOES, CARRY, UHMW	EACH	
2.29	ANCHOR BOLTS & FASTENERS	EACH	P
2.30	SET COLLARS	EACH	Ð
2.31	WALL BEARING ASSEMBLY	EACH	0
2.32	WALL BEARING INSERT ONLY	EACH	•
2,33	WALL BRACKET, IDLER SHAFT	EACH	
	DST/J MISCELLANEOUS FOURMENT		-
3		EACH	
w11	OVER INVOID HITH HANDWHEEL	EAU/II	-
a12	NLET FINGER BAFFLES	EACH	1

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	BILL OF MATERIALS: PST-2		
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
	PST-2 LONGITUDINAL COLLECTOR		
1	MOTOR AND GEAR REDUCER, 0.5 HP	EACH	1
2	COLLECTOR CHAIN	FT	0
3	COLLECTOR CHAIN TAKE-UP ASSEMBLY	EACH	0
4	GUARDING ON DRIVE SPROCKET, FRP	EACH	1
	DRIVE CHAIN	FT	0
5	DRIVE CHAIN TAKE-UP ASSEMBLY	EACH	0
	FILLER BLOCKS	EACH	0
	FLIGHTS	EACH	0
	FLIGHT MOUNTING HARDWARE	EACH	0
	SPROCKET, DRIVE	EACH	0
	SPROCKET, OFFSET DISHED	EACH	0
	SPROCKET, HEAD	EACH	0
	SPROCKET, DLER	FACH	0
	SET COLLAR LIHMW	EACH	
	WEAD STOPS I MAN	EACH	L .
	DETUDN DAILS WEAD STOLD HADDWADE SETS 14600	EACH	
	ELOOD WEAD STOLD WADDWARDS STOL MEETS	EACH	10
	PLOOR WEAK STRIP HARDWARE SETS, STOSS	EACH	0
	RETURN RAILS, HARDWARE SETS OW SUPPORT BRACKETS	EACH	2
	WEAR SHOES, CARRY, UHWW	EACH	0
_	WEAR SHOES, RETURN, UHMW	EACH	0
	ANCHOR BOLTS & FASTENERS	LUMP	0
	WALL BEARING ASSEMBLY	EACH	0
	WALL BEARING INSERT ONLY	EACH	0
	WALL BRACKET, IDLER SHAFT	EACH	0
	PST-2 CROSS COLLECTOR		
	MOTOR AND GEAR REDUCER, 0.5 HP	EACH	1
	COLLECTOR CHAIN	FT	0
	COLLECTOR CHAIN TAKE-UP ASSEMBLY	EACH	0
	DRIVE CHAIN	FT	0
	DRIVE CHAIN TAKE-UP ASSEMBLY	EACH	0
	METAL GUARD OVER DRIVE SPROCKET	EACH	1
	FILLER BLOCKS	EACH	0
	FLIGHTS	EACH	0
	FLIGHT MOUNTING HARDWARE	EACH	0
	SPROCKET, PIN	EACH	0
	SPROCKET, OFFSET DISHED	EACH	0
	SPROCKET HEAD	FACH	0
	SPROCKET IN FR	FACH	
	Clobb Dake	Luna	
	WEAR STRIPS REPROLIHINW	FACH	
		EACH	, v
	REIURN RAIL WEAR DIRIF 31000	EACH	
	FLOOK WEAK STRIP 31655	EACH	0
	MEAR SHUES, CARRY, UHMW	EACH	0
	ANCHUR BULIS & FASTENERS	LUWP	°
	SET COLLARS	EACH	0
	WALL BEARING ASSEMBLY	EACH	0
	WALL BEARING INSERT ONLY	EACH	0
	WALL BRACKET, IDLER SHAFT	EACH	0
	PST-2 MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT		
	PST-2 MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT SCUM TROUGH WITH HANDWHEEL	EACH	1

	BILL OF MATERIALS: PST-3		
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UMT	QUANTIT
1	PST-3 LONGITUDINAL COLLECTOR		
1.11	MOTOR AND GEAR REDUCER, 0.5 HP	EACH	1
1.12	COLLECTOR CHAIN	FT	429
1.13	COLLECTOR CHAIN TAKE-UP ASSEMBLY	EACH	1
1,14	GUARDING ON DRIVE SPROCKET, FRP	EACH	1
1.15	DRIVE CHAIN	FT	20
1,19	DRIVE CHAIN TAKE-UP ASSEMBLY	EACH	1
1,17	FILLER BLOCKS	EACH	42
1.18	FLIGHTS	EACH	21
1.19	FLIGHT MOUNTING HARDWARE	EACH	21
1,20	SPROCKET, DRIVE	EACH	1
1,21	SPROCKET, OFFSET DISHED	EACH	1
1.22	SPROCKET, HEAD	EACH	2
1,23	SPROCKET, IDLER	EACH	e
1,24	SET COLLAR, UHMW	EACH	2
1,25	WEAR STRIPS UHMW	EACH	28
1,26	RETURN RAILS WEAR STRIP HARDWARE SETS, 31655	EACH	18
1,27	FLOOR WEAR STRIP HARDWARE SETS, 31655	EACH	20
1,28	RETURN RAILS, HARDWARE SETS C/W SUPPORT BRACKETS	EACH	2
1.29	WEAR SHOES, CARRY, UHWW	EACH	42
1.30	WEAR SHOES RETURN UHWW	FACH	42
1.01	ANCHOR BOI TS & FASTENERS	LUNP	1
1.32	WALL BEARING ASSEMBLY	EACH	2
1.33	WALL PEADING INSERT ONLY	FACH	0
134	WALL BRACKET, IDLER SHAFT	FACH	6
	BET 2 CROSS COLLECTOR		
2 11	MOTOR AND GEAR REDUCER & S UR	EACH	
0.10	COLLECTOR CHAIN	57	140
2.13	COLLECTOR CHAIN TAKE UP ASSEMBLY	FACH	140
214	ORDER CHAIN	57	50
2.15	DRIVE CHAIN TAKE UP ASSEMBLY	EACH	
2.16	METAL CUARD OVER DRIVE SOBOCKET	EACH	
2.17	STILLER BLOCKS	FACH	28
9.10	In Lourse	EACH	
2.10	FLIGHTS	EACH	
2.50	SDROCKET DIN	EACH	
3.51	SPROCKET OFFSET DISUED	EACH	
0.00	STROCKET, STROLED	CADI	-
1.11	SPROCKET, NEAD	EACH	-
220	SI COD DALLS	EACH	
£24	PECCH RALS	LUNP	
440	WEAK STRIPS, REPRO UNIW	EACH	4
2.26	RETURN RAIL WEAR STRIP 31655	EACH	4
420	FLOOR WEAR STRP 31655	EACH	60
2,28	WEAR SHOES, CARRY, UHWW	EACH	1
229	ANCHOR BOLLS & FASTENERS	LUNP	2
2.30	SEI CULLARS	EACH	2
e.o1	WALL BEAKING ASSEMBLY	EACH	2
2.52	WALL BEARING INSERT ONLY	EACH	0
2,23	WALL DRAGRET, IDLER SHAFT	EACH	6
3	PST-3 MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT		
3,11	SCUM TROUGH WITH HANDWHEEL	EACH	1

TIEN	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
	PST-4 LONGITUDINAL COLLECTOR		
1.11	MOTOR AND GEAR REDUCER & SUR	EACH	
1.12	COLLECTOR CHAIN	ENUN	420
1.12	COLLECTOR CHAPT	FI	420
1.13	COLLECTOR CHAIN TAKE-UP ASSEMBLY	EACH	
1,14	GOWRDING ON DRIVE SPROCKET, FRP	EACH	1
1.15	DRVE CHAIN	FT	20
1,16	DRIVE CHAIN TAKE-UP ASSEMBLY	EACH	1
1,17	FILLER BLOCKS	EACH	42
1,18	FLIGHTS	EACH	21
1,19	FLIGHT MOUNTING HARDWARE	EACH	21
1,20	SPROCKET, DRIVE	EACH	1
1,21	SPROCKET, OFFSET DISHED	EACH	1
1.22	SPROCKET, HEAD	EACH	2
1.23	SPROCKET, IDLER	EACH	6
1,24	SET COLLAR, UHNW	EACH	2
1,25	WEAR STRIPS UHMW	EACH	38
1,26	RETURN RAILS WEAR STRIP HARDWARE SETS, 316SS	EACH	18
1,27	FLOOR WEAR STRIP HARDWARE SETS, 3165S	EACH	20
1,28	RETURN RAILS, HARDWARE SETS C/W SUPPORT BRACKETS	EACH	2
1,29	WEAR SHOES, CARRY, UHMW	EACH	42
1,30	WEAR SHOES, RETURN, UHMW	EACH	42
1,31	ANCHOR BOLTS & FASTENERS	LUMP	1
1.32	WALL REARING ASSEMBLY	EACH	2
133	WALL DEADING INSERT ONLY	FACH	0
1.94	WALL BRACKET IDI ER SHAET	EACH	
1.07		EAUN	, °
2	Pol-+ cross collector		
2,11	MUTOR AND GEAR REDUCER, U.5 HP	EACH	'
2.12	COLLECTOR CHAIN	FT	140
2.13	COLLECTOR CHAIN TAKE-UP ASSEMBLY	EACH	1
2.14	DRIVE CHAIN	FT	20
2.15	DRIVE CHAIN TAKE-UP ASSEMBLY	EVCH	1
2.15	METAL GUARD OVER DRIVE SPROCKET	EACH	1
2.17	FILLER BLOCKS	EACH	28
2,19	FLIGHTS	EACH	14
2,19	FLIGHT MOUNTING HARDWARE	EACH	14
2.20	SPROCKET, PIN	EACH	1
2.21	SPROCKET, OFFSET DISHED	EACH	2
2.22	SPROCKET, HEAD	EACH	4
2.23	SPROCKET, IDLER	EACH	1
2,24	FLOOR RAILS	LUNP	1
2.25	WEAR STRIPS, REPRO UHMW	EACH	4
2.28	RETURN RAIL WEAR STRIP 31655	EACH	4
2,27	FLOOR WEAR STRIP 316SS	EACH	28
2,25	WEAR SHOES, CARRY, UHMW	EACH	1
2.29	ANCHOR BOLTS & FASTENERS	LUMP	2
2.33	SET COLLARS	EACH	2
2.31	WALL BEARING ASSEMBLY	EACH	2
2.32	WALL BEARING INSERT ONLY	EACH	0
2.33	WALL BRACKET, IDLER SHAFT	EACH	6
A-174		6/6/0	, v
	Community of the second s		1
3		5400	
3 3.11	SCUM TROUGH WITH HANDWHEEL	EACH	1

PST-1 BILL OF MATERIALS

PST-2 BILL OF MATERIALS

PST-3 BILL OF MATERIALS

PST-4 BILL OF MATERIALS

		Bits Dati Rev Dati Associations/Processing 0 2025-0	Des Dwn Chk Description 47 FPM AFR ISSUED FOR TENDER	Rev Date Des Dwn Chk Description	RESORT MUNICIPALITY OF WHISTLER PRIMARY SEDIMENTATION TANK UPGRADES
consulting engineers	TENDER ISSUE	rest Trendered Biological Control Control F. P. C. Million Control Con			BILL OF MATERIALS
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Attachment C

Concrete Restoration Products

BUILDING TRUST CONSTRUIRE LA CONFIANCE



PRODUCT DATA SHEET

Edition 03.2018/v1 CSC Master Format™ 03 64 23 EPOXY INJECTION GROUTING

Sikadur[®]-31 Hi-Mod Gel^{CA}

HIGH-MODULUS, HIGH-STRENGTH, STRUCTURAL, EPOXY PASTE ADHESIVE

Where to Use Structural bonding of concrete, maxonry, metals, wood, etc. to a maximum glue line of 3 mm (1/8 in). Grout bolts, dowels, pins, vertical and overhead repair of concrete as an epoxy mortar binder. Advantages Interior, vertical, and overhead repair of concrete as an epoxy mortar binder. Advantages Interior, vertical, and overhead repair of concrete as an epoxy mortar binder. Advantages Interior, vertical, and overhead applications. Easter consistency ideal for vertical and overhead applications. Fast-setting and strength-producing adhesive. Easter adhesion to concrete, maxonry, metals, wood and most structural materials. Paste consistency ideal for vertical and bis (Section adhesive. Easter mith CBB (Section adhesive. Easter miths the requirements of CFA and USDA for use in flood plants. Minister des Transports du Québec acceptance. Product recognized by the British Columbia Ministry of Transportation (BC MoT). NSF-ANSI 61 Approved for contact with Potable Water (Special order only). Technical Data Packaging Concrete Grey Vield Us (Bal Vields and Vield Spinz, Store dry at temperatures betwen 5 and 32 °C (41 and 89 °F). Condition product betwen 1 and 25 °C (65 and 77 °F) before using. Mir Ratio A te 11 by volume Properties at 23 °C (73 °F) and 50 °S Res H.	Description	Sikadur®-31 Hi-Mod Gel ^{cA} is a two-component, solvent-free, moisture-insensitive, high-modulus, high-strength, structural epoxy paste adhesive.							
Advantages Insensitive to moisture before, during and after cure. High-modulus, high-strength, structural and besive. Excellent adhesion to concrete, masonry, metals, wood and most structural materials. Paste consistency ideal for vertical and overhead applications. Fast-setting and strength-producing adhesive. Fast-setting and strength-producing adhesive. Easy mix A:B = 1:1 ratio by volume. Meets the requirements of CFIA and USDA for use in food plants. Ministère des Transports du Québec acceptance. Product recognized by the British Columbia Ministry of Transportation (BC MoT). NSF-ANSI 61 Approved for contact with Potable Water (Special order only). NSF-ANSI 61 Approved for contact with Potable Water (Special order only). NSF-ANSI 61 Approved for contact with Potable Water (Special order only). NSF-ANSI 61 Approved for contact with Potable Water (Special order only). NSF-ANSI 61 Approved for contact with Potable Water (Special order only). NSF-ANSI 61 Approved for contact with Potable Water (Special order only). NSF-ANSI 61 Approved for contact with Potable Water (Special order only). NSF-ANSI 61 Approved for contact with Potable Water (Special order only). NSF-ANSI 61 Approved for contact with Potable Water (Special order only). NSF-ANSI 61 Approved for contact with Potable Water (Special order only). NSF-ANSI 61 Approved for contact with Potable Water and welds approx. 15 to for approx. 45 in of opprox. 45 i	Where to Use	 Structural bonding of concrete, masonry, metals, wood, etc. to a maximum glue line of 3 mm (1/8 in). Grout bolts, dowels, pins, vertical and overhead. Seals cracks and injection port surrounds prior to pressure-injection grouting. Interior, vertical, and overhead repair of concrete as an epoxy mortar binder. 							
 NSF-ANSF 61 APproved for Contact: With Potable Water (Special order Only). Technical Data Packaging 10 L (2.64 US gal.) unit [Component A : 5 L (1.32 US gal.) and Component B : 5 L (1.32 US gal.)] Colour Colour Concrete Gray Yield 11 yields 1 m of popy adhesive, 1 mm thick. 1 L of adhesive when mixed with 1 L by loose volume of oven-driid and yield sapprox. 1.5 L of popy mortar (1 US gal. = 231 in; 1 US gal. of gal.se when mixed with 1 US gal. 9 Jobse volume of oven-driid and yield sapprox. 1.5 L of popy mortar (1 US gal. = 231 in; 1 US gal. of gal.se when mixed with 1 US gal. 9 Jobse volume of oven-driid silica sand yields approx. 346 in' of epoxy mortar.) Shelf Life 2 years in original, unopened packaging: Store dry at temperatures between 5 and 32 °C (41 and 89 °F). Condition product between 18 and 25 °C (69 °F)* Mix Ratio A:B = 1:1 by volume Properties at 23 °C (7 3 °F) and 50 % R.H. Consistency Non-asp paste Pot Life Approx. 30 min Tack-Free Time 1 30 min > 2 h (30 mils thickness) Compressive Strength ASTM D695, Mra (psi) Compressive Strength ASTM D695, Mra (psi) Compressive Strength ASTM D695, Mra (psi) A *C (39 °F)* 23 *C (73 °F) 32 *C (89 °F)* 24 h - 31 (1885) 81 (11 745) 73 (1455) 3 days G (9135) 81 (11 475) 87 (12 615) 74 days 70 (10 150) 86 (12 470) 71 (2 615) 71 (2 615)	Advantages	 Insensitive to moisture before, during and after cure. High-modulus, high-strength, structural paste adhesive. Excellent adhesion to concrete, masonry, metals, wood and most structural materials. Paste consistency ideal for vertical and overhead applications. Fast-setting and strength-producing adhesive. Easy mix A:B = 1:1 ratio by volume. Meets ASTM C881, Type I, II, IV and V, Grade 3, Class B and C, epoxy resin adhesive. Meets the requirements of CFIA and USDA for use in food plants. Ministère des Transports du Québec acceptance. Product recognized by the British Columbia Ministry of Transportation (BC MoT). NISE ANSI 61 Approved for contact with Botable Water (Spacial order only) 							
Technical Data Packaging 10 1 (2.64 US gal.) and Component A: 5 U (1.32 US gal.) and Component A: 5 U (1.32 US gal.) Packaging Concrete Grey Concrete Grey Vields 1 nor depoyethesive, 1 nm thick. 1 US gal. 9 dathesive when mixed with 1 Lby loose volume of oven-dried silies and vields approx.35 Lo de poory mortar.1 US gal. of adhesive when mixed with 1 Lby loose volume of oven-dried silies and vields approx.34 Clin of depoyer mortar. Sheft Life 2 years in original, un>penet packaging. Store dry at temperatures between 5 and 32 °C (41 and 89 °F). Condition product between 18 and 25 °C (65 mortarise) Sheft Life 2 years in original, un>penet packaging. Store dry at temperatures between 5 and 32 °C (41 and 89 °F). Condition product between 18 and 25 °C (65 mortarise) Rank Table Store Sto		NSF-ANS	61 Approved for con	ntact with Potable V	Vater (Special order	only).			
Colour Concrete Grey Yield 1 Lyields 1m ² of epoxy advesive, 1 mm thick. 1 L of advesive when mixed with 1 L by loose volume of oven-dried slices aand yields approx. 3.6 L of epoxy mortar (1 US gal. = 2.31 in ³ , 1 US gal. of adhesive when mixed with 1 US gal. by loose volume of oven-dried slices aand yields approx. 3.6 L of epoxy mortar) Shelf Life 2 years in original, unopeneh packaging. Store dry at temperatures between 5 and 32 °C (41 and 89 °F). Condition product between 18 and 25 °C (65 and 77 °F) before using. Mix Ratio A:B = 1:1 by volume Properties at 23 °C (7 3 °F) and 50 °K R.H Consistemy Non-sag paste Prote Time 1 h 30 min - 2 h (30 mills thickness) Compressive Strength ASTM D695, MPR (ps) Compressive Strength ASTM D695, MPR (ps) 2 h - 2 h - 2 h - 2 h - 2 h - 2 h - 3 h - 3 h - 3 h - 3 h - 3 (1475) 3 (1475) 3 h - 3 (149) - 3 (149) - 3 (1475) 3 (1475) 3 (1493)		Technical E Packaging	Data	10 L (2.64 US gal.) ι [Component A : 5 L	init (1.32 US gal.) and Comp	onent B : 5 L (1.32 US gal.)]			
Yield Neidels Neidels and of graphic status Subset when mixed with 1 Ly loose volume of order with 1		Colour		Concrete Grey					
Condition product between set of C (6 S ard 7 er P) before using. Re 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1		Yield Shelf Life		1 L yields 1 m ² of epoxy adhesive, 1 mm thick. 1 L of adhesive when mixed with 1 L by loose volume of oven- dried sand yields approx.1.5 L of epoxy mortar (1 US gal. = 231 in ³ . 1 US gal. of adhesive when mixed with 1 US gal. by loose volume of oven-dried silica sand yields approx. 346 in ³ of epoxy mortar.) 2 years in original unopened packaging. Store dry at temperatures between 5 and 32 °C (41 and 89 °F)					
Mix RatioA:B = 1:1 by volumeProperties 2.3 °C (7 3 °F) and 3.5 °C (7 3 °F) and 5.5 °C (7 3 °F)Non-sag pasePot LifeNon-sag pasePot LifeNon-sag pasePot LifeNon-sag paseTack-rea Time10 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0				Condition product between 18 and 25 °C (65 and 77 °F) before using.					
Properties → t 23 °C (7 3 °F) and 50 × R.H. Non-sare subset Consistency - Som and - Som and a colspan="2">Som and a colspan="2" Tack-Free Time 10 30 min - 2 h (30 min		Mix Ratio		A:B = 1:1 by volume					
ConsistencyNon-sag padePot LifeApprox.30 minPot LifeSpore.30 minTack-Free Time1 a O min 2 b (3 min 2 h (3 min 2 h (3 min 2 min		Properties at 23 °C (7 3 °F) and 50 % R.H.							
Pot Life Approx.30 min Tack-Free Time 13 0anin - 2 knot sets Tack-Free Time 3 10 anin - 2 knot sets Compressive-Fight ASTM D695, MAP 3 °C (28 °F)* 2 h 4 °C (39 °F)* 2 h - 3 0 (78 °F)* 2 h - - 3 (478) 4 h - - 3 (478) 6 h - - 3 (478) 16 h - - 6 (920) 5 (955) 16 h - 6 (920) 7 (1040) - 16 h - 13 (188) 8 (11 745) 9 (11 455) 16 y - 6 (9130) 8 (12 470) 9 (12 615) 17 days - 7 (10 201) 8 (12 470) 87 (12 615) 12 days - 8 (12 040) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) 2 stabus - 8 (12 040) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) 14 days - - 8 (12 615) 87 (12 615) 2 for the currer water wat		Consistency		Non-sag paste					
Tack-Free Time If a Omin - 2 h (30 min - 2 h (30 min - 2 h) (30 min - 2 h) Compressive-First ASTM D695, MPa (vis) 2 <th2< th=""> 2 2 <th2< <="" td=""><td></td><td>Pot Life</td><td></td><td>Approx. 30 min</td><td></td><td></td></th2<></th2<>		Pot Life		Approx. 30 min					
Compressive strength As two bods, t		Tack-Free Tim	e	1 n 30 min - 2 n (30	mils thickness)				
2 h - - 33 (4785) 4 h - 14 (2030) 59 (8555) 8 h - 53 (7690) 67 (9715) 16 h - 64 (9280) 72 (10 440) 1 day 13 (1885) 81 (11 745) 79 (11 455) 3 days 63 (9135) 81 (11 745) 85 (12 325) 7 days 70 (10 150) 86 (12 470) 87 (12 615) 14 days 76 (11 020) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) 28 days 83 (12 040) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) 28 days 83 (12 040) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) 14 days Tensile strength 24 MPa (3480 psi) 87 (12 615) * Product cur= at tested at the temperature indicated - - - Tensile strength 24 MPa (3480 psi) Elongation at break 0.95 % - - - Modulus of elasticity 5.13 GPa (7.4 x 105 psi) - - -		compressive	Strength ASTIM Doss, MPa	(psi) A °C (39 °F)*	23 °C (73 °E)*	32 ℃ (80 °E)*			
4 h - 14 (2030) 59 (855) 8 h - 53 (7690) 67 (9715) 16 h - 64 (9280) 72 (10 440) 1 day 13 (1885) 81 (11 745) 79 (11 455) 3 days 63 (9135) 81 (11 745) 85 (12 325) 7 days 63 (10 200) 86 (12 470) 87 (12 615) 14 days 76 (11 020) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) 28 days 83 (12 040) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) 28 days 83 (12 040) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) 28 days 83 (12 040) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) 14 days Tensile strength 24 MPa (3480 psi) 87 (12 615) 14 days Tensile strength 24 MPa (3480 psi) 5.13 GPa (7.4 x 105 psi) 5.13 GPa (7.4 x 105 psi)		2 h		-	-	33 (4785)			
8 h- A53 (7690)67 (9715)16 h- A64 (9280)72 (10 440)1 day- 31 (185)81 (11 745)99 (11 455)3 days- 63 (935)81 (11 475)85 (12 325)7 days- 70 (10 150)86 (12 470)87 (12 615)14 days- 61 (10 20)87 (12 615)87 (12 615)28 days- 83 (12 040)87 (12 615)87 (12 615)rensile rowspan="4">rensile rowspan="4">rowspan="4"rowspan="4">rowspan="4">rows		4 h		-	14 (2030)	59 (8555)			
16 h - 64 (9280) 72 (10 440) 1 day 13 (1885) 81 (11 745) 79 (11 455) 3 days 63 (931) 81 (11 475) 85 (12 325) 7 days 70 (10 150) 86 (12 470) 87 (12 615) 14 days 76 (11 020) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) 28 days 83 (12 040) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) 28 days 83 (12 040) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) 14 days Item tested at the temperature indicated 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) Tensile Product		8 h		-	53 (7690)	67 (9715)			
1 day 13 (1885) 81 (11 745) 79 (11 455) 3 days 63 (9135) 81 (11 475) 85 (12 325) 7 days 70 (10 150) 86 (12 470) 87 (12 615) 14 days 76 (11 020) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) 28 days 83 (12 040) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) 28 days 83 (12 040) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) * Product curst and tested at the temperatures indicated Tensile Properatures ATTM D638 14 days Tensile strength 24 MPa (3480 psi) Elongation at break 0.95 % 9.95 % Modulus of elasticity 5.13 GPa (7.4 x 105 psi) 5.13 GPa (7.4 x 105 psi)		16 h		-	64 (9280)	72 (10 440)			
3 days 63 (9135) 81 (11 475) 85 (12 325) 7 days 70 (10 150) 86 (12 470) 87 (12 615) 14 days 76 (11 020) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) 28 days 83 (12 040) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) * Product curst and tested at the temperatures indicated 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) Tensile Properties ASTM D638 14 days Tensile strength 24 MPa (3480 psi) Elongation at break 0.95 % 9.95 % Modulus of elasticity 5.13 GPa (7.4 x 105 psi) 5.13 GPa (7.4 x 105 psi)		1 day		13 (1885)	81 (11 745)	79 (11 455)			
7 days 70 (10 150) 86 (12 470) 87 (12 615) 14 days 76 (11 020) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) 28 days 83 (12 040) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) * Product curd and tested at the temperatures indicated 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) Tensile Properties ASTM D638 14 days Tensile strength 24 MPa (3480 psi) Elongation at break 0.95 % Modulus of elasticity 5.13 GPa (7.4 x 105 psi)		3 days		63 (9135)	81 (11 475)	85 (12 325)			
14 days 76 (11 020) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) 28 days 83 (12 040) 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) * Product cure and tested at the temperatures indicated 87 (12 615) 87 (12 615) Tensile Properties ASTM D638 14 days Tensile strength 24 MPa (3480 psi) Elongation at break 0.95 % Modulus of elasticity 5.13 GPa (7.4 x 105 psi)		/ days		70 (10 150)	86 (12 470)	87 (12 615)			
* Product cured and tested at the temperatures indicated Tensile Properties ASTM D638 14 days Tensile strength 24 MPa (3480 psi) Elongation at break 0.95 % Modulus of elasticity 5.13 GPa (7.4 x 105 psi)		14 days		76 (11 020) 82 (12 040)	87 (12 615)	87 (12 615) 87 (12 615)			
Tensile Properties ASTM D638 14 days Tensile strength 24 MPa (3480 psi) Elongation at break 0.95 % Modulus of elasticity 5.13 GPa (7.4 x 105 psi)		* Product cure	ed and tested at the tempe	eratures indicated	87 (12 013)	87 (12 013)			
14 daysTensile strength24 MPa (3480 psi)Elongation at break0.95 %Modulus of elasticity5.13 GPa (7.4 x 105 psi)		Tensile Prope	rties ASTM D638						
Elongation at break0.95 %Modulus of elasticity5.13 GPa (7.4 x 105 psi)		14 days	Tensile strength	24 MPa (3480 psi)					
Modulus of elasticity 5.13 GPa (7.4 x 105 psi)			Elongation at break	0.95 %					
			Modulus of elasticity	5.13 GPa (7.4 x 105	psi)				

	Flexural Properties ASTM D79	0				
	14 days Flexural strengt	th 42 MPa (6090 psi)				
	Tangent modul	us				
	of elasticity	7.22 GPa (10.5 x 10⁵ psi)			
	Shear Strength ASTM D732					
	14 days	19 MPa (2755 psi)				
	Bond Strength ASTIVI C882	ad concrete				
	Address Drug guro	28 MPa (4060 psi)				
	2 days Dry cure	28 MPa (4060 psi)				
	14 days Wet cure	22 MPa (3190 psi)				
	14 days	ding = 1.9				
	MPa (264 psi)	53 °C (127 °F)				
	Water Absorption ASTM D570)				
	7 days 24 h boil	0.29 %				
	VOC Content	<10 g/l				
	Product properties are typically a	verages, obtained under laboratory conditior	s. Reasonable variations can be expected on-	site due to local factors, including environment,		
	preparation, application, curing and	d test methods.				
HOW TO USE						
Surface	Curface must be clean a	ad cound. It may be dry or dom:	but free of standing water De	nove duct laitance grooce ouring		
Surface	Surface must be clean an	iu sound. It may be dry or damp), but free of standing water. Ref	nove dust, laitance, grease, curing		
Preparation	compounds, Impregnati	ons, waxes, foreign particles di	sintegrated materials.			
	Concrete: Sandblast or u	ise other approved mechanical	methods.			
	Steel: Sandblast to white	e-metal finish.				
Mixing	Pre-mix each compone	nt. Proportion 1 part compone	ent B to 1 part of component	A by volume into clean pail. Mix		
0	thoroughly for three (3)	minutes with paddle on low-s	peed drill (300 - 450 rpm), unti	I uniform in colour. Mix only that		
	quantity that can be use	d within its pot life. To prepar	an epoxy mortar, slowly add u	p to 1 part by loose volume of an		
	oven-dried sand to 1 pa	rt of the mixed Sikadur [®] -31 Hi-	Mod Gel ^{ca} and mix until uniform	n in consistency		
Analisation		Apply the past mixed Cil	adure 21 LL: Mad Calca to the	mating or non-mating propared		
Application	As a structural adnesh	e: Apply the heat, mixed Sik	adul -31 HI-Woo Gelen to the	mating of non-mating prepared		
	substrates. Work Into th	e substrate for positive adresic	n. Secure the bonded unit firm	y into place until the adhesive has		
	cured. Glue line should	not exceed 3 mm (1/8 ln).				
	To seal cracks for injection grouting: Place the neat material over the cracks to be pressure-injected and around each					
	injection port. Allow sufficient time to set before pressure injecting.					
	To anchor bolts, dowels and pins: Annular space around bolt should not exceed 3 mm (1/8 in); depth of embedment is					
	typically 10 to 15 times	the bolt diameter. Grout with r	eat Sikadur [®] -31 Hi-Mod Gel ^{ca} .			
	For interior vertical and	d overhead patching: Place th	e prepared mortar into the vo	id working the material into the		
	prepared substrate and	filling the cavity. Strike off leve	. Lifts should not exceed 38 mn	n (1 1/2 in).		
Clean Un	Collect with absorbent	material Dispose of in accord	hance with local disposal regul	ations. Uncured material can be		
cicali op	removed with Sika® Eno	wy Cleaner Cured material can	only be removed mechanically	ations. Oncarea material can be		
			only be removed mechanically.			
Limitations	 Minimum surface terr 	iperature: 4 °C (39 °F).				
	Do not thin with solve	ents, it will prevent proper cure				
	Use oven-dried sand of the	only.				
	 Maximum epoxy mortar thickness is 38 mm (1 1/2 in) per lift. 					
	Product is a vapour based	arrier after cure.				
	 Minimum age of conc 	rete must be 21 - 28 days, dep	ending upon curing and drying	conditions.		
	Porous substrates must be tested for moisture-vapour transmission prior to mortar applications.					
	Not for sealing cracks under hydrostatic pressure.					
Health and Safety	For information and adv	vice on the safe handling stor	are and disposal of chemical p	aducts users should refer to the		
Information	most recent SAFETY DA	TA SHEET containing physical	acclogical toxicological and oth	or safety related data		
mormation	most recent SAFETY DATA SHEET containing physical, ecological, toxicological and other safety-related data.					
	KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN					
	FOR INDUSTRIAL USE OF					
	The Information and in particular t	he recommendations relating to the application	an and end-use of Sika products, are given in g	and faith based on Sika's current knowledge and		
	experience of the products when pro	operly stored, handled and applied under norm	al conditions, within their shelflife. In practice, t	he differences in materials, substrates and actual		
	site conditions are such that no war	anty in respect of merchantability or of fitness	for a particular purpose, nor any liability arising	out of any legal relationship whatsoever, can be		
	inferred either from this information	 or from any recommendations, or from any or application and purpose. The proprietary right 	other advice offered. The information contained	herein does not relieve the user of the products		
	and delivery. Users must always refe	er to the most recent issue of the local Produc	t Data Sheet for the product concerned, copies	of which will be supplied on request or may be		
	downloaded from our website at: w	ww.sika.ca		· · ·		
	SIKA CANADA INC.	Other locations				
	601, avenue Delmar	Toronto				
	Pointe-Claire, Quebec	Edmonton	1-800-933-SIKA	Certified ISO 9001 (CERT-0102780)		
	H9R 4A9	Vancouver	www.sika.ca	Certified ISO 14001 (CERT-0102791)		





BUILDING TRUST CONSTRUIRE LA CONFIANCE



PRODUCT DATA SHEET

Edition 05.2021/v1 CSC Master Format™ 03 64 23 EPOXY INJECTION GROUTING

Sikadur[®]-35 Hi-Mod LV

HIGH-MODULUS, LOW-VISCOSITY, HIGH-STRENGTH, EPOXY GROUTING/SEALING/BINDING ADHESIVE

Description	Sikadur [®] -35 Hi-Mod LV is a two-component, solvent-free, moisture-insensitive, low-viscosity, high-strength, multipurpose, epoxy resin adhesive.									
Where to Use	Pressur	e injection of crac	ks in structu	ural concrete, m	nasonry, wood, et	с.				
	Groutin	g bolts, dowels, p	ins, etc.							
	 Gravity 	reed of cracks in i		patching and ma	sonry	horizontal a	urfacac			
	 Epoxy r Soal intr 	esin binder for ep	oxy mortar	patching and or	watar chloridas a	nonzontal s	uridces	to improvo woorability		
A. J	- Searing		noi above g		water, chionues, a					
Advantages	LOW VIS	COSITY	- 4.0 2.1							
	 Conven Ligh students 	ient easy mix ratio	3 A:B = 2:1 f	by volume	facor					
		engli, structural		k bonding in st	ructural concrete					
	 Deep p Ligh op 	rly strongth dovol	aning adhe	ik bonung in st						
		t chemical resista	oping aurie:	Sive						
			IIIIV and V	Grade 1 Clas	s B and C					
		SI 61 notable wat	er contact-a	nproved formu	s banu c la available by cr	acial order o	nly			
		t qualified by The	Road Autho	rity (TRA) and a	a available by sp	Ontario Mini	stry of Transno	rtation (MTO)		
		ed by the Ministèr	re des Trans	norts du Ouébe						
		ed by the Minister ad by Alberta Trar	sportation	(AT)						
	 Applov Product 	recognized by th	e British Col	(~) lumhia Ministry	of Transportatio	n(BC MoT)				
	Tachnical	Doto	e british co							
	Packaging	Dala	91 (2 38 115 6	val) unit - [Compon	ent A · 6 I (1 59 IIS øa	I) and Compon	ent B · 3 I (0 79 I I	gal)]		
	i ucituging		450 mL (15.2 US fl. oz) Pre-Pack cartridge, 12/case							
	Colour		Clear, amber		-					
	Yield		1 L = 1 m ² of epoxy adhesive, 1 mm thick. 1 L of adhesive when mixed with 5 L by loose volume of oven-dried							
		quartz sand yields approx. 3.5 L of epoxy mortar. (1 US gal. = 231 in ³ . 1 US gal. of adhesive when mixed with 5 US								
	Shelf Life		2 years in original, unopened packaging. Store dry between 5 and 32 °C (41 and 89 °F). Condition product between							
			18 and 29 °C (65 and 84 °F) before using.							
	NIX Ratio	or at 22 °C (72 °E)	A:B = 2:1 by V	olume						
	Viscosity	sal 25 C (75 F)	450 - 550 cps	.п.						
	Pot Life		5 °C (41 °F)		20 °C (60 °F)					
	Sample size	200 mL	220 min		32 min					
	Tack Free T	me	4 °C (39 °F)*		23 °C (73 °F)*		32 °C (89 °F)*			
	3-5 mil Nea	t o Strongth ASTM DCO	14 - 16 h		3 - 3 h 30 min		1 h 30 min - 2 h			
	Compressiv	e Strength ASTIV Dogo	, iviPa (psi)	SI)			Mortar (1.5)			
			4 °C (39 °F)*	23 °C (73 °F)*	32 °C (89 °F)*	4 °C (39 °F)*	23 °C (73 °F)*	32 °C (89 °F)*		
	4 hrs		-	-	-	-	-	6 (870)		
	8 hrs		-	-	22 (3190)	-	3 (435)	28 (4061)		
	16 hrs		-	25 (3626)	43 (6236)	-	33 (4/86)	39 (5656)		
	3 days		25 (3626)	67 (9717)	72 (10 442)	42 (6091)	47 (6816)	48 (6961)		
	7 days		55 (7977)	74 (10 732)	72 (10 442)	43 (6236)	54 (7832)	61 (8847)		
	14 days		71 (10 297)	77 (11 167)	72 (10 442)	47 (6816)	59 (8557)	61 (8847)		
	28 days		86 (12 473)	81 (11 748)	72 (10 442)	48 (6961)	61 (8847)	61 (8847)		
	* Product c	ured and tested at the	temperatures i	ndicated						
	ASTM D695	Elasticity	Neat		Mortar					
	28 days		2.41 GPa (3.5	x 10⁵ psi)	5.59 GPa (8	1 x 10⁵ psi)				
	Tensile Prop	perties ASTM D638			·					
	14 days	Tensile strength	58 MPa (8412	2 psi)	5.8 MPa (84	1 psi)				
		Elongation at break Modulus of elasticity	4.2 % 2.8 GPa (4.0 y	(105 nsi)	0.3 % 5 24 GPa (7	6 x 105 nsi)				
		incours of clasticity	2.0 01 0 (4.0)	(10 p3)	3.2+ GFd (7	0 X 10 (p31)				

11 days Modulus of register 95 MM (2023 2019) 12 MM 2(175 s0) 12 days 35 MM (2075 sol) 0.5 day (94 x 202 pa) 13 days 35 MM (2075 sol) 12 MM 2(202 pa) 14 days Modulus of MM (2075 sol) 14 MM 2(202 pa) 14 days Modulus of MM (2075 sol) 14 MM (2075 sol) 14 days Modulus of MM (2075 sol) 14 MM (2075 sol) 14 days Modulus of MM (2075 sol) 14 MM (2075 sol) 14 days Modulus of MM (2075 sol) 14 MM (2075 sol) 14 days Modulus of MM (2075 sol) 14 MM (2075 sol) 14 days Modulus of MM (2075 sol) 14 MM (2075 sol) 14 days Modulus of MM (2075 sol) 14 MM (2075 sol) 14 days Modulus of MM (2075 sol) 14 MM (2075 sol) 14 days Modulus of MM (2075 sol) 14 MM (2075 sol) 14 days Modulus of MM (2075 sol) 14 MM (2075 sol) 14 days Modulus of MM (2075 sol) 14 MM (2075 sol) 14 days Modulus of MM (2075 sol) 10 MM (2075 sol) 14 days Modulus of MM (2075 sol) 10 MM (2075 sol) 14 days Modulus of MM (2075 sol)		Flexural Properties ASTM D79	0				
Interact members of 25 GBR (16, 10P pr) 4.5 GBR (44, 13P pr) Step Step Mark STM 0722 14 days It days 3 MA (2007 pr) It days 3 VM (2017 pr) It days Moderate Controls It days Moderate Controls Violate Absorption STM 0020 3 VM (2015 pr) Violate Absorption STM 0020 11.8 Violate Absorption STM 0020 11.9 Violate Absorption StM 0020 11.8 Violate Absorption StM 0020 12.9 Violate Absorption StM 00200 <th></th> <th>14 days Modulus of ruptu</th> <th>ire _ 96 MPa (13 923 psi)</th> <th>15 MPa (2175 psi)</th> <th></th>		14 days Modulus of ruptu	ire _ 96 MPa (13 923 psi)	15 MPa (2175 psi)			
size days 15 MM (2005 pc)) 16 MMP (2220 pc)) Defector Hereature STM Def8 13 MM (2005 pc)) 54 *C (129 *T) Size (129 *T) 54 *C (129 *T) 54 *C (129 *T) Ministry (120 *C) 2 days Days (120 *C) 2 days Visc Advancements in Modernet concrete) 13 MM (2755 pc) 34 *C (129 *T) Visc Advancements in Modernet concrete) 13 MM (2755 pc) 34 *C (129 *T) Visc Advancement Concrete in Modernet concrete) 13 MM (2755 pc) 34 *C (129 *T) Visc Advancement Concrete in Modernet concrete) 13 *C 10 *C VOC Control 13 *C 12 *C VOC Control 13 *C 12 *C VOC Control 13 *C 12 *C Preparation Concrete: Sandblast on use other approved mechanical means to provide an open roughened texture. Steel: Sandblast to white metal finish. Mixing Pre-mix each component. Proportion 1 part component B to 2 parts component A by volume into a clean pall. Mix through the tax sand to 1 part of pre-mixed Sideut**35 *HMOd U into Ynotched on low-speed drill (300 - 450 rpm) until uniformly blended. Mix only that quantity that can be used within its pot life. To prepare an epoxy mortar: Slowly add 4-5 parts by loose volume of an oven-dried quartz sand to 1 part of pre-mixed Sideut**35 *HMod U into Ynotched or ark. Continue plac		Tangent modulus elasticity in bend	s of ing 2.5 GPa (3.6 x 10⁵ psi)	6.5 GPa (9.4 x 10 ⁵ psi)			
Image Street and the standard of the street of the stre		14 days Deflection Temperature ASTM	35 MPa (5076 psi) D648	16 MPa (2320 psi)			
Initialized concrete 19 MPI (255 pi) 14 days Molt Note 19 MPI (255 pi) Water Absorption SMB D570 7 days 2 h bit 1.1 % VOC Concet 5.0 /L Product prepares are typically servage, obtained water informations, meanable wateriations, meanable wateriations, meanable wateriations, and and the servage of the local feature, including reservage, curing preparation Surface Surface must be clean and sound. It may be dry or damp, but free of standing water. Remove dust, laitance, grease, curing compounds, impregnations, waxes, foreign particles and disintegrated materials. Concrete: Sandblast or use other approved mechanical means to provide an open roughened texture. Steel: Sandblast or wither-metal finish. Mixing Pre-mix each component. Proportion 1 part component B to 2 parts component A by volume into a clean pail. Mix thoroughly for three (3) minutes with paddle on low-speed drill (300 - 450 rpm) until uniformly blended. Mix only that quantity that can be used within its pot life. To greage an epoxy motar: Slowly add 4-5 parts by loose volume of an oven-dried quartz sand to 1 part of pre-mixed Sikadur*-35 Hi-Mod U vinto V-notched crack. Continue placement until completely filled. Seal underside of slab prior to filling if cracks: Use automated injection equipment or manual method. Set appropriate injection ports based on system used. Seal ports and crack with Sladur*-35 Hi-Mod U vint slow, steady pressure. To anchor holts, dowels and pins: Annular space around bolts should not ex		14 days, Fiber stress loading = 1.8 MPa (264 psi) Bond Strength ASTM (282	53 °C (127 °F)	54 °C (129 °F)			
2 days Dy cure 19 MM (2755 pi) Visit r Msorption ASM D570 11 % 2 Mode 2 h bail 1.1 % VOC Content 2 D pL Product appendix and the mode and the Montany conditions. Reasonable vertations can be exacted on-site due to local factors, including emotionment. HOW TO USE Surface must be clean and sound. It may be dry or damp, but free of standing water. Remove dust, laitance, greese, curing Preparation Preparation Concrete: Sandblast or use other approved mechanical means to provide an open roughened texture. Steel: Sandblast to white-metal finish. Mixing Pre-mix each component. Proportion 1 part component B to 2 parts component A by volume into a clean pail. Mix throrough for three (3) minutes with paddle on low-specific dual 11 (300 - 450 rpm) until uniformly blended. Mix only that quantity that can be used within its pot life. To prepare an epoxy mortar: Slowly add 4-5 parts by loose volume of an oven-dried quartz sand to 1 part of pre-mixed Sitadur**35 H-Mod UV and mix until uniform in consistency. Application To gravity feed tracks: Use automated injection equipment or manual method. Set appropriate injection ports based on system used. Seal ports and crack with Sidadur**35 H-Mod UV and mix until uniform in consistency. To pressure inject tracks: Use automated injection equipment or manual method. Set appropriate injection ports based on system used. Seal ports and crack with Sidadur**35 H-Mod UV and mix		(Hardened concrete to hardened	ed concrete)				
If days Mote and the second secon		2 days Dry cure	19 MPa (2755 psi)				
Witer Absorption XTM 0570 1.1 % VOC Content 1.0 g/L Product arrow gains and standard witer laboratory conditions. Reasonable variations can be superiod and wite due to local plants. Including environment. HOW TO USE Surface Surface must be clean and sound. It may be dry or damp, but free of standing water. Remove dust, laitance, grease, curing preparation Concrete: Sandblast or use other approved mechanical means to provide an open roughened texture. Steel: Sandblast or use other approved mechanical means to provide an open roughened texture. Steel: Sandblast or use other approved mechanical means to provide an open roughened texture. Steel: Sandblast or water approved mechanical means to provide an open roughened texture. Steel: Sandblast or water approved mechanical means to provide an open roughened texture. Steel: Sandblast or water approved mechanical means to provide an open roughened texture. To prepare an epoxy mortar: Slowly add 4-5 parts by loose volume of an oven-dried quartz sand to 1 part of pre-mixed Siduadr*-35 Hi-Mod U and mix until uniform in consistency. Application To gravity feed cracks: Pour neet Sikadur*-35 Hi-Mod U winto V-notched crack. Continue placement until completely filled. Seal underside of slab prior to filling if cracks: reflect through. To anchor bots, dowels and pins: Anounar space around bot should not exceed 3 mm (1/8 in). Depth of embed		14 days Moist cure	19 MPa (2755 psi)				
Provide the stage of the second sec		Water Absorption ASTM D570					
HOW Contain To provide regardly engrand and white halo the halo the second of the second		/ days 2 h boil	1.1 %				
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Clean Up Uncured material can be removed with Sika® Epoxy Cleaner. Cured product can only be removed mechanically. Limitations • Minimum application temperature: 4 °C (39 °F). Do not thin with solvents. • Use oven-dried sand only. Maximum epoxy mortar thickness: 38 mm (1 1/2 in) per lift. • Epoxy mortar is for interior use only. Do not seal exterior slabs on grade. • Minimum age of concrete must be 21 - 28 days depending on curing and drying conditions. Porous substrates must be tested for vapour transmission prior to mortar application or slab sealing. • Not for injection of cracks under hydrostatic pressure. Do not inject cracks greater than 6 mm (1/4 in). • Do not inject cracks greater than 6 mm (1/4 in).		For an epoxy mortar: Prime prepared surface v Place the epoxy mortar u Sikadur®-35 Hi-Mod LV n	with neat Sikadur®-35 Hi-M Ising trowels. Compact and nortar is for interior use or	od LV. Place prepared epoxy mortar before primer becomes t level with vibrating screed or trowels then finish with finishing ly.	ack-free. g trowel.		
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 Epoxy mortar is for interior use only. Do not seal exterior slabs on grade. Minimum age of concrete must be 21 - 28 days depending on curing and drying conditions. Porous substrates must be tested for vapour transmission prior to mortar application or slab sealing. Not for injection of cracks under hydrostatic pressure. Do not inject cracks greater than 6 mm (1/4 in). 		 Maximum epoxy mort 	ar thickness: 38 mm (1 1/2	in) per lift.			
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 Do not inject cracks greater than 6 mm (1/4 in). 		 Not for injection of cra 	acks under hydrostatic pre	sinission prior to mortar application of side sealing. stire			
		 Do not inject cracks gr 	reater than 6 mm (1/4 in).				





For information and advice on the safe handling, storage and disposal of chemical products, users should refer to the most recent SAFETY DATA SHEET containing physical, ecological, toxicological and other safety-related data.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

The Information, and in particular, the recommendations relating to the application and end-use of Sika products, are given in good faith based on Sika's current knowledge and experience of the products when properly stored, handled and applied under normal conditions, within their shelflife. In practice, the differences in materials, substrates and actual site conditions are such that no warranty in respect of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose, nor any liability arising out of any legal relationship whatsoever, can be inferred either from this information, or from any recommendations, or from any other advice offered. The information contained herein does not relieve the user of the products from testing them for the intended application and purpose. The proprietary rights of third parties must be observed. All orders are accepted subject to our current terms of sale and delivery. Users must always refer to the most recent issue of the local Product Data Sheet for the product concerned, copies of which will be supplied on request or may be downloaded from our website at: www.sika.ca

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Certified ISO 9001 (CERT-0102780) Certified ISO 14001 (CERT-0102791)



Sikadur®-35 Hi-Mod LV CSC Master Format[™] 03 64 23 EPOXY INJECTION GROUTING



PRODUCT DATA SHEET

Sikadur[®]-53 CA

EPOXY RESIN-BASED STRUCTURAL GROUT DESIGNED FOR INJECTION, ANCHORING AND SEATING APPLICATIONS

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Sikadur[®]-53 CA is a two-component structural grout based on epoxy resin, designed for injection, anchoring, and seating applications and for use at temperatures between 5 and 30 °C.

WHERE TO USE

Sikadur[®]-53 CA may only be used by experienced professionals.

- Injection of voids and cracks by gravity or under pressure, including in wet or submerged environments
- Grouting of anchors, posts, connectors for mixed wood or concrete floors, etc.
- Seating of support plates, machine bases, metal rail support saddles (track work, crane tracks), metal profiles, etc.
- Filling of cavities, voids, etc., including in a submerged environment (by displacement of the water in place when filling the void with Sikadur[®]-53 CA)

CHARACTERISTICS / ADVANTAGES

- Applicable for gravity feeding or pressure injection of cracks widths ranging from 0.5 to 30mm (0.02 to 1.18 in)
- Applicable to a maximum thickness of 30 mm (per layer) for base plate/seating applications
- Application temperature between 5 and 30 °C
- Hardens without shrinkage
- Hardens even in damp conditions
- Barrier against moisture and oxygen
- Prevents the entry of water and the infiltration of substances causing corrosion of the reinforcement in the structures
- Good adhesion on concrete, steel, masonry elements, stone
- Good adhesion on cement-based substrates immersed in salt water
- Displaces water from the cracks and voids during filling
- Good mechanical strength even after hardening underwater
- Injectable with a single piston pump or bulk injection equipment

APPROVALS / CERTIFICATES

Approved by the Ministère des Transports du Québec (MTQ).

PRODUCT INFORMATION

CSC MasterFormat®

03 64 23 | EPOXY INJECTION GROUTING

Composition / Manufacturing

Mixture of epoxy resin and special fillers

Product Data Sheet Sikadur[®]-53 CA June 2024, Version 05.02 020202010010000091

Packaging	6 L (1.59 US gal.) and 12 L (3.17 US ga components (A+B) 6 L (1.59 US gal.) unit	al.) pre-dosed units divided into 2		
	Comp A	~4.68 L (1.24 US gal.)		
	Comp. B	~1.33 L (0.35 US gal.)		
	Comp. A	~9.35 L (2.47 US gal.)		
	Comp. B	~2.65 L (0.70 US gal.)		
Shelf Life	2 years in original, unopened packaging and stored in appropriate conditions (see 'Storage conditions').			
Storage Conditions	Store dry at temperatures between 5 and 30 °C (41 and 86 °F). Protect material from direct exposure to sunlight and freezing.			
Colour	Comp. A	Grey		
	Comp. B	Transparent		
	Comp. A + Comp. B (mixed)	Concrete grey		
 Density	at 23 °C (73 °F) and 50 % R.H.			
	Comp. A	~2.33 kg/L		
	Comp. B	~1.01 kg/L		
	Comp A + B (mixed)	~2.07 kg/L		
Viscosity	3,320 cps (A and B components mixed together)			
Volatile organic compound (VOC) con- tent	27 g/L	(ASTM D2363)		
TECHNICAL INFORMATION				

Shore D Hardness	91 (7 days	(ASTM D2240)			
Compressive Strength		cured under water	cured under water	cured at 50 % R.H.	(ASTM D695)
	time	5 °C (41 °F)	23 °C (73 °F)	23 °C (73 °F)	
	1 day	-	69 MPa	79 MPa	
			(10,005 psi)	(11,455 psi)	
	7 days	-	81 MPa	-	
			(11,745 psi)		
	14 days	72.6 MPa	91 MPa	90 MPa	
		(10,527 psi)	(13,195 psi)	(13,050 psi)	
Modulus of Elasticity in Compression			cured under water		(ASTM D695)
	time		20 °C (68 °F)		
	14 days		2,880 MPa (4	17, 600 psi)	
Tensile Strength in Flexure		cured under water	cured under water	cured at 50 % R.H.	(ASTM C580)
	time	5 °C (41 °F)	23 °C (73 °F)	23 °C (73 °F)	
	1 day	-	22.3 MPa	29 MPa	
			(3,233 psi)	(4,205 psi)	
	14 days	31.5 MPa	41.6 MPa	33 MPa	

(4,567 psi)

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(6,032 psi)

(4,785 psi)

Modulus of Elasticity in Flexure	cured under water			(ASTM C580)	
 Tensile Strength	time	time 23 °C (73 °F)			
	14 days	4,470 MPa (417,600 psi)			
		cured under water	cured at 50 % R.H.	(ASTM D638)	
	time	23 °C (73 °F)	23 °C (73 °F)		
	14 days	16.5 MPa (2,392	18.7 MPa (2,711		
		psi)	psi)		
Pull-Off Strength	Pull-off metho	od			
		cured under water	cured at 50 % R.H.	(ASTM C1583)	
	time	23 °C (73 °F)	23 °C (73 °F)		
	14 days	2.64 MPa (382 psi)	2.5 MPa (362 psi) -		
		- Concrete failure	Concrete failure		
Heat Deflection Temperature	46.8 ºC (after 14 days)			(ASTM D-648)	
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion	6.565 x 10-5 per °C (linear expansion between -20 °C and +60 °C)				
	(product cured at 23 ºC)				
Chemical Resistance	Contact Sika Canada				
APPLICATION INFORMATIO	N				
Layer Thickness	30 mm (1.18 in) max.				
Ambient Air Temperature	5 °C (41 °F) min. / 30 °C (86 °F) max.				
Mixing Ratio	Comp.A : Com	Comp.A : Comp.B = 8 : 1 per weight			
	Comp.A : Com	Comp.A : Comp.B = 3.5 : 1			
Substrate Temperature	5 °C (41 °F) min. / 30 °C (86 °F) max.				
Pot Life	Full kit tested at 20 °C (68 °F)				
	Kit Format	Kit Format		Pot Life	
	12.3 kg		29 minutes		
	24.5 kg		30 minutes		

Note: Pot life begins when the two components are mixed. It is shorter at high temperatures and longer at low temperatures. The greater the quantity mixed, the shorter the pot life. For longer pot life at high temperatures, divide the mixed product into several portions. Another method is to cool components A and B before mixing (not below 5 °C / 41 °F).

BASIS OF PRODUCT DATA

Product properties are typically averages, obtained under laboratory conditions. Reasonable variations can be expected on-site due to local factors, including environment, preparation, application, curing and test methods.

LIMITATIONS

- Sikadur[®]-53 CA should only be used by experienced professionals.
- Do not mix by hand. Only use mechanical mixing

equipment.

- Mix only full kits. do not split kits or do partial mixes.
- Do not thin with solvents. Solvents will prevent proper cure.
- Pot life at low temperatures is longer than at high temperatures but the product will be more difficult to inject and will take longer to cure.
- Pot life is shorter at higher temperatures.
- Do not exceed the maximum application thickness of 30 mm (per coat).
- Do not seal exterior slabs on grade.
- Minimum age of concrete must be 21- 28 days, depending on curing and drying conditions, for mortar and to seal slabs.





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- A suitability study and tests must be carried out in order to establish the compatibility of the resin, the spacing of the injection ports, the injection equipment to use and the pressures to be exerted.
- Not for injection of cracks under hydrostatic pressure at the time of application.
- In case of doubt, take core samples at the crack's location to check for material/resin penetration
- Not an aesthetic product. Color may alter due to variations in lighting and/or UV exposure.

ENVIRONMENT, HEALTH & SAFETY

User must read the most recent corresponding Safety Data Sheets (SDS) before using any products. The SDS provides information and advice on the safe handling, storage and disposal of chemical products and contains physical, ecological, toxicological and other safetyrelated data.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

SUBSTRATE PREPARATION

Concrete / masonry / mortar / stone

Check the resistance of the substrate. The surface after preparation must be clean, dry and free of all contaminants (impurities, oil, grease, coating or existing surface treatment) that could alter the adhesion of the product to the substrate. The substrate must be prepared mechanically (sandblasting, shot-blasting or other appropriate mechanical means) until an open surface texture is obtained. For concrete

surface preparation, a CSP 3-4 as per ICRI is required. Steel

All steel contact surfaces must be dry, clean and stable. Remove all existing treatments such as coatings, sealers, wax, and contaminants i.e. dirt, dust, grease, oils, and foreign matter, which will interfere with the adhesion of Sikadur®-53 CA. Prepare steel substrates by appropriate mechanical means, such as abrasive blast-cleaning in order to achieve clean white metal profile equivalent to SSPC-SP10, Near White Metal, 2 to 4 mil anchor profile, and install grout before oxidation of the steel occurs.

MIXING

Pre-mix each component separately. Empty component B into the component A pail. Mix the combined components for at least three (3) minutes, using a lowspeed drill (300 - 450 rpm) to minimize entrapping air. Use an Exomixer® or Jiffy® type mixing paddle (recommended model) suited to the volume of the mixing container. During the mixing operation, scrape down the sides and bottom of the container with a flat or straight edge trowel at least once, to ensure complete mixing. When completely mixed, Sikadur®-53 should be uniform in colour and consistency.

For application under water, let the product stand for 15

minutes (at 20 °C / 68 °F) after mixing components A and B for the product to start a pre-reaction, to obtain an optimal adhesion on the substrate. **Mix only the number of kits that can be installed during the pot-life.**

APPLICATION METHOD / TOOLS

To gravity feed cracks:

Pour neat Sikadur[®]-53 CA into V-notched crack. Continue placement until completely filled. Seal underside of slab prior to filling if cracks reflect through. Sikadur[®] 53 CA can be used in cracks widths ranging from 0.5 to 30 mm.

To pressure inject cracks:

Use applicable injection equipment or manual bulk gun. Set appropriate injection ports based on system used. Seal ports and cracks with Sikadur®-31 Hi-Mod Gel or any Sika AnchorFix® products. When the epoxy adhesive seal has cured, inject Sikadur®-53 CA with slow, steady pressure. Sikadur®-53 CA is suited for injection of wider cracks with widths in excess of 6 mm.

Grouting / Seating:

For optimum flowability for grouting applications, condition materials to 23 °C (73 °F) for 24 hours prior to use. When the product is used for grouting (seating) applications, use watertight formwork to avoid any product leakage. For underwater application, use a system such as a funnel and flexible tubes for pouring the product in order to have sufficient weight / hydrostatic pressure by gravity for underwater injection. It may also be mixed and pumped with an appropriate single component airless pump. Contact your Sika Technical Sales Representative for additional details.

CLEAN UP

Clean all tools and equipment with Sika[®] Epoxy Cleaner. Once hardened, product can only be removed mechanically.

LOCAL RESTRICTIONS

Note that as a result of specific local regulations the declared data and recommended uses for this product may vary from country to country. Consult the local Product Data Sheet for exact product data and uses.

LEGAL NOTES

The information, and in particular, the recommendations relating to the application and enduse of Sika products, are given in good faith based on Sika's current knowledge and experience of the products when properly stored, handled and applied under normal conditions in accordance with Sika's recommendations. In practice, the differences in materials, substrates and actual site conditions are such that no warranty in respect of merchantability or of





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fitness for a particular purpose, nor any liability arising out of any legal relationship whatsoever, can be inferred either from this information, or from any recommendations, or from any other advice offered. The information contained herein does not relieve the user of the products from testing them for the intended application and purpose. The proprietary rights of third parties must be observed. All orders are accepted subject to our current terms of sale and delivery. Users must always refer to the most recent issue of the local Product Data Sheet for the product concerned, copies of which will be supplied on request or may be downloaded from our website at: www.sika.ca

Sika Canada Inc.

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Product Data Sheet Sikadur®-53 CA June 2024, Version 05.02

020202010010000091

Other locations

Boisbriand (Quebec) Brantford; Cambridge; Sudbury; Toronto (Ontario) Edmonton (Alberta) Surrey (British Columbia)

Sikadur-53CA-en-CA-(06-2024)-5-2.pdf



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PRODUCT DATA SHEET

Edition 12.2017/v1 CSC Master Format™ 07 95 00 EXPANSION CONTROL

Sikadur[®] Combiflex SG System

SUPERIOR-PERFORMANCE "STRIP-AND-SEAL" SYSTEM FOR WIDE, IRREGULAR, HIGH MOVEMENT AND DIFFICULT-TO-SEAL JOINTS AND CRACKS

Description	Sikadur [®] Combiflex SG Sys high movement and difficu Polyolefin (FPO) waterproc across the joint, the tape seal.	tem is an internationally proven Ilt-to-seal joints and cracks. The fing tape with advanced adhesi allows considerable movement	n and superior-performance sealing system for wide, irregular, e Sikadur® Combiflex SG System consists of a modified flexible on using Sikadur®-31 Hi-Mod Gel ^{ca} , or Sikadur®-30. When fixed in more than one direction, while maintaining a high-quality		
Where to Use	 Construction joints, expa Waste-water treatment On many construction s glass, polyester, epoxy a 	nsion joints, connecting joints and containment structures. ubstrates, including concrete, n nd other building materials.	or cracks in tunnels and underground structures. nortar, plaster, asbestos cement, steel, iron, aluminum, wood,		
	 Roofs, pipes, storage tan Difficult-to-seal joints or 	cracks where existing sealants of	to structures and parking garages. cannot be removed and a surface- mounted seal is the solution.		
Advantages	 Advanced adhesion, no a Durable, economic and a Can restore failed joints Contractor has advantag Exceptional adhesion on Can even be applied on Extended open time of ensures quick turn-arou Waterproof, weather-, cl Withstands UV light. ANSI/NSF Standard 61 ar Hi-Mod Gel^{CA} only). 	activation of tape required. cost effective solution. without removing defective sea es of always working on surface virtually all common building r damp surfaces; Sikadur®-30 and Sikadur®-30 allows for ease o nd. nemical- and root-resistant.	alant. e of substrate. naterials; unmatched compatibility of tape and adhesive. d Sikadur®-31 Hi-Mod Gel ^{cA} are moisture-tolerant. f installation; fast-setting values of Sikadur®-31 Hi-Mod Gel ^{cA} ial order, ANSI/NSF grade Sikadur® Combiflex SG & Sikadur®-31		
	Product qualified by The Road Authority (TRA).				
	Technical Data Packaging	Sikadur [®] -30 adhesive: 3.7 / Sikadur [®] -31 Hi-Mod Gel ^{ca} a Sikadur [®] Combiflex SG tap (4. 8 and 12 in) wide x 25 n	. (0.98 US gal.) unit Idhesive: 10 L (2.6 US gal.) unit e: 100, 200 and 300 mm (82 ft) long rolls		
	Colour	Sikadur®-30 adhesive: Ligh Sikadur®-31 Hi-Mod Gel ^{ca} a Sikadur® Combiflex SG tap	t Grey ddhesive: Concrete Grey e: Concrete Grey		
	Shelf Life	1 year for Sikadur [®] Combiflex tape in original packaging. Protect Sikadur [®] Combiflex tape from direct sunlight. Store in cool, dry area. Condition each component between 18 and 29°C (65 and 29°F) before using.			
	Yield	 Sikadur®-30 adhesive: 1st layer = 3.6 m² (38 ft²) at 1 mm (40 mils) thick per 3.7 L (0.98 US gal.) unit, or 1st and 2nd layer = 1.8 m² (19 ft²) at 1 mm (40 mils) thick per 3.7 L (0.98 US gal.) unit. Do not apply at thicknesses greater than 3 mm (1/8 in). Sikadur®-31 Hi-Mod Gel^{cA} adhesive: 1st layer = 10 m² (100 ft²) at 1 mm (40 mils) thick per 10 L (2.6 US gal.) unit, or 1st and 2nd layer = 5 m² (50 ft²) at 1 mm (40 mils) thick per 10 L (2.6 US gal.) unit. Do not apply at thicknesses greater than 3 mm (1/8 in). 			
	Mix Ratio Sikadur®-30: 3:1 by volume Sikadur®-31 Hi-Mod Gel ^{cA} : 1:1 by volume				
	Service Temperatures	-30 to 40 °C (-22 to 104 °F) -30 to 60 °C (-22 to 140 °F)	wet conditions dry conditions		
	Properties at 23 °C (73 °F)	and 50 % R.H.			
	Sikadur [®] Adhesives	Sikadur®-30	Sikadur®-31 Hi-Mod Gel ^{ca}		
	Pot Life	Approx. 1 hr 30 min	30 min		
	Tack-Free Time - 1 hr 30 min - 2 hrs (30 mils)				
	Note: Complete Sikadur® adhesiy	e performance information available on	respective Product Data Sheet.		

	Sikadur [®] Combiflex SG Tape	
	Tensile Properties ASTM D412 Tensile strength	12 MPa (1740 psi)
	Elongation at break	> 600 %
	Recoverable elongation	10% (of non adhered tape width)
	Tear Resistance ASTM D624	12 N/mm (69 lb/in)
	Temperature at Embrittlement	-40 °C (-40 °F)
	Peel Strength ASTM D903	
	Concrete Substrate, 7 days	No loss of adhesion between Sikadur [®] Combitlex SG and Sikadur [®] -30 or Sikadur [®] -31 Hi-Mod Gel ^{CA} ; or between concrete and Sikadur [®] -30 or Sikadur [®] -31 Hi-Mod Gel ^{CA} .
		(according to EN 1548), bittmen emulsion coatings (staining possible), etc. Temporary to: Light fuel oil, diesel, diluted alkali and mineral acids, ethanol, methanol, petrol, etc.
	product properties are typically averages, obtained preparation, application, curing and test methods.	a under laboratory conditions. Reasonable variations can be expected on-site due to local factors, including environment,
HOW TO USE		
Surface	Substrate Preparation	
Preparation	Surfaces on either side of the joint of frost. Remove all existing coatings, if or other foreign and loose friable m stable, fine gripping texture similar	or crack must be clean and sound. They may be damp but free from standing water and impregnations, surface treatments, curing compounds, laitance, oil, grease, dirt, dust naterial by appropriate mechanical means, such as sandblasting, to achieve a suitably to ICRI-CSP 1-3.
	Deteriorated concrete or cement so prior to proceeding with Sikadur® C	ubstrates should be repaired to an even, level line using an appropriate Sika mortar combiflex SG system installation.
	Steel substrates should be prepare sealers, wax, and contaminants i.e adhesives. Prepare steel substrates a clean, white metal profile equiva immediately before oxidation of the	d to a clean and sound condition. Remove all existing treatments such as coatings, . dirt, dust, grease, oils, and foreign matter, which will interfere with the Sikadur [®] by appropriate mechanical means, such as abrasive blast-cleaning in order to achieve lent to SSPC-SP10, Near White Metal, 2 - 4 mils anchor profile and apply adhesives e steel occurs.
Tape Selection	Tape Selection Selection of the correct tape size of Services for advice.	depends on the expected performance. If necessary, contact Sika Canada Technical
	1 mm (1/25 in) thickness tape: 10% of the non adhered tape width.	
	and fix tape in a loop into the joint.	
	Tape Preparation Prepare Sikadur [®] Combiflex SG tap or contaminants which would othe contaminated or dirty, clean it with Combiflex SG tape for damages dur Note: No activation on site require	be by unrolling to allow tape to settle and flatten. Protect against contact with dirt erwise interfere with adhesion. If the surface of the Sikadur [®] Combiflex SG tape is a dry or wet cloth. Use water but do not use solvent for cleaning. Check the Sikadur [®] ing storage and transport (i.e. heavy scratches) and remove critical parts if necessary.
Tape Jointing	Sikadur [®] Combiflex SG tape ends an overlap.	re connected by a process of localised abrading followed by hot air, thermal welding
	With an overlap of 40 to 50 mm (1 roughing the surface with grade 60 overlap, removing all traces of a sho	3/4 to 2 in) in length, the contact surfaces within that overlap must be prepared by - 100 sandpaper or a Scotch [®] Brite pad. Thoroughly roughen both contact faces in the een and creating clean, matte and textured surfaces.
	Note: Only roughen the contact su reduced.	urfaces to be heat welded, otherwise the bonding effect of epoxy adhesives will be
	Using a Leister Triac S or similarly e together. A recommended process remainder.	effective heat-welder, with temperatures set at 380 - 400 °C, weld the tape overlaps is to tack weld either edge/perimeter of the overlap and then completely weld the
	While hot air welding, use a solid retermination of each of the tapes is	ubber or silicone roller to press the two heated contact faces together, ensuring that securely fastened, without gaps.
	Assessment of the welds should be cohesive failure of the tape occurs	made once the overlap area has cooled. The desired level of adhesion is one where before bond failure.
Adhesive Mixing	Pre-stir each component of Sikadu achieve consistent material. Empty either adhesive, into a suitably size Mix for 3 min using a low-speed dr (recommended model). During the edge trowel at least once to ensur Gel ^{CA} should be uniform in colour a its pot life.	Ir [®] -30 or Sikadur [®] -31 Hi-Mod Gel ^{CA} to evenly distribute contents of each part and y contents of Component A and Component B, or correctly proportioned parts of ed and clean mixing vessel if the supplied containers are not appropriate for such. ill (300 to 450 rpm) to minimize air entrapment. Use a <i>Exomixer</i> type mixing paddle mixing operation, scrape down the sides and bottom of the pail with a flat- or straight- e thorough mixing. Upon completion of mixing, Sikadur [®] -30 or Sikadur [®] -31 Hi Mod nd cosistency. Mix only that quantity of Sikadur [®] adhesive which you can use within

Sikadur[®] Combiflex SG System CSC Master Format[™] 07 95 00 EXPANSION CONTROL 2/3





1st Layer Adhesive: Apply a bonding layer of the mixed Sikadur®-30 or Sikadur®-31 Hi-Mod Gel^{CA} to the prepared surfaces, parallel to the joint or crack, at a width of at least 40 mm (1.6 in) on either side (depending on the type of joint or crack) and at a thickness of approx. 1 to 2 mm (1/25 to 1/12 in). Terminate the adhesive 6 mm (1/4 in) from the edges of the joint or crack. Work the adhesive into the substrate for positive adhesion and work to either masking tape or chalk mark-defined edges to achieve a neat edge.

Tape Installation: Set the Sikadur[®] Combiflex SG tape into the epoxy adhesive within the open-time and while the resin layer is tacky. Ensure that the tape is located centrally over the joint or crack as this will ensure that the crack or joint is adequately bridged to accommodate any movement. Using a hard roller, similar to a rubber seam or wall paper roller, force the tape down into the epoxy, ensuring that there is complete contact between the tape and the epoxy, with no air entrapment or unbonded locations.

2nd **Layer Adhesive:** Apply an encapsulating, 1 to 2 mm (1/25 to 1/12 in) thick layer of the mixed Sikadur®-30 or Sikadur®-31 Hi-Mod Gel^{CA} to the upper surface of the bonded Sikadur® Combiflex tape, extending this layer beyond the edge of the FPO tape and onto the underlying epoxy resin. Note: Ensure that no epoxy covers the surface of the Sikadur® Combiflex SG intended to allow for movement.

SIKADUR 30/31 (2nd layer)
COMBIFLEX SG TAPE
MASKING TAPE OR CHALK LINE
SIKADUR 30/31 (1st layer)
Timm St.
PREPARED SUBSTRATE
TERMINATE THE ADHESIVE 6 MM EROM EACE OF THE IDINT

Clean Up Uncured material can be removed from equipment and tools using Sika® Epoxy Cleaner. Cured material can only be removed manually or mechanically. For removal of uncured material from hands and sensitive surfaces, use Sika® Hand Cleaner towels.

	Cleaner towels.	incentationally. For removal of a		
Limitations	 Minimum age of new Maximum ambient r Minimum surface (st Do not apply over w Do not thin Sikadur[®] It is not recommend periods. 	w concrete is 3 to 6 weeks, dep relative humidity is 95 % ubstrate) temperature is 4 °C (3 ret substrates and standing wat P-30 or Sikadur®-31 Hi-Mod Gel ded to expose Sikadur®-30 or S	ending on climate. 9 °F). er. ^{CA} , as solvents will prevent prope ikadur®-31 Hi-Mod Gel ^{CA} to elev macking tang controlly positions	er cure. vated temperatures for prolonged
	 where bonding Sikadar Where bonding Sikadar Where bonding Sikadar Combiflex. Consult S When Sikadur® Com Where in contact with Hi-Mod Gel^{CA} and Si If joints are to be sure commended. For exposure to neg one side. 	stallation. dur [®] Combiflex SG to the form dur [®] Combiflex SG to the Sik Sika Canada Technical Services f biflex SG tape is used in traffic th potable water and requiring <i>A</i> kadur [®] Combiflex SG tape musi- bjected to water pressure, the ative water pressure, the Sikad	er grade of Sikadur® Combiflex, aplan® andthen adhering the S or guidance. areas, cover-plates are required. NSI/NSF Standard 61-approval, s be used. tape must be supported in the j ur® Combiflex SG tape must be s	use Sikaplan [®] WT as a connecting ikaplan [®] to the former grade of pecial-order grades of Sikadur [®] -31 oint. Hard foam or joint sealant is secured with a steel plate fixed on
Health and Safety Information	For information and ar most recent SAFETY D KEEP OUT OF REACH C FOR INDUSTRIAL USE C The Information, and in particular experience of the products when r site conditions are such that no wi inferred either from this informati from testing them for the intende and delivery. Users must always r downloaded from our website at: SIKA CANADA INC. Head Office 601, avenue Delmar Pointe-Claire. Quebec	dvice on the safe handling, sto PATA SHEET containing physical OF CHILDREN DNLY r, the recommendations relating to the applica properly stored, handled and applied under no arranty in respect of merchantability or of fitme ion, or from any recommendations, or from an ed application and purpose. The proprietary rig efer to the most recent issue of the local Prod www.sika.ca Other locations Toronto Edmonton	rage and disposal of chemical p , ecological, toxicological and oth tion and end-use of Sika products, are given in g mal conditions, within their shellfife. In practice, j ss for a particular purpose, nor any liability arisin o ther advice offered. The information contained the of third parties must be observed. All orders uct Data Sheet for the product concerned, copies 1-800-933-SIKA	ood faith based on Sika's current knowledge and the differences in materials, substrates and actual g out of any legal relationship whatsoever, can be d herein does not relieve the user of the products are accepted subject to our current terms of sale s of which will be supplied on request or may be
	Pointe-Claire, Quebec H9R 4A9	Edmonton Vancouver	www.sika.ca	Certified ISO 9001 (CERT-0102780) Certified ISO 14001 (CERT-0102791)







PRODUCT DATA SHEET Sikaflex[®]-2c NS EZ Mix

TWO-COMPONENT, NON-SAG, POLYURETHANE ELASTOMERIC SEALANT



PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Sikaflex[®]-2c NS EZ Mix is a two-component, premiumgrade, polyurethane-based, elastomeric sealant. It is principally a chemical cure in a non-sag consistency.

WHERE TO USE

- Intended for use in all properly designed working joints with a minimum depth of 6 mm (1/4 in).
- Ideal for vertical and horizontal applications.
- Can be applied at temperatures as low as +4 °C (39 °F).
- Adheres to most substrates commonly found in construction.
- An effective sealant for use in Exterior Insulation Finish Systems (EIFS).
- Submerged environments, such as canal and reservoir joints.

CHARACTERISTICS / ADVANTAGES

- Capable of ± 50 % joint movement
- Chemical cure allows the sealant to be placed in joints exceeding 13 mm (1/2 in) in depth for non-moving joint
- High elasticity with a tough, durable, flexible consistency
- Exceptional cut and tear resistance
- Exceptional adhesion to most substrates without priming
- Available in 35 standard architectural colours
- Colour uniformity assured via Color-pak system
- Non-sag even in wide joints

- Easy to mix
- Paintable with water, oil, and rubber-base paints
- Sikaflex[®]-2c Booster available for faster cure in cold weather
- Traffic grade available, see Sikaflex[®]-2c NS EZ Mix TG Product Data Sheet for specifications

ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

- Conformity with LEED[®] v4 MR Credit (option 1): Building Product Disclosure and Optimization -Material Ingredients
- Conformity with LEED[®] v4 IEQ Credit: Low-Emitting Materials
- Conformity with LEED[®]v4 MR Credit (Option 1): Building Product Disclosure and Optimization -Sourcing of Raw Materials

APPROVALS / CERTIFICATES

- 2-hour UL Fire Rated Joint System Nos. FF-S-1034, FW-S-1020, HW-S-1018, WW-S-1037
- ANSI/NSF Standard 61 approved for potable water contact
- Meets ASTM C920, Type M, Grade NS, Class 25, use T, NT, M, G, A, O
- Meets Federal Specification TT-S-00227E, Type II, Class A
- Meets Federal Specification TT-S-001543A
- Meets Federal Specification TT-S-00230C
- Meets CAN/CGSB 19.24 M90
- USDA approved
- Canadian Food Inspection Agency (CFIA) acceptance
- Ministry of Transport Québec (MTQ) acceptance
- UL certified to CAN/ULC-S115-05: Standard Method of Firestop Systems and to ANSI/UL 2070: Fire Resistance of Building Joint Systems (FF-S-1034, FW-S-1020, HW-S-1018, WW-S-1037) for use in Canada

Product Data Sheet Sikaflex®-2c NS EZ Mix June 2022, Version 01.02 020511050000000002

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Packaging	5.7 L and 11.4 L units (1.5 and 3 US gal. units) Color-pak and Sikaflex®-2c Booster sold separately.
Shelf Life	1 year in original, unopened packaging.
Storage Conditions	Store dry at temperatures between +4 °C and +35 °C (39 °F and 95 °F). Condition product between +18 °C and +24 °C (65 °F and 75 °F) before using.
Colour	35 standard architectural colours are available. Special colours available on request.
Volatile organic compound (VOC) con- tent	< 64 g/L

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Shore A Hardness	25 ± 5			(ASTM D2240)
Tensile Strength	0.62 MPa (90 p	0.62 MPa (90 psi)		
Modulus of Elasticity in Tension	0.48 MPa (70 p	0.48 MPa (70 psi)		
Elongation at Break	300 %			(ASTM D412)
Adhesion in Peel	Substrate Concrete	Peel Strength > 2.63 N/mm (> 15 lb/in)	% Adhesion loss Zero	(Fed Spec.TT-S- 00227E)
Tear Strength	7.88 N/mm (45	i lb/in)		(ASTM D624)
Service Temperature	-40 °C to +77 °C (-40 °F to 170 °F)			
Chemical Resistance	Good resistance to water, diluted acids, diluted alkalines, and residential sewage. Consult Sika Canada for specific data.			
Resistance to Weathering	Excellent			

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Linear Metre of Sealant per Litre Depth Width 6 (1/4) 13 (½) 19 (¾) 25 (1) mm (in) 6 (¼) 24.8 12.4 6.2 13 (½) 19 (¾) 8.3 4.1 2.8 3.1 25 (1) 6.2 2.1 1.6 32 (1¼) 5.0 2.5 1.7 1.2 38 (1½) 4.1 2.1 1.4 1.0



Product Data Sheet Sikaflex®-2c NS EZ Mix June 2022, Version 01.02 02051105000000002

Yield

		Depth		
	Width	32 (1¼)	38 (1½)	
	mm (in)			
	6 (¼)			
	13 (½)			
	19 (¾)			
	25 (1)			
	32 (1¼)	1.0		
	38 (1½)	0.8	0.7	
Ambient Air Temperature	+4 °C to +38 °C (39	9 °F to 100 °F)		
Substrate Temperature	+4 °C to +38 °C (39	9 °F to 100 °F)		
	Sealant should be	installed when joint is at	mid-range of its and	ticipated
	movement.			
Curing Rate	Tack-Free	8-10 hours		(ASTM C679)
	Final cure	3 days		
		•		

BASIS OF PRODUCT DATA

Product properties are typically averages, obtained under laboratory conditions. Reasonable variations can be expected on-site due to local factors, including environment, preparation, application, curing and test methods.

Properties tested at +23 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (73 $^{\circ}\text{F}) and 50 <math display="inline">\%$ R.H. unless stated otherwise.

LIMITATIONS

- The ultimate performance of Sikaflex[®]-2c NS EZ Mix, depends on good joint design and proper application.
- Some substrates require priming. Please refer to the Sikaflex® Primers Product Data Sheet or contact Sika Canada.
- Although applying sealants over paints, sealers or coatings is not recommended within the industry, where it cannot be avoided, it is always necessary to test for adhesion. It should also be recognized that the existing paint, sealer or coating will dictate bond values and possibly the integrity of a subsequently applied sealant and thus the performance of the joint.
- Minimum depth in working joint is 6 mm (1/4 in).
- Maximum expansion and contraction should not exceed 50 % of average joint width.
- Avoid contact with materials or surfaces impregnated with, or containing, oil, asphalt, tar or bituminous substances.
- Do not apply or cure in the presence of uncured silicone sealants, alcohol and other solvent cleaners.
- Allow three (3) day cure before subjecting sealant to total water immersion.
- Avoid exposure to high levels of chlorine (Maximum level is 5 ppm).
- Do not apply when moisture vapour transmission exists since this can cause bubbling within the sealant.
- Avoid over-mixing sealant.
- Light colour shades tend to yellow over time when

- exposed to ultraviolet rays.
- When overcoating, an on-site test is recommended to determine actual compatibility.

ENVIRONMENT, HEALTH & SAFETY

User must read the most recent corresponding Safety Data Sheets (SDS) before using any products. The SDS provides information and advice on the safe handling, storage and disposal of chemical products and contains physical, ecological, toxicological and other safetyrelated data.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

SUBSTRATE PREPARATION

All joint surfaces must be clean, sound, dry and frostfree. Joint walls must be free of oils, tar, asphalt, bitumen, grease, paints, coatings, sealers, curing compound residues, and any other foreign matter that might prevent adhesion. Ideally this should be accomplished by mechanical means. Bond breaker tape or backer rod must be used in bottom of joint to prevent bond.

Priming

Priming is typically not necessary. Most substrates only require priming if sealant will be subjected to water immersion after cure. Testing should be done, however, on questionable substrates, to determine if priming is needed. Contact Sika Canada or consult Sikaflex[®] Primers Product Data Sheet for additional information on priming.

Note: Most Exterior Insulation Finish Systems (EIFS) manufacturers recommend the use of a primer. When EIFS manufacturer specifies a primer or if on-site bond testing indicates a primer is necessary, Sikaflex®-429 Primer is recommended. On-site adhesion testing is recommended with final system prior to the start of a





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job.

MIXING

Pour entire contents of Component B into pail of Component A. Add entire contents of Color-pak into pail and mix with a low-speed drill (400 - 600 rpm) and proper mixing paddle. Mix for three (3) to five (5) minutes to achieve a uniform colour and consistency. Scrape down sides of pail periodically. Avoid entrapment of air during mixing.

Note: When mixing in cold weather < +10 °C (50 °F), do not force the mixing paddle to the bottom of the pail. After adding Component B and Color-pak into Component A, mix the top 1/2 to 3/4 of the pail during the first minute of mixing. After scraping down the sides of the pail, mix again for another minute. The paddle should reach the bottom of the pail between the first and second minute of mixing. Scrape down the sides of the pail a second time and then mix for an additional two (2) to three (3) minutes until the sealant is well blended. When using Sikaflex[®]-2c Booster, add entire contents into Component A prior to mixing.

Note: When mixing 11.4 L (3 US gal.) unit, two containers of Component B and two Color-paks must be used. Colorpak must be used with tint base. For prepigmented Limestone, just mix with low speed drill and Sikaflex[®] paddle (no Color-pak needed).

APPLICATION METHOD / TOOLS

Recommended application temperatures: +4 °C to +38 °C (39 °F to 100 °F). Pre-conditioning units to approximately +21 °C (70 °F) is necessary when working at extremes. Move pre-conditioned units to work areas just prior to application. Apply sealant only to clean, sound, dry, and frost-free substrates. Sikaflex®-2c NS EZ Mix should be applied into joints when joint slot is at mid-point of its designed expansion and contraction.

To place, load directly into bulk gun or use a follower plate loading system. Place nozzle of gun into bottom of joint and fill entire joint. Keeping the nozzle deep in the sealant, continue with a steady flow of sealant preceding nozzle to avoid air entrapment. Also, avoid overlapping of sealant since this also entraps air. Tool as required. Proper joint design for moving joints is 2:1 width to depth ratio, with a recommended 6 mm (1/4 in) minimum and 13 mm (1/2 in) maximum depth of sealant. For non-moving joints, the width to depth ratio

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Other locations

Boisbriand (Quebec) Brantford; Cambridge; Sudbury; Toronto (Ontario) Edmonton (Alberta) Surrey (British Columbia) can vary. To accelerate the cure of Sikaflex®-2c NS EZ Mix in cold weather temperatures, add Sikaflex®-2c Booster.

CLEAN UP

Uncured material can be removed from equipment and tools using Sika[®] Urethane Thinner and Cleaner. Cured material can only be removed manually or mechanically.

LOCAL RESTRICTIONS

Note that as a result of specific local regulations the declared data and recommended uses for this product may vary from country to country. Consult the local Product Data Sheet for exact product data and uses.

LEGAL NOTES

The information, and in particular, the recommendations relating to the application and enduse of Sika products, are given in good faith based on Sika's current knowledge and experience of the products when properly stored, handled and applied under normal conditions in accordance with Sika's recommendations. In practice, the differences in materials, substrates and actual site conditions are such that no warranty in respect of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose, nor any liability arising out of any legal relationship whatsoever, can be inferred either from this information, or from any recommendations, or from any other advice offered. The information contained herein does not relieve the user of the products from testing them for the intended application and purpose. The proprietary rights of third parties must be observed. All orders are accepted subject to our current terms of sale and delivery. Users must always refer to the most recent issue of the local Product Data Sheet for the product concerned, copies of which will be supplied on request or may be downloaded from our website at: www.sika.ca



Sikaflex-2cNSEZMix-en-CA-(06-2022)-1-2.pdf

Product Data Sheet Sikaflex®-2c NS EZ Mix June 2022, Version 01.02 02051105000000002

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PRODUCT DATA SHEET

Edition 12.2017/v1 CSC Master Format[™] 07 14 16 COLD FLUID-APPLIED WATERPROOFING

Sikagard[®] E.W.L. Trowel Grade TROWEL-APPLIED, ABRASION, CORROSION AND CHEMICAL RESISTANT URETHANE

COATING AND LINING

Description	Sikagard [®] E.W.L. Trowel Grade is thickened to allow trowel applic specifically designed for use in w certification. Sikagard [®] E.W.L. Tro is one of the toughest coatings a industries.	a two-component, resistant and elastomeric urethane-based coating. It is chemically cations up to 250 mils on vertical surfaces with minimum sag. The material has been rater and wastewater applications, including those which require potable water contact wel Grade provides a chemical, corrosion, temperature and abrasion resistant lining and vailable, specifically formulated to meet the demanding needs of the water/wastewater				
Where to Use	 Crack filler for tanks, reservoirs and chemical containment structures. For repairs or for forming flashings and seals around pipes and roof penetrations. Cold joint filler, cant strip mortar and lining for vertical surfaces. 					
Advantages	 Trowel Grade offers exceptional waterproofing performance in a formulation modified to allow vertical or free form trowel application: Chemically thickened for application to vertical surfaces, cold joints, cant strips and cracks. Adheres to and bridges between common construction materials such as concrete and steel. Can be applied onto Sikaflex®-2C sealants where movement joint requires chemical and heat resistant coatings. Forms a tough elastomeric coating able to bridge cracks and fill joints. ANSI/NSF 61 certified for potable water contact up to 82 °C (180 °F). Excellent wear and abrasion service 					
	 UV stable. Can be repaired when damaged or when new penetrations are added. 					
	 Can be applied to complex tanks with multiple penetrations, sumps, and irregular shapes. Environmentally sound, complying with the most demanding VOC content standards. 					
	Technical Data					
	Packaging	3 L (0.8 US gal.) unit: Component A (resin) 2.68 L (0.71 US gal.) can Component B (activator) 0.32 L (0.09 US gal.) bottle 17 L (4.5 US gal) unit: Component A (resin) 15 L (4 US gal.) pail Component B (activator) 2 L (0.5 US gal.) jug A unit consists of Component A (resin) in an underfilled can or pail and Component B (activator) in a b				
		or part mix.				
	Colour	Glossy black. When exposed to direct sunlight the gloss is reduced to matte within 3 - 6 months.				
	Yield	1.2 m ² /L (50 ft ² /US gal.) at 30 mils w.f.t. per coat, two coats to 60 mils w.f.t. total recommended. Coverage rates do not allow for surface profile, porosity or wastage.				
	Shelf Life	Component A (resin): 2 years when stored at -6 to 43 °C (20 to 110 °F); Component B (activator): 6 months when stored at 21 to 35 °C (70 to 95 °F) Precondition material to at least 15 °C (60 °F) before use.				
	Mix Ratio	Weight 6.1:1 / Volume 7.7:1				
	Service Temperature	-51 to 104 °C (-60 to 220 °F)				
	Properties at 23 °C (73 °F) and 5	60 % R.H.				
	Solids by Volume	89 %				
	Density	Component A (resin) 0.94 kg/L (7.9 lb/US gal.) Component B (activator) 1.2 kg/L (10.1 lb/US gal.) Mixed and Cured 0.99 kg/L (8.3 lb/US gal.)				
	Pot Life	Approx. 20 minutes dependent upon application method and temperature.				
	Curing Time					
	Potable Water Service	2 weeks @ 60 w.f.t. @ 15 °C (60 °F)				
	Adhesion to concrete (dry) Elcometer Abrasion Resistance ASTM D4060	2.4 MPa (350 psi)				
	Wheel CS-17/1000 g/1000 cycles Elastomeric Waterproofing	0.0012 g loss				
	ASTM C836	Exceeds all criteria				
	ASTM C0957	Exceeds all criteria				

Liner Performance Crack Bridging	
10 cycles @ -26 °C (-15 °F)	> 3 mm (½ in)
After heat aging	> 6 mm (¼ in)
Extension to Break, ASTM D412	300 %
Hardness, Shore A ASTM D2240 @ 25 °C (77 °F)	60
Deflection Temperature ASTM D648	
ASTM D648	Below -51 °C (-60 °F)
ANSI/NSF 61	To 82 °C (180 °F)
Mullen Burst Strength, ASTM D751, 50 mils	1 MPa (150 psi)
Liner Weight	
(60 mils wet film thickness)	Approx. 1.55 kg/m ² (31 lb/100 ft ²)
Recovery from 100% extension	
After 5 minutes	98 %
After 24 hours	100 %
Tensile Strength, ASTM D412	
100 mil sheet	Approx 5.5 MPa (800 psi)
Weathering ASTM D822	5000 hrs
Softening Point, Ring & Ball ASTM D36	> 162 °C (> 325 °F)
Tear Strength ASTM D624 (Die C)	150 lb-in
Water Vapour Permeability ASTM E96	
Method E, 37 °C (100 °F), 100 mil sheet	0.03 perms
Flammability	
ASTM D2859	Pass/Combustible substrate
UL790	Class A ¹
	1. Contact Sika Technical Services for details regarding UL fire ratings.
Jet Fuel Resistance	
FS SS-S-200D	Pass for joints
Salt Spray ASTM B117	Pass 2000 hrs
VOC Content	88 g/L (0.74 lb/US gal.)
Product properties are typically averages, obtained preparation, application, curing and test methods.	under laboratory conditions. Reasonable variations can be expected on-site due to local factors, including environment,

HOW TO USE

Surface Preparation

General

All substrates must be clean and dry with no oil, grease or loose debris. Sikagard[®] E.W.L. Trowel Grade is recommended for porous and non-porous substrates. Perform adhesion tests to confirm adequacy of surface preparation.

Concrete

Concrete surfaces must be clean, sound and dry. Remove any dust, laitence, grease, oil, dirt, curing agents, wax, detritus and contaminants from the concrete by appropriate mechanical means, in order to achieve a profile equivalent to ICRI-CSP 4-6, exposing aggregate. The compressive strength of the concrete substrate should be at least 20 MPa (3000 psi) at the time of application of Sikagard[®] E.W.L. Trowel Grade.

Steel

Steel substrates must be dry, clean and sound. Remove all materials which might impede adhesion, including corrosion products, dirt, dust, grease, oils, detritus and contaminants by appropriate mechanical means, such as abrasive blast cleaning, in order to achieve SSPC-SP10 / NACE No. 2 Near White Blast for immersion situations or SSPC-SP6 / NACE No. 3 Commercial Blast for non-immersion service. Minimum profile must be 3 mil. Use Sikagard[®] E.W.L. Bonding Agent for greater adhesion. (See separate Product Data Sheet.)

Other Metals

Metal substrates, other than steel, must be dry, clean and sound. Remove all materials which might impede adhesion, including corrosion products, dirt, dust, grease, oils, detritus and contaminants by solvent clean and then appropriate mechanical means, such as abrasive blast cleaning, in order to achieve SSPC-SP1. The surface must also be deglossed. Use Sikagard[®] E.W.L. Bonding Agent for greater adhesion. (See separate Product Data Sheet.)

Previous Coatings and Linings

Sikagard[®] E.W.L. Trowel Grade may be applied over some existing coatings and linings and achieve acceptable performance. Sikagard[®] E.W.L. Bonding Agent is recommended for greater adhesion. (See separate Product Data Sheet.)

Finished system results will vary due to project specific factors, including service conditions and nature of exposure. Therefore Sika Canada cannot accept responsibility for determining the suitability of an existing coating as a substrate for Sika products. The Owner or their Representative shall perform adhesion tests on any existing coating or lining to determine suitability.

Priming/Porous substrates subject to outgassing or metal surfaces requiring barrier protection after blast-cleaning shouldSurface ConditioningDeprimed with Sika® MT Primer (refer to separate Product Data Sheet). Minimum waiting time after application of
Sika® MT Primer and before applying Sikagard® E.W.L. Trowel Grade coating must be at least 12 hours at 21 °C (70 °F).
Maximum waiting time for the same procedure will be at most 48 hours at the same temperature. Should the maximum
waiting time expire but less than 30 days have passed, the primer must be examined for contamination, the pH value
checked and the primer solvent wiped with Xylene, before reapplication.



	Or: Uneven, profiled and blowholed substrates and those where a temporary moisture barrier is required, should be levelled and sealed with Sikagard®-75 EpoCem® ^{CA} (refer to separate Product Data Sheet). The minimum waiting time between Sikagard®-75 EpoCem® ^{CA} and overcoating with Sikagard® E.W.L. Trowel Grade shall be 24 hours and where a moisture barrier is needed the maximum waiting time to overcoat will be 3 days. Should a longer intercoat period be required, consult Sika Canada Technical Services for information.
Mixing	Thoroughly stir Component A (resin) of Sikagard [®] E.W.L. Trowel Grade in its part-filled container using a slow-speed (200 - 300 rpm), 12 mm (½ in) drill to eliminate entrapping air. Use a 200 mm (8 in) mud or <i>Exomixer</i> [®] type paddle suited to the volume of the container.
	Important: Do not draw air into the mix and under no circumstances agitate (shake) or stir Component B (activator) before adding to Component A (resin).
	Slowly add Component B (activator) to Component A (resin) while mixing and mix thoroughly for at least three (3) minutes. During the mixing operation, scrape down the sides and bottom of the container with a flat or straight edge at least once, to ensure complete mixing. When completely mixed Sikagard [®] E.W.L. Trowel Grade should be uniform in colour and consistency. Mix only the quantity that can be used within its pot life.
Application	Apply Sikagard [®] E.W.L. Trowel Grade directly to the clean, dry and suitably prepared substrate using a trowel or brush. For thicker applications, mixed material should be allowed to stand and build viscosity for several minutes before attempting to apply. Sikagard [®] E.W.L. Trowel Grade will not self-level.
	Sikagard [®] E.W.L. Trowel Grade may be sprayed with a properly configured plural component spray system. Contact Sika Canada for specific recommendations. Spray equipment must be flushed regularly with mineral spirits during application to prevent material from setting up in the hose and pump.
	Sikagard [®] E.W.L. Trowel Grade may be recoated in 1 hour, depending upon curing conditions, and must be recoated soon after the coating is touch dry (no longer comes off on polyethylene [typically within 4 hours of mixing]). If the coating has cured for longer than this time, the surface must be heavily abraded using a grinder or other mechanical means, and be free of dust and debris before overcoating. Use Sikagard [®] E.W.L. Bonding Agent for better adhesion only when the recoat window is missed. For immersion conditions, all coats must be applied within four hours of each other, except at joint lines.
	For applications, such as cant strips and expansion joints, where adhesion of subsequent coats is undesirable, allow 12 hours for Sikagard [®] E.W.L. Trowel Grade to cure prior to recoating or alternatively, use a bond breaker.
Curing	Before placing Sikagard [®] E.W.L. Trowel Grade into potable water service or similar applications, allow sufficient time for solvents to release from the coating.
	The required time for a 60 mil wet film thickness is two weeks at 15 °C (60 °F) but can vary if the thickness is greater or the curing conditions (ambient and substrate temperatures) are less conducive.
	For many other applications, Sikagard [®] E.W.L. Trowel Grade may be placed into service after 24 hours have elapsed since the final coat was applied. Contact Sika Canada for specific recommendations.
Disinfection	The cured Sikagard [®] E.W.L. Trowel Grade coating must be washed, rinsed, and disinfected before being put into service in potable water and fish pond service. Consult Sika Canada for advice.
Clean Up	Clean all tools and equipment, of uncured material, after use with mineral spirits. Spray equipment must be flushed through regularly during application to prevent material from curing in the hose and pump. Once hardened, material is more difficult to remove; soaking in solvent will soften the material and may assist in its mechanical removal.
Limitations	 Sikagard[®] E.W.L. Trowel Grade is best installed by skilled and experienced applicators. Consult Sika Canada Technical Services for advice and recommendations. Minimum substrate temperature: 10 °C (50 °F) Substrate temperature must be at least 3 °C (5.5 °F) above the measured dew point. Do not apply the material when the ambient or substrate temperatures are rising or the coating is in direct sunlight. Do not apply in wet weather, when rain is imminent or when the applied coating or the substrate may become wet
	 within 4 hours of application. The material temperature should be at least 15 °C (60 °F) at the time of mixing and application. Sikagard[®] E.W.L. Trowel Grade may be preheated to facilitate application at low temperatures, but working time will be reduced.
	 Do not mix first firs
	 Observe the curing times and especially the curing time before immersion into and service in potable water. Sikagard[®] E.W.L. Trowel Grade appears as a glossy black film when first applied but upon contact with direct sunlight the gloss will be replaced with a matte appearance within 3 - 6 months depending upon the degree of exposure.





For information and advice on the safe handling, storage and disposal of chemical products, users should refer to the most recent SAFETY DATA SHEET containing physical, ecological, toxicological and other safety-related data.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

The Information, and in particular, the recommendations relating to the application and end-use of Sika products, are given in good faith based on Sika's current knowledge and experience of the products when properly stored, handled and applied under normal conditions, within their shellife. In practice, the differences in materials, substrates and actual site conditions are such that no warranty in respect of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose, nor any liability arising out of any legal relationship whatsoever, can be inferred either from this information, or from any recommendations, or from any other advice offered. The information contained herein does not relieve the user of the products from testing them for the intended application and purpose. The proprietary rights of third parties must be observed. All orders are accepted subject to our current terms of sale and delivery. Users must always refer to the most recent issue of the local Product Data Sheet for the product concerned, copies of which will be supplied on request or may be downloaded from our website at: www.sika.ca

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Certified ISO 9001 (CERT-0102780) Certified ISO 14001 (CERT-0102791)



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PRODUCT DATA SHEET

Edition 12.2018/v1 CSC Master FormatTM 07 18 00 (07 14 16) TRAFFIC COATINGS

Sika[®] MT Primer

HIGH-SOLIDS, MOISTURE-TOLERANT AND ADHESION PROMOTING PRIMER FOR DRY OR DAMP SUBSTRATES

Description	A two component, high-solids, red tinted, translucent epoxy primer. It has been specifically formulated to perform as a moisture-tolerant and adhesion promoting primer.			
Where to Use	 Use as a primer selected Sika[®] wat As a primer to elim Use as an optional 	on damp sub erproofing mer inate outgassin adhesion prom	strates where mbranes. ng of substrate oter on dry su	e measured moisture contents are ≤ 6 % beneath Sikalastic [®] and es when applying Sikagard [®] systems, including Sikagard [®] E.W.L. coatings. ubstrates beneath Sikalastic [®] and selected Sikal [®] waterproofing systems.
Advantages	 Easy to use, 2:1 p.t Moisture tolerant of Excellent penetrati Low tensile moduli Higher tensile elon Low VOC, LEED® Carrow 	o.v. ratio. up to 6 % p.b.w on and adhesio us. gation. anada credits a	<i>ı.</i> on. vailable.	
	Technical Data Packaging Colour Yield	18 L (4.75 US ga Red tint, translu 4 - 5 m ² /L (160 * One (1) coat 8 - 10 mils. *Two (2) coats of thickness is 16 Coverage rate v	al.) and 567 L (14: Joent after mixing - 200 ft ² /US gal.) of Sika® MT Prime - 20 mils. vill vary dependin	9,7 US gal.) kits g at 8 -10 mils wet film thickness (w.f.t.). her is required when the concrete substrate moisture is < 5 %. Total required thickeness is er are required when the concrete substrate moisture is between 5 % and 6 %. Total required ng on the porosity and the surface profile of the prepared substrate.
	Shelf Life Mix Ratio Pot Life Material Temperature 10 °C (50 °F) 20 °C (68 °F) Waiting/Recoat Times Before applying second co	2 years in origin Pre-condition p 2:1 by volume Time ~ 50 minutes ~ 25 minutes ~ 15 minutes at of Sika® MT Prin	nal, unopened par roduct at temper	ckaging. Store dry at temperatures between 4 and 32 °C (40 and 90 °F). atures between 18 and 24 °C (65 and 75 °F) before use.
	Ambient & Substrate Temperature 10 °C (50 °F) 20 °C (68 °F) 30 °C (86 °F)	Minimum 24 hours 12 hours 8 hours	Maximum 3 days 2 days 1 day	
	Before applying Sikalastic [®] Ambient & Substrate Temperature 10 °C (50 °F) 30 °C (86 °F) Cure Times Ambient & Substrate Temperature 10 °C (50 °F) 20 °C (68 °F)	or Sikagard® Epox Minimum 24 hours 12 hours 8 hours Foot traffic ~ 24 hours ~ 12 hours ~ 12 hours ~ 6 hours	y and Polyurethar Maximum 3 days 2 days 1 day Light traffic ~ 6 days ~ 4 days ~ 2 days	ne coatings on Sika® MT Primer allow: Full cure ~ 10 days ~ 7 days ~ 5 days ~ 5 days
	Properties at 23 °C (Pull-off Strength ASTM De Shore D Hardness (7 days Permeability ASTM E96 Water Absorption ASTM I Viscosity (mixed) VOC content ASTM D2365 Chemical Resistance Product properties are typica	73 °F) and 50 9 1541) ASTM D2240 0570 9 Ily averages, obtained o and tot motheds	K R.H.	 > 2.7 MPa (400 psi) (100 % concrete failure) 78 - 82 9 g/m² (24 hours / 24 °C [75 °F]) 0.14 g/h - m² 822 cps ≤ 50 g/L Consult Sika Canada conditions. Reasonable variations can be expected on-site due to local factors, including environment,

HOW TO USE					
Surface Preparation	The concrete surface must be clean and sound. Remove any dust, laitance, grease, oil, dirt, curing agents, impregnations wax, foreign matter, coatings and detritus from the surface by appropriate mechanical means, in order to achieve a profil equivalent to ICRI / CSP 3 - 4 for decks and ICRI / CSP 1 - 3 for walls. The compressive strength of the concrete substrat should be at least 25 MPa (3625 psi) at 28 days and at least 1.5 MPa (218 psi) in tension at the time of application c Sika [®] MT Primer.				
Mixing	 Prestir each component separately to ensure uniform colour and consistency. Empty Component B (hardener) into Component A (resin) in the correct ratio and mix the combined components for at least three (3) minutes at low spee (300 - 450 rpm) with a drill fitted with an <i>Exomixer®</i> or <i>Jiffy</i> type paddle suited to the volume of the mixing container. For bulk packaging and when not mixing full units, each component must be pre-stirred separately to ensure product uniformity and then accurately measured into a suitably sized and clean mixing container. Note: Keep the mixing paddle in the material to avoid introducing or entrapping air while mixing. Ensure that the mixed components are completely blended to avoid any weak or partially cured spots in the applied material. During the mixing operation, scrape down the sides and bottom of the container with a flat or straight edge trowel at least once to ensure complete mixing. When completely mixed, Sika® MT Primer should be uniform in colour and in consistency. Do not mix more material than can be applied within the Pot Life, as determined by temperatures on site. 				
Application	 Prior to application, measure and confirm substrate moisture content, ambient relative humidity, ambient and stemperature and dew point. During installation, confirm and record above values at least once every three (3) how more frequently whenever conditions change (e.g. ambient temperature rise/fall, relative humidity increase/ de etc.). Apply primer by squeegee at the rate of 4 - 5 m² / L (160 - 200 ft²/US gal.) and back roll to ensure a uniform 8 - wet film thickness. Where a second coat is required, wait until first coat is tack free, which is typically after 12 hours at 20 °C (68 °F) an a second coat of the primer using the same technique and at the same coverage as the first. Ensure that the second coating is free of pinholes and holidays and provides uniform and complete coverage of the coverage of the substrate. 				
Clean Up	Clean all tools and equipment with Sika [®] Epoxy Cleaner. Once hardened, product can only be removed mechanic Wash soiled hands and skin thoroughly in hot soapy water or use Sika [®] Hand Cleaner towels.				
 Limitations Moisture content of concrete substrate must be ≤ 6% by mas CME/CMExpert type concrete moisture meter on mechanic sheet (preparation to ICRI / CSP 3 - 4). If moisture content of EpoCem®CA on horizontal surfaces and Sikagard®-75 EpoCem® Minimum/Maximum ambient and substrates temperatures 10 Maximum ambient relative humidity 85% (during application Substrate temperature must be 3 °C (5.5 °F) above the measu Do not hand mix material; mechanically mix only. Do not thin this product with water or solvent. The minimum thickness of Sika® MT Primer when the concrete CME/CMExpert type concrete moisture meter) is one coat at The minimum thickness of Sika® MT Primer when the concrete coats, each at 8 -10 mils per coat. Do not apply while ambient and substrate temperatures are drive at the time of application. Refer to ASTM D4263 Standa Freshly applied material should be protected from dampness, Use of unvented heaters and certain heat sources may result 			% by mass (p.b.w. – part by we mechanically prepared surface content of concrete substrate is EpoCem ^{®cA} on walls and overhe eratures 10/30 °C (50/85 °F). pplication and curing) the measured dew point. e concrete substrate moisture is the concrete substrate moisture is the concrete substrate moisture rete moisture meter) is 16 - 20 tures are rising, as pinholes may 63 Standard Test Method for vis lampness, condensation and wa hay result in defects (e.g. blushir e freeze/thaw conditions may estimate the substrate management of the substrate may estimate the substrate the substrate freeze/thaw conditions may estimate the substrate the subs	ight) as measured with a Tramex [®] e according to this product data > 6 % by mass, use Sikafloor [®] -81 ead. c < 5 % (as measured with Tramex [®] re falls between 5 % and 6 % (as mils w.f.t., achieved through two y occur. Ensure there is no vapour ual indication of vapour drive. ter for at least 72 hours. ng, whitening, debonding, etc.). kist.	
Health and Safety For information and advice on the safe handling, storage and disposal of chemical products, most recent SAFETY DATA SHEET containing physical, ecological, toxicological and other safet KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY				roducts, users should refer to the ner safety-related data.	
	The Information, and in particular, the recommendations relating to the application and end-use of Sika products, are given in good faith based on Sika's current knowledge and experience of the products when properly stored, handled and applied under normal conditions, within their shelflife. In practice, the differences in materials, substrates and actual site conditions are such that no warranty in respect of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose, nor any liability arising out of any legal relationship whatsoever, can be inferred either from this information, or from any recommendations, or from any other advice offered. The information contained herein does not relieve the user of the products from testing them for the intended application and purpose. The proprietary rights of third parties must be observed. All orders are accepted subject to our current terms of sale and delivery. Users must always refer to the most recent issue of the local Product Data Sheet for the product concerned, copies of which will be supplied on request or may be downloaded from our website at: www.sika.c				

Sika® MT Primer CSC Master Format[™] 07 18 00 (07 14 16) TRAFFIC COATINGS 2/2









PRODUCT DATA SHEET SikaTop®-123 Plus

POLYMER-MODIFIED, NON-SAG, CEMENTITIOUS MORTAR CONTAINING SILICA FUME PLUS MIGRATING CORROSION INHIBITOR



PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

SikaTop[®]-123 Plus is a high performance, polymermodified, 2-component, fast-setting, non sag cementitious mortar. It is designed especially for repair of overhead and vertical surfaces and is formulated with a migrating corrosion inhibitor to reduce corrosion.

WHERE TO USE

- On grade, above, and below grade on concrete and mortar
- For structural concrete repairs on vertical and overhead surfaces
- For building facades, soffits, parking structures, industrial plants, walkways, bridges, tunnels, dams and ramps

CHARACTERISTICS / ADVANTAGES

- High compressive and flexural strengths
- Bond strength ensures superior adhesion
- Increased density: excellent carbon dioxide resistance (carbonation) without adversely affecting water vapour transmission (not a vapour barrier)
- Enhanced with Sika FerroGard[®]-901, a migrating corrosion inhibitor

- Compatible with coefficient of thermal expansion of concrete
- Excellent freeze/thaw and salt scaling resistance
- Formulated with inert, non-reactive aggregates to eliminate potential Alkali-Aggregate Reactivity (AAR)
- Meets MTO specification for patching materials
- Meets AT B391 specification for patching materials
- Complies with NSF-ANSI standard 61 for potable water contact (special order only)
- Approved by the Ontario Ministry of Transportation and is qualified by The Road Authority (TRA)
- Approved by the Ministère des Transports du Québec (MTQ)
- Recognized by the the British Columbia Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure (BC MoT)
- Meets CFIA and USDA requirements for use in food plants

ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

- Conformity with LEED[®]v4 MR Credit (Option 1): Building Product Disclosure and Optimization -Environmental Product Declarations
- Conformity with LEED[®]v4 MR Credit (Option 1): Building Product Disclosure and Optimization -Material Ingredients
- Conformity with LEED[®]v4 MR Credit (Option 1): Building Product Disclosure and Optimization -Sourcing of Raw Materials

CSC MasterFormat®	03 01 00 MAINTENANCE OF CONCRETE	
Packaging	20.5 kg (45 lb) unit - (A) 3.5 L jug + (B) 17 kg bag	
Shelf Life	Component A : 24 months in original, unopened packaging.	

PRODUCT INFORMATION

	Component B : 12 months in original, unopened bag	ļ.	
Storage Conditions	Store dry at temperatures ranging between +5 °C − +32 °C (41 °F − 89 °F). For best results, condition product between +15 °C − +24 °C (59 °F − 75 °F) before using. Protect Component A from freezing. If frozen, discard.		
Appearance / Colour	Concrete Grey when mixed		
Density	2 000 kg/m³ (125 lb/ft³)	(ASTM C185)	
Volatile organic compound (VOC) con- tent	<0.5 g/L		

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Compressive Strength	24 hours ~ 20 MPa (2 900 psi)					(ASTM C109)
	7 days		~ 37 MPa	a (5 366 psi)		
	28 days		~ 50 MPa	a (7 250 psi)		
	* Compressiv	ve Stength (t	ested with Sik	aCem [®] Accel	erator)	
	Temperature	Dosage	24 hours	2 days	3 days	28 days
	0 °C (32 °F)	1 bottle	~1 MPa	~17 MPa	~24 MPa	~42 MPa
		(150 mL)	(145 psi)	(2465 psi)	(3480 psi)	(6091 psi)
	0 °C (32 °F)	2 bottles	~2 MPa	~22 MPa	~30 MPa	~47 MPa
		(300 mL)	(290 psi)	(3190 psi)	(4351 psi)	(6816 psi)
	10 °C (50 °F)	1 bottle	~20 MPa	~34 MPa	~40 MPa	~54 MPa
		(150 mL)	(2900 psi)	(4931 psi)	(5800 psi)	(7832 psi)
	10 °C (50 °F)	2 bottles	~28 MPa	~38 MPa	~42 MPa	~56 MPa
		(300 mL)	(4061 psi)	(5511 psi)	(6091 psi)	(8122 psi)
	23 °C (73 °F)	1 bottle	~27 MPa	~34 MPa	~40 MPa	~56 MPa
		(150 mL)	(3916 psi)	(4931 psi)	(5800 psi)	(8122 psi)
	23 °C (73 °F)	2 bottles	~31 MPa	~37 MPa	~42 MPa	~58 MPa
		(300 mL)	(4496 psi)	(5366 psi)	(6091 psi)	(8412 psi)
Modulus of Elasticity in Compression	7 days		~17 GPa	(2.4 x 10 ⁶ psi)	(ASTM C496)
	28 days		~26 GPa	(3.7 x 10 ⁶ psi))	
Splitting Tensile Strength	21 days		~5 MPa (725 psi)		(ASTM C496)
Shear Strength	24 hours		~7 MPa (1015 psi)		(ASTM C882)
	28 days		~17 MPa	(2465 psi)		
Pull-Out Resistance	28 days		Greater	than concrete	2	(ASTM C1583)
Chloride Ion Diffusion Resistance	28 days		Very low 1000 Cou	- between 10 ulombs	00 and	(ASTM C1202)
Chemical Resistance	Contact Sika	Canada Inc.				
Freeze thaw resistance	300 cycles		Module o than 90%	of elasticity g %	reater	(ASTM C666)

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Mixing Ratio	A:B = 1:5.4 by weight depending on consistency required	
Yield	Approx. 10 L (0.353 ft ³)	
Product Temperature	+15 °C à +24 °C (59 °F to 75 °F)	

 BikaTop®-123 Plus

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Ambient Air Temperature	> +7 °C (> 45 °F)
Substrate Temperature	> +7 °C (> 45 °F)
Finishing Time	Approx. 30 - 60 minutes after placing the mortar
Application Time	Approx. 15 min after mixing the mortar

BASIS OF PRODUCT DATA

Product properties are typically averages, obtained under laboratory conditions. Reasonable variations can be expected on-site due to local factors, including environment, preparation, application, curing and test methods. Properties tested at +23 °C (73 °F) and 50 % R.H. unless stated otherwise.

LIMITATIONS

- Minimum application thickness: 3 mm (1/8 in)
- Maximum layer thickness: 38 mm (1½ in)
- Minimum ambient and substrate temperature: +7 °C (45 °F) and rising at time of application, unless using Sikacem[®] Accelerator (refer to Technical Data section for dosage recommendations and strength values at various temperatures)
- Protect the freshly applied mortar from freezing for a period of 24 hours
- Storage is particularly important, it is essential to protect bagged material from exposure to rain, condensation and high humidity as moisture may penetrate the bag, causing lumps
- Do not use/add water to this product

ENVIRONMENT, HEALTH & SAFETY

User must read the most recent corresponding Safety Data Sheets (SDS) before using any products. The SDS provides information and advice on the safe handling, storage and disposal of chemical products and contains physical, ecological, toxicological and other safetyrelated data.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

SURFACE PREPARATION

Remove all deteriorated concrete, dirt, oil, grease, or other bond inhibiting materials any contaminants or conditions that may affect adhesion or overall product performances. Following ICRI Guideline 310.2, the concrete surface must be clean, sound and mechanically prepared to obtain a surface profile of CSP 6 – 10 (ex : hydrodemolition, scarification, scabbling + sandblasting, etc.). Follow ICRI Guideline 310.1 for the preparation of the repair perimeter, repair area geometry and cleaning of concrete and reinforcing steel surfaces. Verify the absence of micro cracking following ICRI Guideline 310.2. To ensure optimum repair results, the effectiveness of cleaning and preparation should be

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assessed by a pull-off test.

MIXING

Mix mechanically using a heavy-duty, low-speed drill (300 - 450 rpm) with a Mud Mixer/Box or Propeller-type paddle. Shake Component A before using, then pour approximately 85 % of its content in a clean mixer or pail. Add slowly Component B while continuing to mix until a uniform consistency is obtained (approx. 3 minutes). If a wetter consistency is required, add additional Comp. A and continue mixing until a homogenous consistency is achieved. For a smaller quantity, make sure that each component is properly premixed at the correct ratio.

APPLICATION

At time of application, the surface should be damp but saturated surface dry (SSD) with no glistening water films. A scrub coat should be applied prior to placement of mortar. Apply a 3 mm (1/8 in) thick scrub coat of SikaTop®-123 Plus into the substrate, filling all pores, voids and edges. Alternatively, SikaTop® Armatec-110 EpoCem® can be used as a bonding agent. Apply the desired mortar layer before bond coat dries. Force product against the edges of repair, working toward center. After filling the repair, consolidate then trim the surface flush with adjacent concrete sides. Allow mortar to reach initial set $[30 - 60 \text{ min after placing at }+23 \ ^{\circ}C$ (73 °F)], then finish with wood or sponge float for a textured surface.

For a smooth finish, use a steel trowel wiped with Comp. A during finishing.

If the repair requires several lifts (layers), apply the mortar leaving a rough profile and score the surface immediately in a crosshatch pattern using the corner of a steel trowel to a depth of approximately 6 mm (1/4 in) to provide a mechanical key (with exception to the last layer). Unfinished work from previous day must be roughened and any polymer film removed to ensure bond.

CURING TREATMENT

As per ACI 308 recommendations for cement concrete, curing is required. To achieve performance consistent with Technical Information, curing must be provided by recognized curing methods, such as wet burlap covered with white polyethylene film or approved water-based curing compound, such as Sika® Florseal WB-18 & -25. Curing must begin immediately after placing and finishing. Moist-curing must be maintained for the first



24 hours only then apply Sika® Florseal WB curing compound. Protect freshly applied mortar from direct sunlight, wind, rain and frost.

CLEAN UP

Clean all tools and equipment after use with water. Once hardened, the product can only be removed mechanically.

LOCAL RESTRICTIONS

Note that as a result of specific local regulations the declared data and recommended uses for this product may vary from country to country. Consult the local Product Data Sheet for exact product data and uses.

LEGAL NOTES

The information, and in particular, the recommendations relating to the application and enduse of Sika products, are given in good faith based on Sika's current knowledge and experience of the products when properly stored, handled and applied under normal conditions in accordance with Sika's recommendations. In practice, the differences in materials, substrates and actual site conditions are such that no warranty in respect of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose, nor any liability arising out of any legal relationship whatsoever, can be inferred either from this information, or from any recommendations, or from any other advice offered. The information contained herein does not relieve the user of the products from testing them for the intended application and purpose. The proprietary rights of third parties must be observed. All orders are accepted subject to our current terms of sale and delivery. Users must always refer to the most recent issue of the local Product Data Sheet for the product concerned, copies of which will be supplied on request or may be downloaded from our website at: www.sika.ca

Sika Canada Inc.

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Product Data Sheet SikaTop®-123 Plus March 2023, Version 01.03

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Other locations

Boisbriand (Quebec) Brantford; Cambridge; Sudbury; Toronto (Ontario) Edmonton (Alberta) Surrey (British Columbia)

SikaTop-123Plus-en-CA-(03-2023)-1-3.pdf



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PRODUCT DATA SHEET SikaTop® Armatec®-110 EpoCem®

ANTI-CORROSION COATING AND BONDING AGENT



PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

SikaTop[®] Armatec[®]-110 EpoCem[®] is a 3-component, water-based epoxy resin, anti-corrosion coating and bonding agent.

WHERE TO USE

- As an anti-corrosion coating for reinforcing steel:
 For repairs to reinforced concrete where there is corrosion of the underlying reinforcement steel
 For preventive protection of reinforcement steel in thin reinforced concrete sections
- As a bonding agent for use on concrete, mortar or steel:

 For repairs to concrete using SikaTop[®] Plus, Sika MonoTop[®] and SikaRepair[®] patching and repair mortars

- For bonding new concrete and mortar to old

CHARACTERISTICS / ADVANTAGES

- Excellent adhesion to steel and concrete
- Acts as an effective barrier against penetration of water and chlorides
- Non-vapour barrier
- Contains corrosion inhibitors

PRODUCT INFORMATION

- Provides an excellent bonding coat for subsequent applications of repair mortars
 Extended open time
- Not affected by moisture
- High mechanical strength.
- Premeasured, ready-to-use kits
- May be spray-applied
- Nay be spray-applie
 Non-flammable
- Non-mainmax
 Solvent-free
- Solvent-free

ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

- Conformity with LEED[®]v4 MR Credit (Option 1): Building Product Disclosure and Optimization – Environmental Product Declarations
- Conformity with LEED[®]v4 MR Credit (Option 1): Building Product Disclosure and Optimization -Material Ingredients
- Conformity with LEED®v4 MR Credit (Option 1): Building Product Disclosure and Optimization -Sourcing of Raw Materials

APPROVALS / CERTIFICATES

• Ministère des Transports du Québec (MTQ) acceptance

CSC MasterFormat®	03 01 00 MAINTENANCE OF CONCRETE	
Packaging	Small unit : 8 kg (4 L) or 17.6 lb (1.05 US gal.) Large unit : 25 kg (12.5 L) or 55 lb (3.3 US gal.)	
Shelf Life	1 year in original, unopened packaging.	

Product Data Sheet SikaTop® Armatec®-110 EpoCem®

July 2023, Version 03.02 020302020050000001

Storage Conditions	Stored (unopened) in a dry place, at temperatures between +5 °C and +32			
	Components A	and B	Protect from free	zing. If frozen,
	Component C		Protect from hum	nidity.
Appearance / Colour	Component A		Liquid / White	
	Component B		Liquid / Yellowish	1
	Component C	Component C		еу
	Components A	+B+C	Dark Grey	
Density	Component A		1.1 kg/L (9.2 lb/U	S gal.)
	Component B		1.03 kg/L (8.6 lb/	US gal.)
	Component C		1.25 kg/L (10.4 lb)	/US gal.) (dry bulk
	Components A	+B+C		Sgal.)
Volatile organic compound (VOC) con- tent	<10 g/L			
TECHNICAL INFORMATION				
Pull-Off Strength	Concrete	2-3 MP	a (290-435 psi)	(CSA A23.2-6B)
	Steel	1-2 Mp	a (145-290 psi)	
Shear Adhesion Strength	14 days	Wet on Wet	20.7 MPa (3003 psi)	(ASTM C882*)
	14 days	12 hours open time	13.8 MPa (2002 psi)	_
	*ASTM C881 S Open time (12 EpoCem® and Product prope conditions. Rea factors, includi methods.	pecification Minimum hours) between appli placement of new con rties are typically aver asonable variations can ng environment, prep	Bond Strength 10.3 cation of SikaTop® A crete or repair mort ages, obtained unde n be expected on-sit aration, application,	MPa (1494 psi). rmatec-110 ar. r laboratory e due to local curing and test
Chemical Resistance	Consult Sika Ca	inada Inc.		
APPLICATION INFORMATION				
Mixing Ratio	Mix entire unit	(A+B+C)		
Yield	Bonding agent : Minimum 8 kg or 4 L/6.6 m ² (17.6 lb or 1.05 US gal./72 ft ²) Anti-corrosion coating: 8 kg or 4 L/2.3 m ² (17.6 lb or 1.05 US gal./25 ft ²)			
Application Time	+7 °C (44 °F)		+30 °C (86 °F)	
	2 h		<u>1 h 30 min</u>	
Waiting Time / Overcoating	+10 °C (50 °F)	+20 °C (68	°F) +30	°C (86 °F)

16 h

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8 h

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<u>12 h</u>

BASIS OF PRODUCT DATA

Product properties are typically averages, obtained under laboratory conditions. Reasonable variations can be expected on-site due to local factors, including environment, preparation, application, curing and test methods. Properties tested at 23 °C (73 °F) / 50 % r.h. unless stated otherwise.

LIMITATIONS

- Do not use as a bonding agent with set accelerated mortars or concrete, e.g. SikaSet®-45, SikaQuick®-1000, SikaQuick®-2500, SikaTop®-123 Plus Winter Grade, RS-S6/RS-S10 and Self-Consolidating concrete. Consult Sika Canada Inc.
- Minimum application temperature (ambient and substrate): +7 °C (44 °F).
- Maximum substrate temperature: +30 °C (86 °F).
- Under no circumstances should water be added to the mix.

Caution

- Component A Irritant Contains epoxy resins.
- Component B Irritant Contains amines.
- Component C Irritant Contains cement and quartz.
- Product is a strong sensitizer. Avoid eye, skin, and respiratory contact. Use of safety goggles, chemicalresistant gloves and a NIOSH/MSHA organic vapour respirator is recommended. Avoid breathing vapours and dust. Use adequate ventilation. Consult product label for additional information.

First Aid

In case of skin contact, wash with soap and water. For eye contact, flush immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Contact a physician. For respiratory problems, transport victim to fresh air. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

ENVIRONMENT, HEALTH & SAFETY

User must read the most recent corresponding Safety Data Sheets (SDS) before using any products. The SDS provides information and advice on the safe handling, storage and disposal of chemical products and contains physical, ecological, toxicological and other safetyrelated data.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

SURFACE PREPARATION

Remove all deteriorated concrete, dirt, oil, grease or any contaminants or conditions that may affect adhesion or overall product performances. Following ICRI Guideline 310.2, the concrete surface must be clean, sound and mechanically prepared by sandblasting, high pressure waterblasting, scarifying or other appropriate mechanical means. Absorbent surfaces must be saturated surface dry (SSD) with no standing water prior to application. Verify the absence of micro cracking

Product Data Sheet SikaTop® Armatec®-110 EpoCem® July 2023, Version 03.02 020302020050000001 following ICRI Guideline 310.2. To ensure optimum repair results, the effectiveness of cleaning and preparation should be assessed by a pull-off test.

MIXING

Shake components A and B vigorously before opening. Pour both liquids into a suitable mixing pail and mix for 30 seconds. Add component C slowly while continuing to stir the mixture. Mix mechanically for three (3) minutes, using a low-speed drill (300 - 450 rpm) and *Jiffy* mixer in order to entrain as little air as possible.

APPLICATION

Anti-corrosion coating: Apply coating approx. 0.5 - 1 mm (20 - 40 mil) thick on cleaned and de-rusted reinforcement steel using a stiff paint brush, roller or spray gun. Be sure to coat the underside of the totally exposed steel. Let dry for two (2) to three (3) hours [ambient temperature of +20 °C (68 °F)] before applying a second coat of similar thickness. Let dry for a similar period of time before applying patching mortar, or concrete, to the repair. In the course of application, some of the coating material will inevitably be deposited on the surrounding concrete, but this has no detrimental effect on the finished repair.

Bonding agent for repair mortar or concrete: Ensure that the prepared substrate is saturated surface dry (SSD), then apply a bonding coat no less than 0.5 mm (20 mil) thick, using a paint brush, roller or suitable spray gun. For best results, work the bonding slurry well into the substrate to ensure complete coverage of all surface irregularities. Freshly mixed patching mortar or concrete can be applied immediately on SikaTop® Armatec®-110 EpoCem® within the contact time: 8 hours at +30 °C (86 °F), 12 hours at +20 °C (68 °F), 16 hours at +10 °C (50 °F). After this contact time, the adhesion characteristics will be reduced.

CLEAN UP

Use water to remove uncured material from tools and mixing equipment. Cured, product can only be removed mechanically.

LOCAL RESTRICTIONS

Note that as a result of specific local regulations the declared data and recommended uses for this product may vary from country to country. Consult the local Product Data Sheet for exact product data and uses.

LEGAL NOTES

The information, and in particular, the recommendations relating to the application and enduse of Sika products, are given in good faith based on Sika's current knowledge and experience of the products when properly stored, handled and applied under normal conditions in accordance with Sika's





recommendations. In practice, the differences in materials, substrates and actual site conditions are such that no warranty in respect of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose, nor any liability arising out of any legal relationship whatsoever, can be inferred either from this information, or from any recommendations, or from any other advice offered. The information contained herein does not relieve the user of the products from testing them for the intended application and purpose. The proprietary rights of third parties must be observed. All orders are accepted subject to our current terms of sale and delivery. Users must always refer to the most recent issue of the local Product Data Sheet for the product concerned, copies of which will be supplied on request or may be downloaded from our website at: www.sika.ca

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Product Data Sheet SikaTop® Armatec®-110 EpoCem® July 2023, Version 03.02 02030202005000001 SikaTopArmatec-110EpoCem-en-CA-(07-2023)-3-2.pdf



BUILDING TRUST CONSTRUIRE LA CONFIANCE Attachment D

Safe Work Entry Procedures



Safe Work Entry Procedure

Name Primary Sediment and Equalization Tanks

Date December 9, 2020

Scope

The work activity taking place inside the tank is **inspection**, **repair and maintenance** using hand tools primarily to the flights and chains and other surfaces or components. If any power tools, battery tools, cutting, drilling, or grinding takes place then RMOW staff must pull an RMOW WWTP "hot work permit". Prior to entry, the tank is taken off-line, cleaned and "hosed down" from above using water and is included in these procedures. The process to enter into a tank may take several days as some steps in the procedure do not necessarily happen in one day. This procedure does **not** include for welding or gouging tasks.

In the past, this group of tanks located in the primary building were treated as confined spaces in their as built designs. However, as of November 2020 RMOW have sourced a custom-built staircase that can be installed into the tanks that would declassify these as confined spaces per definition the Occupational Health and Safety Regulation section 9.1. By improving access/egress with stairs, the space is no longer restrictive for rescue service. (Refer to WorkSafeBC Inspection Report 2020109490054A, and Confined Space Hazard Assessment document dated October 25, 2020 prepared by VOHS for reference).

Hazard Identification Summary

The hazards listed below are a summary of hazards that are known and identified to be associated with entry into these spaces and controlled through these safe work procedures. A detailed hazard assessment was completed by EnviroSafety March 2020.

Atmospheric hazards: Oxygen deficiency, H2S, LEL, sewer gas	Human factors/Ergonomics	Mechanical equipment (flights and chains) pinch points	
Biological agents in waste / sludge (ingestion/skin contact)	Fall from heights	Overhead hazards/tools	Crystalline Silica
Visibility	Slip/trip	Noise	Engulfment

Tank Dimensions and Shape

Each of the four (4) tanks related to this safe work procedure have the same dimensions. There are two Primary Sediment Tanks and two tanks that operate as Equalization Tanks with one tank, Tank 3, being able to function as both an equalization tank or sediment tank as needed.

Tank Name	Length (ft.)	Width (ft.)	Height (ft.)	Volume (ft. ³)
Primary Sediment Tank 1	73+7	20	15.5 / 18	25150
Primary Sediment Tank 2	73+7	20	15.5 / 18	25150
Primary Sediment/Equalization Tank 3	73+7	20	15.5 / 18	25150
Equalization Tank 4	73+7	20	15.5 /18	25150



Safe Work Procedures

Sludge to Digesters

A. Pre-Entry and Tank Preparation Work Tasks

6

1. Toolbox meeting and with RMOW staff involved participating in entering the tank, along with any RMOW required pre-job safety reviews.

Longitudinal Collecting Chain

- Each tank has different inffluent and effluent gate valves (GV) associated with them. Each
 valve is been tagged with a specific ID number. See Table A for list of respective RMOW
 lockout procedures applicable to each tank. Close each influent and effluent GV
 associated with the tank space planned for entry.
- 3. Close influent gate valves first, located at the front end of the tanks using the valve wheel (see photo #1). Use lock, tag and hasp for lockout of these valves
- 4. Remove the grate covers over the effluent gate valves and use a valve key to close these valves and tag. (see photo #2)
- 5. Follow lockout procedure to complete full draining process.
- 6. Turn on building ventilation fresh air supply fans 4219 and 4218 manually. Each fan provides 5000 cfm and 6360 cfm respectively and would otherwise turn on automatically if the fixed H₂S sensors detected levels above 2.0 ppm or if fixed LEL sensors detected levels above 10%. There are two (2) fixed H₂S sensors centrally located at the front and back of the four tanks. There is an H₂S ECP in place. Exhaust fans in the building, fans 4220, 4221 and 4222, exhaust at 11448 cfm, 4664 cfm and 4000 cfm respectively. These fans control air quality impacted by nearby online tanks from H2S, LEL, and maintain normal oxygen levels.
- 7. Open man doors to outside for additional natural ventilation and fresh air intake (weather permitting).
- 8. Don PPE listed below.
- 9. Connect water hose to the water supply port, extend water hose to safely lay on the ground then begin washing, spraying and rinsing the inside surface walls and floor of the tank. Following Cleaning a Primary Sedimentation Tank SOP: 001.



Name Primary Sediment and Equalization Tanks

Date December 9, 2020

Safe Work Procedures

10. When tank cleaning is complete the floor drain can be closed again, if needed residual cleaning water can be removed from the tank using pump (SP3250.2 or SP3251.2).





Photo #1: Influent Gate Valves shown on the right

Photo #2: Effluent Gate Valves below grade at back end – use water key to open/close

B. Work Area Set Up

- 11. Stairs will be installed and inspected by a third party contractor. Following installation Omega & Associates Engineering will sign off that stairs have been installed as per engineered drawing. Only remove grating where stairs will be installed. All guardrails and kick plates remain in place to prevent tools and falls from elevation into the space.
- 12. On the same day of entering the tank, prepare the 4-gas air monitoring device at the Drager X-dock station. The X-dock station bumps the gas monitor, checks calibration and alarm settings.
- 13. Organize tools, equipment and materials needed for maintenance.
- 14. For additional fresh air supply inside of tank setup portable ventilation fan and duct into the space.
- 15. Orient fan intake at the open doorway (weather permitting) or otherwise away from surrounding contaminants.
- 16. Ensure work tools, if any, are kept clear or secure around the space opening such that they do not fall or get kicked in down the stairs. Kick plates are around the guardrails.

C. Verification Pre-Entry Testing and Ventilation

- 17. Inspect PPE functionality and portable ventilation equipment (see requirements below).
- 18. For each worker entering the tank, follow group lockout procedures referenced in Table A.
- 19. Turn on gas monitor and check battery charge. Monitor must be calibrated and charged before entry. Place the monitor inside of the pump casing and attach tubing.



Date December 9, 2020

Safe Work Procedures

- 20. Conduct initial pre-entry atmospheric testing. Wait 2 seconds/foot of tubing for reading. For 15-foot tube wait 30 seconds.
- 21. Initial reading prior to entry should be:

O ₂ 20.9% CO 0 ppm LEL 0%	H ₂ S 0 ppm
--------------------------------------	------------------------

- 22. Refer to Ventilation Requirements below.
- 23. Continuously monitor atmosphere inside the space by the worker's breathing zone with the personal 4 gas monitor, one/worker.
- 24. Low lighting levels inside the space, position temporary lighting above space for additional lighting or bring temporary lights into the space and wear headlamps and use flashlights as needed.
- 25. With good lighting or flashlight visually inspect each of the inffluent and effluent gates for any signs of leaking, from outside of the space.

D. Communication

Worker inside the space would always be in line of sight, verbal communication will be used.

E. Enter Space

- 26. Don PPE identified below as appropriate to the work tasks being performed, if not already being worn.
- 27. Remove 4-gas monitor from pump casing and wear as a personal monitor. "adjust if second monitor is needed then pump stays with standby and personal monitor with worker entering"
- 28. Ensure ventilation is in place and running.
- 29. Descend the stairs
- 30. Perform inspection of the work area and any required repairs or replacement.
- 31. Until gate valves have been certified by an engineer, a spotter is designated to continuously monitor gates for signs of leaking from inffluent and effluent gates during worker entry. Leaking gate valve may expose entrants to biohazard waste and will require decontamination.
- 32. Conduct work as needed.
- 33. Repeat steps in Section C for Verification Pre-Entry Testing and Ventilation at the start of each shift if work is not complete by end of shift.
- 34. Follow biohazard exposure control plan and decontamination procedures at end of shift and before breaks.



Name Primary Sediment and Equalization Tanks

Date December 9, 2020

F. Work Completion/Exit/Demobilization

- 35. Spray tools with a general disinfectant including stairs after they have been removed from the space.
- 36. Wipe down the outside of the coveralls being used if visible contamination/dirt is present as well as tools used inside the space.
- 37. Place all used/dirty wipes into a garbage bag. Remove coveralls, rolling it inside out.
- 38. Place coveralls into the garbage bag. Use wipes to clean outside of respirator before taking it off, and put wipes in garbage bag.
- 39. Remove gloves and put in garbage bag. Wipe hands
- 40. Remove the respirator and clean inside and place into storage bag/container.
- 41. Wipe face, put wipes in garbage bag and seal for general waste disposal.
- 42. Pack up and remove tools, equipment, materials from area.
- 43. Prepare tank and surround work area to put back online.
- 44. Follow the reverse of RMOW lockout procedures. See Table A.

Portable Ventilation

Tanks have open tops inside the primary building. Air in the tanks when empty has been shown to be clean respirable air as large open space with mechanical building ventilation allows for natural mixing. It is not expected that any heavier than air gases would accumulate at the bottom of these tanks. The building has mechanical exhaust and supply fans. In addition to this a portable fan can be provided. A blue Americ portable fan with 12-inch duct size in diameter with 15-foot duct length of flexible ducting can provide 1830 cfm with two (2) bends at 90^o in the ducting. **This is in addition to building ventilation.**

cfm of fan = [(*air changes per hour*) x (*volume of space in cubic feet*)] \div 60 minutes

These tanks have an internal volume of approximately "25150 ft3". With "15 foot" of flexible ducting and "two-90⁰" bends in the ducting:

1830 CFM = ACH x 25,150 ft³ \div 60 minutes This fan provides "4.4" air changes per hour (in addition to building ventilation)



Name Primary Sediment and Equalization Tanks

Date December 9, 2020

Equipment Required	
Work Area	Lockout/Isolation
Caution tape, rope	Lockout devices (valve, switch, etc.) Personal locks, tags
Entry/Exit and Rescue	Power
Install Engineered Stairs	Temporary Lighting Headlamp
Communication	Testing
Visual - line of sight Verbal	Drager X-am 2500
Ventilation – Portable	Ventilation – Building
1830 CFM Blue Americ Fan - 2 bends 15' Flex Ducting 12" diameter duct	Building ventilation supply and exhaust fans
Personal Protective Equipment	
Disposable Impervious Coveralls Nitrile Gloves Work Gloves Safety glasses meeting CSA-Z94.3 Class 1A (v Steel-toed rubber boots meeting CSA-Z195-MS NIOSH approved P100 respirator cartridge NIOSH approved Half-Face or Full-Face Respi	vith half-face respirator only) 02 rator

Emergency Response

- 1. Follow standard WWTP First Aid Procedures and site emergency response plan first.
- 2. If required, contact the RMOW Fire Department at 911
- 3. Inspect area around tank to ensure all site conditions are as expected, look for hazards that can be controlled or corrected.
- 4. Provide a clear path/access for emergency responders
- 5. Report to first responders conditions and tasks or other information required relevant for rescue efforts.

Whistler Health Care Centre: 4380 Lorimer Road

Qualified Person

Robin Van Driel M.Sc., CIH, ROH, CRSP

(778) 879-8009 | robin@vohsgroup.com



Date December 9, 2020

Table A: List of Lockout Procedures and Valve Information per Tank

Tank Name	Lockout Procedure Name	Lockout Procedure Number	Date
Primary Sediment Tank 1	Lockout Procedure #1 Primary Sedimentation Tank	#LP009	11/18/2020
Primary Sediment Tank 2	Lockout Procedure #2 Primary Sedimentation Tank	#LP010	11/18/2020
Primary Sediment/Equalization Tank 3	Lockout Procedure – #3 Primary Sediment/Equalization Tank 3	#LP011	11/18/2020
Equalization Tank 4	Lockout Procedure – #4 Equalization Tank 4	#LP012	11/18/2020

Reference Documents					
Document Name	Provided By	Date			
Hydrogen Sulfide Exposure Control Plan	Arcose Consulting Ltd.	October 30, 2020			
Biological Agents Exposure Control Plan	Arcose Consulting Ltd.	October 30, 2020			
Primary Sedimentation Tank / Treatment Plant Stairs [drawing]	Omega & Associates Engineering	October 29, 2020			
WWTP Main Process Building HVAC Upgrades 20162812-00 Drawing	Associated Engineering	August 9, 2017			
Primary Sedimentation Tank Online/Offline SOP: PRM-4	RMOW WWTP	March 6, 2019			
Cleaning a Primary Sedimentation Tank SOP: 001	RMOW WWTP	September 26, 2020			
WWTP First Aid Procedures and Emergency Response Plan	RMOW Health and Safety				
Hazard Assessment WWTP-006-CSHA-RMOW- 20200403	EnviroSafety	March 9, 2020			

Attachment E

PST Access Stairs Drawings



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Attachment F

Concrete Inspection Report

Project Number: MB46756 Date: 2nd August 2024

To: Kerr Wood Leidal Associates Ltd. #200 – 4185 Still Creek Drive Burnaby, BC, V5C 6G9

Attention: Paul Markin, M.A.Sc., P.Eng., pmarkin@kwl.ca

Project:RMOW WWTP Primary Sedimentation Tanks #1 and #2 and EDC-1/2RE:Evaluation of Concrete

Dear Paul,

As per your request, Metro Testing & Engineering Ltd. (Metro) performed a limited condition evaluation of the concrete in several structures of the RMOW WWTP at 1135 Cheakamus Lake Road in Whistler, BC. Specifically in the context of this report, Metro evaluated the concrete in the following locations:

- Primary Sedimentation Tank 2 (PST-2), on 19th June 2024
- Effluent Discharge Channel, on 19th June 2024, visual observations from outside only, as access was not possible
- Primary Sedimentation Tank 1 (PST-1), on 26th June 2024

Metro's general scope of work was limited to evaluating the current condition of the structural concrete components as far as they were accessible. Our work was limited to non-destructive evaluation techniques, including visual observations, hammer sounding, chain dragging, phenolphthalein testing to determine depth of neutralisation, scanning for concrete cover over rebar, and resistivity testing to estimate the ability of the concrete to protect rebar from corrosion. The following report presents our methodology and findings.

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1 Summary

Kerr Wood Leidal (KWL) asked Metro Testing and Engineering Ltd. (Metro) to perform a limited concrete condition evaluation of several structures at the Resort Municipality of Whistler Waste Water Treatment Plant. Metro evaluated the condition of the concrete in Primary Sedimentation Tanks #1 and #2, as well as in the Effluent Discharge Channel as far as practical without accessing the inside of the channel. Our observations and non-destructive tests resulted in the following key interpretations and recommendations for PST-1 and -2.:

- The pre-stressed pre-cast roof slab panels are generally in good condition. Isolated delaminations, spalls and cracks need repair within 5 years
- Several pre-stressed pre-cast roof slab panels have been modified to cut out openings for access hatches. This has disabled the reinforcement. A structural review must be performed before this winter season. Repair may be necessary on short notice, depending on the Structural Engineer's recommendations
- The grout in the roof panel joints is deteriorated. Water may penetrate into the hollow cores of the precast segments and deteriorate reinforcing steel where cracks exist in the panel soffits. Repair the joints with a suitable material preferably within 2 years
- The walls and beams of the tanks are in generally acceptable condition. Local deficiencies, like cracks, gravel nests and eroded surface areas, may increase the local corrosion risk to rebar. More detailed evaluation, for instance by coring or deep chipping, should be performed at the next convenient opportunity, but within 5 years
- The floor slabs appear to be in acceptable condition. No immediate additional testing or repair is necessary
- The expansion joints in PST-2 are in various degrees of deterioration. At minimum, the most deteriorated portions should be repaired at the next suitable opportunity, preferably within one year, to minimise the risk of uncontrolled leakage. Consider repairing with Sikadur Combiflex tape and Sikaguard E.W.L coating, similar to PST-1. If repairing with Combiflex, consider repairing the entire length of all joints, as the connection of old and new Combiflex (in subsequent repairs) would be challenging
- We did not evaluate the concrete in and around the sump pits due to access restrictions, including standing water. Concrete surface conditions appeared to be visually similar to other concrete. Evaluate the components within the next 5 years
- Very approximately 100 m of cracks and gravel seams in the walls should be investigated more closely, or repaired prophylactically

The Effluent Discharge Channel EDC-1/2 could not be entered for observations and testing. Remote visual observations indicate that the concrete above the water line, and possibly of the roof slab soffit, is significantly more deteriorated than the concrete of the sedimentation tanks. Access to a closer evaluation should be provided, preferably within 2 years.
2 Introduction

Kerr Wood Leidal (KWL) asked Metro Testing and Engineering Ltd. (Metro) to perform a limited concrete condition evaluation of several structures at the Resort Municipality of Whistler Waste Water Treatment Plant, 1135 Cheakamus Lake Road. The scope of Metro's work, associated specifically with this report, was to non-destructively evaluate the condition of the concrete of the following structures:

- Primary Sediment Tank 2 (PST-2)
- Primary Sediment Tank 1 (PST-1)
- Effluent Discharge Channel EDC-1/2

The purpose of this assessment was to provide information that would guide the preparation of documents and specifications for life extension work of these structures scheduled for 2024 and beyond.

This report documents our visual observations and results of in-situ testing carried out in PST-2 and PST-1, on 19 and 26 June 2024, respectively.



Figures 1 and 2 following show the location and general lay-out of the facility.

Figure 1 – Location of the Plant (Red Mark, Source: Apple Maps)



Figure 2 – Aerial Image of the plant (Source: Apple Maps)



Figure 3 – Cross section through a Primary Sedimentation Tank (Source: Dayton & Knight Record Drawing 179.11.1 S203 dated January) 1998



Figure 4 – Plan view of a Primary Sedimentation Tank (Source: Dayton & Knight Record Drawing 179.11.1 S201 dated January) 1998

3 Background Information

According to The Municipality of Whistler's web site (<u>https://www.whistler.ca/services/water-and-wastewater-treatment-plant/</u>), the treatment plant has a tertiary treatment system and an odour control system. In a first stage, inorganic solids are removed from the waste water. In a second stage, other remaining compounds are digested by bacteria and removed. The effluent is then disinfected with UV light and discharged into the Cheakamus River.

A structural drawing associated with the original structure was dates 1986 Additional structural drawings, related to an expansion project, were dated 1998. This indicates that major components of the plant were build approximately 35 years ago, with additional structures build approximately 25 years ago.

An earlier evaluation of PST-1 had been performed in 2016. The joint in PST-1 had been repaired with Sikadur Combiflex tape in 2018. Further, the Combiflex tape on the floor had been coated with Sikaguard E.W.L. during the 2018 repair.

4 Scope of Work

Metro's scope of work associated with this specific report, including verbal instructions on site, was limited to performing a non-destructive evaluation of the following components of the plant:

- Primary Sedimentation Tank 2, reinforced concrete only
- Primary Sedimentation Tank 1, reinforced concrete only
- Effluent Discharge Channel 1/2, if and where accessible

5 Guidelines

The following guidelines and standards were used and applied, in part or as needed, by Metro:

- EGBC's Professional Practice Guidelines: Expert Witness
- EGBC's Professional Practice Guidelines: Intellectual Property
- EGBC's Quality Management Guidelines

6 Evaluation Methodology

6.1 Visual Observations

Visual evaluations are usually performed from distance and close-up, with unaided eyes, or simple magnifying glasses. The purpose of the field observations was to estimate the extent of visible damage to the tank, such as surface deterioration, the formation of cracks or presence of honeycombing and gravel nests. For this project, Metro performed visual observations of the inside walls, floor and roof slabs.

6.2 Determination of Concrete Cover

Metro used a Proceq Profometer 5 (Serial No. 55.5706) to determine the approximate concrete cover over rebar. The device uses electromagnetic pulses to induce eddy currents in nearby metals, and interprets the returned signal to deduct the spacing between probe and rebar.

6.3 Hammer Sounding and Chain Dragging

Metro used hammer sounding (with a masonry hammer) and chain dragging, to acoustically detect delaminations in solid concrete. Drastic changes in the pitch and attenuation of the sound caused by hammer impact or chain drag indicates the presence of thin or delaminated concrete.

6.4 Determination of Depth of Neutralisation

Portland cement concrete is highly alkaline. The alkalinity protects embedded reinforcing steel from some forms of corrosion. Acidic materials, like atmospheric carbon dioxide, or sulphates, may neutralise the alkalinity, thereby increasing the corrosion risk for the embedded steel. In order to determine the depth, to which the concrete may have neutralised, Metro chipped the concrete surface gradually with a masonry hammer, while spraying a solution of phenolphthalein in isopropanol onto the fractured surface. The solution causes a distinct purple colour when in contact with material with a pH > 9. Concrete not undergoing such a colour change is neutralised. Metro measured the depth at which the colour reaction is first observed, and equates this depth to the depth of neutralisation.

6.5 Determination of Resistivity

To augment our evaluation of the condition of the concrete, we performed Wenner-probe tests on un-coated concrete surfaces. Wenner probe testing determines the resistivity of the concrete. The results can be used to estimate the uniformity of the concrete. Further, high resistivities are associated with the concrete having a high potential to protect embedded rebar from corrosion, while concrete with low resistivity is associated with a lower capability to provide protection from corrosion. We used a Proceq Wenner Probe (S/N RP02-004-0052) for our work. The following table and chart provide guidance for interpreting the Wenner-Probe test results:

Concrete Resistivity	Likelihood of Corrosion of Embedded Rebar
>100 kΩ.cm	Negligible risk of corrosion
50 to 100 kΩ.cm	Low risk of corrosion
10 to 50 kΩ.cm	Moderate risk of corrosion
10 kΩ.cm	Very high risk of corrosion

Table 1 – Interpretation of Wenner Probe test results



Figure 5 - *Published relationship between Resistivity and RCP (ASTM C1202) test values.*

7 Test Results

7.1 Sedimentation Tank 1

7.1.1 General Conditions

Roland Heere of Metro visited the site on 26 June 2024. The weather was dry. The air temperature was 15°C in the morning, and rising during the day. The surface temperature of the concrete inside the tank was approximately 16 to 17°C in the morning. The tank had been emptied, with the exception of stagnant water in the sump at the West end of the tank. Walls and floor of the tank appeared to have been pressure washed from the ground level, with the concrete sufficiently cleaned to allow visual observations. The plant had provided portable stairs for access. Ventilation and air quality monitoring was in place. Lighting by means of portable lamps was adequate.

7.1.2 Visual Observations

Item	Description	Reference photo
Waterproofing	None in place. Concrete pre-cast panels and joints exposed.	

Table 2 - Top of Roof Slab

	- · · · · ·	— ——
System	Pre-stressed pre-cast hollow-core	PRECAST PANEL JOINTS & CONNECTIONS BY PRECAST SLAB MANUFACTURER PRECAST PRESTRESSED SLABS
	loints grouted	(F3 (5208) 8 300 - 1 - (B') (D')
	Images to the right: Top - excerpt from	
	1996 Drawing, secondary beams not	BEAM (5208) 4100 (510)
	shown.	SECTION $\left(\frac{7}{\text{S2O3}}\right)$
	Bottom - excerpt from Metro's 19 June	100
	2024 field notes, section of a portion of	ylater Test. 45 T
	precast panel.	120 120 120 n200
		240 300
Condition of concrete	Top surface of panels slightly eroded.	
	Grout in joints cracked, locally	
	disintegrating.	
		A CONTRACT OF

Access hatch opening had been cut into panel, cutting through concrete and pre-stressing wire. Pre-stressing wire in cut face with surface corrosion. Cut extended into adjacent longitudinal beam.	
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Table 3 - Slab Soffit and Beams

Item	Description	Reference photo
System	See "Top of Roof Slab"	
Condition of concrete	Longitudinal crack in panel soffit East of sump.	

N-S beam east of pit: spalls, stirrup exposed. Steel has only 5 mm concrete cover in damaged location.	
Surface blemishes.	
4 th Beam East of pit: hairline crack and efflorescence.	
Cracks in panel around cut-out.	

Crack in precast panel; efflorescence.	
Steel hangers severely corroded. (This is not a concrete issue, but related to installations.)	

Table 4 - Walls

Item	Description	Reference photo
System	Cast-in-place concrete. One expansion joint. Typical wall photo: right.	Junt

Condition of concrete	East wall – cracks under openings. (Note: cracks highlighted by chalk lines on the wall)	Stacks
	Walls in general: Isolated tight cracks. Non- uniformities at formwork joints.	FLACKS
	Concrete of East wall (at outflow) above water line with minor paste loss at surface. Aggregates exposed.	

Concrete in walls below and above water level – Various locations with minor paste loss on surface, exposing aggregate.	
Walls in general – isolated shallow surface voids, typically <10 mm deep	
North Wall - previous repair in satisfactory state.	E-RATCH D CAR
North wall – shallow delamination, approximately 1 x 0.1 m.	DELAM

North wall – minor leak through tight crack.	LEAK
Walls above plinth – gravel nests, recessed concrete.	
South wall plinth, near sump – plinth apparently chipped back and eroded, likely to create clearance for raking mechanism.	DEEPEROSION







Table 5 - Floor

ltem	Description	Reference photo
System	Cast-in-place concrete. One expansion joint. Coated. General photo looking towards sump: right	
Condition of concrete	Previously coated, but coating partially lost. Remaining coating partially delaminated.	
	Isolated, shallow impact craters.	
	Sikadur Combiflex tape with Sikaguard E.W.L. Coating over joint in satisfactory condition. Appears to bind adequately to concrete. It is understood that Combiflex tape and E.W.L. coating were installed in August 2018.	

7.1.3 Hammer Sounding and Chain Drag

Hammer Sounding and chain dragging identified only minor delaminations, see table below.

Table 6 - Delaminations

Location	Deficiency	Reference photo
Top of Roof Slab	One delamination, approximately 0.25 x 1.3 m (see photo right). Also, small crater near West end, with 0.2 m diameter.	
Soffit of roof slab, and beams	Spot checks on less than 10% of the surface. No delamination detected. However, soffit of precast panel near hatch opening sounded unusual, possibly due to cracking.	
Walls	North wall, near bottom, minor delamination, approximately 0.1 x 1 m. Walls around sump not accessible and not tested.	BACK DELAY
Floor	No delamination detected by chain drag. Pit was water filled and could not tested.	

7.1.4 Concrete Cover over Rebar

Concrete cover determination with a Proceq Profometer 5 indicated that typical concrete covers were \geq 40 mm in most locations tested. Lower covers appeared to be local anomalies and not typical for the general condition. Typical test locations were approximately 1 m², although test locations on beams were smaller.

Location	Element	Concrete cover
Precast panels	At access hatch cut into panel	Cover of prestressing strand to soffit was
		directly observed. It was approximately 35 mm.
Beams	4 th N-S beam from sump	≥40 mm
	4 th N-S beam from sump	Main rebar: ≥50 mm
		One stirrup: 19 mm
	1 st N-S beam from sump	One location only, at corroding stirrup: 5 mm
Walls	East wall	Verticals: 39 – 48 mm
		Horizontals: 57 – 68 mm
	North Wall	Verticals: 45 - 61 mm
		Horizontals: 62 - 79 mm
	South Wall	Verticals: 46 - 53 mm
		Horizontals: 61 - 71 mm
	West Wall	Not accessible, not tested
Floor		North – South: 58 – 62 mm
		East – West: ≥75 mm

Table 7 – Concrete Cover

7.1.5 Depth of Neutralisation

Depth of neutralisation was determined by chipping into the concrete surface and spraying the chipped location with phenolphthalein solution. A colour reaction indicates alkaline concrete, while the absence of a colour reaction indicates that the concrete is neutralised. The following depths of neutralisations were determined:

- East wall, lightly eroded concrete surface: 7 mm
- South wall, regular area: 5 mm
- Floor, coated area:
- Floor uncoated area near intact coating: 1 mm
- E-W beam above South wall: 2 mm
- West wall: Not accessible, not tested

1 mm

7.1.6 Resistivity

We measured resistivity with a Resipod Wenner probe in arbitrarily selected locations, after prewetting the test locations with tap water. Resistivities of the concrete in the walls ranged from 200 to 500 k Ω cm. Resistivity of the floor in one uncoated test location was 300 k Ω cm.

7.2 Sedimentation Tank 2

7.2.1 General Conditions

Roland Heere of Metro visited the site on 19 June 2024. The weather was dry. The air temperature was 10°C in the morning, and rising during the day. The surface temperature of the concrete inside the tank was approximately 13°C in the morning. The tank had been emptied. The sump at the West end of the tank was not readily accessible. Walls and floor of the tank appeared to have been pressure washed from the ground level, with the concrete sufficiently cleaned to allow visual observations. The plant had provided portable stairs for access. Ventilation and air quality monitoring was in place. Lighting by means of portable lamps was adequate.

7.2.2 Visual Observations

ltem	Description	Reference photo
Waterproofing	None in place. Concrete pre-cast panels and joints exposed.	
System	Pre-stressed pre-cast hollow-core	PRECAST PANEL JOINTS & CONNECTIONS BY PRECAST
	panels, supported by concrete beams.	F3 SLAB MANUFACTURER PRECAST PRESTRESSED SLABS
	Joints grouted.	
	Images to the right: Top - excerpt from	BEAM F2 4100 8
	1996 Drawing, secondary beams not	S208
	shown.	(\$203) + ¹⁰⁰ +
	Bottom - excerpt from Metro's 19 June	Here Fish 45 James
	2024 field notes, section of a portion of	20. 15° × 135
	precast panel.	240 200

Table 8 - Top of roof slab

Condition of concrete	Top surface of panels slightly eroded. Moss. Minor cracking.	
	Grout in joints cracked, locally disintegrating.	
	Access hatch opening had been cut into panel, cutting through concrete and pre-stressing wire. Pre-stressing wire in cut face with surface corrosion. Cut extended into adjacent longitudinal beam. Broken concrete around opening.	

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Table 9 - Slab Soffit and Beams

Item	Description	Reference photo
System	See "Top of Roof Slab".	
Condition of concrete	Longitudinal crack in panel soffit. Top right: overview. Bottom right: detail.	



Primary (longitudinal) beams on top of walls appear to be in satisfactory condition, with only minor cracks and blemishes.



Table 10 - Walls

Item	Description	Reference photo
System	Cast-in-place concrete. One expansion joint. Typical wall photo: right.	

Condition of concrete	Walls firm above and below water line. Slight surface erosion below water line.	G-G G-G G-G G-G G-G G-G G-G G-G G-G G-G
	Walls in sump with visible but shallow surface erosion.	
	Local gravel seams.	GRAVEL
	East wall - crack 2 mm wide on surface, but only estimated <1 mm wide at 10 mm depth.	

Joint	South wall joint – caulked, surface deterioration visible.	CAULKED JOINT
	North wall – joint filler deteriorated, recessed. Top – overview. Bottom – detail.	CAULKED JOINT DETERIORATED

|--|--|--|

Table 11 - Floor

Item	Description	Reference photo
System	Cast-in-place concrete. One expansion joint. Coated. General photo looking towards sump: right	
Condition of concrete	Previously coated, but coating partially lost. Remaining coating partially delaminated.	

Joint filler deteriorating.		
	Joint filler deteriorating.	

7.2.3 Hammer Sounding and Chain Drag

Hammer Sounding and chain dragging identified only minor delaminations. See table below.

Location	Deficiency	
Top of Roof Slab	Grout infill locally delaminated. Panels firm.	
Soffit of roof slab, and beams	Hollow sound near cracks, likely caused by formed voids in centre of panels. Less than 10% of soffit and beams tested.	
Walls	No significant delaminations detected. Walls around sump not accessible and not tested.	
Floor	No significant delaminations detected by chain drag. Sump not accessible and not tested.	

7.2.4 Concrete Cover over Rebar

Concrete cover determination with a Proceq Profometer 5 indicated that typical concrete covers were \geq 40 mm in most locations tested. Lower covers appeared to be local anomalies and not typical for the general condition. Typical test locations were approximately 1 m², although test locations on beams were smaller.

Location	Element	Concrete cover
Precast panels	At access hatch cut into panel	Cover of prestressing strand to soffit was directly observed. It was approximately 35 mm.
Walls	East wall	Verticals: 55 - 65 mm Horizontals: 75 - 80 mm
	North Wall, 2 locations	Verticals: 62 – 77 mm 60 – 80 mm Horizontals: 37 - 44 mm 40 - 45 mm
	South Wall, 2 locations	Verticals: 48 - 61 mm 65 – >80 mm Horizontals: 65 - >80 mm 60 - >80 mm
	West wall not accessible, not tested	

7.2.5 Depth of Neutralisation

Depth of neutralisation was determined by chipping into the concrete surface and spraying the chipped location with phenolphthalein solution. A colour reaction indicates alkaline concrete, while the absence of a colour reaction indicates that the concrete is neutralised. The following depths of neutralisations were determined:

•	East wall:	5 - 7 mm
•	South wall:	5 - 10 mm, but > 20 mm in gravel nests,
		> 15 mm in pour joint with gravel nest
•	North wall:	5 – 7 mm in sound concrete
•	West wall:	Not accessible and not tested

7.2.6 Resistivity

We measured resistivity with a Resipod Wenner probe in arbitrarily selected locations, after prewetting the test locations with tap water. Resistivities of the concrete in the walls ranged from 120 to 350 k Ω cm.

7.3 Effluent Discharge Channel

The Effluent Discharge Channel was not accessible. Metro removed a section of a floor grate atop the channel, and took several photographs from the inside. The table below shows key observations.

Location	Observation	Photograph
Walls below water line.	Surface dark	
Walls at and up to approximately 0.2 m above water line	Deep erosion, estimated to 20 mm depth. Apparently more severe on wall bordering to Sediment Tanks.	

 Table 14 – Effluent Channel, Limited Observations from Top

Soffit	Likely shallow surface erosion.	

Based on Metro's visual observations and experience from testing concrete at other locations of the plant, we think that the concrete in the EDC-1/2 at and above the water line, is significantly more deteriorated than inside the Primary Sediment Tanks. We recommend that access be provided at least for the following:

- Visual evaluation after surface pressure washing
- Determination of remaining concrete cover over rebar
- Determination of depth of neutralisation
8 Discussion and Recommendations

Key site observations indicate the following:

With local exceptions, the **pre-cast roof panels** are in generally satisfactory condition. Isolated leaking cracks, delaminations and spalls are likely reducing the durability locally, particularly in locations where rebar is not protected from water and air any longer. Evaluate such local deficiencies more closely at the next convenient opportunity, but within 5 years. Evaluation should include extracting and evaluating cores. Repair will be necessary. The grout in the joints between some of the panel has exceeded its service life. It is cracked, delaminated and spalled. It does not provide water proofing, and may never have been able to fully tolerate actual temperature and moisture driven movements. Water may penetrate into the hollow cores of the precast panels and corrode reinforcement where cracks are present. Repair the joints with a suitable material, within the next two years. Where the installation of access hatches has cut pre-stressing wires, the structural capacity of the panels is likely reduced dramatically. **The panels with access hatches require structural evaluation and will likely require strengthening. Perform the structural evaluation before winter 2024/25.**

The **beams** are generally in satisfactory condition, apart from efflorescence (mainly due to water leakage from the top), minor cracking, shallow surface blemishes, and saw cuts at the access hatch. Beams supporting the roof panels which were modified by saw-cutting access openings, are damaged by surficial cuts. This likely diminished the concrete cover over rebar locally, potentially reducing the expected service life. The cuts also have somewhat reduced the beam cross-sections, although the effect on the capacity of the beam may be marginal unless rebar has been damaged. The defects need to be investigated in more detail at the next convenient opportunity and within 2 years, and repaired as necessary.

The **walls** are in satisfactory condition. Cracks are not considered to dramatically affect the global integrity and durability of the structure. However, where moisture and gas can access rebar spanning open cracks, local rebar deterioration may occur. As the depth of neutralisation is typically less than one third of the depth of concrete cover over the rebar, the risk of rebar corrosion due to loss of passivation in uncracked and firm concrete remains low for the foreseeable future. However, where gravel nests (frequently not wider than 10 cm) or cracks exist, the depth of neutralisation may reach the rebar in the foreseeable future if it has not already done so. Localised rebar corrosion may be possible in these locations currently and in the foreseeable future. Very approximately 100 metres of cracks and gravel seams could potentially be of concern. At the next suitable opportunity and within the next 5 years, explore the depth of neutralisation in such locations, using core sampling or deep chipping. Be prepared to repair the test locations and repair or coat affected concrete areas immediately after sample extraction. Alternatively, repair these deficiencies prophylactically.

The **floor** is in satisfactory condition. The surface coating has been lost in many locations, but no major concrete deficiencies have been found. Due to the absence of significant cracking and Page **40** of **42**

due to the shallow depth of neutralisation, no urgent maintenance measures are necessary in the areas observed. Note that Metro was not able to evaluate the concrete in the sumps. At the next convenient opportunity and within 5 years, arrange for a concrete evaluation in the sumps.

The Combiflex tape installed over the **expansion joint** of PST-1 appears to adhere adequately and does not show visible signs of aging and significant distress. The deteriorated joint in PST-2 should be repaired at the next suitable opportunity, preferably within one year, to minimise the risk of uncontrolled leakage. Consider repairing it with Combiflex tape and E.W.L coating, similar to PST-1.

Due to access constraints, we were not able to systematically observe the condition of the **effluent discharge channel**. Cursory observations indicate that the walls above the water line and the roof slab soffit have suffered from significant surface erosion, likely due to H₂S related microbial attack. The depth of erosion may be approximately 20 mm in heavily affected locations. We were not able to determine concrete cover over rebar, but with approximately 20 mm erosion, and arbitrarily assuming a hypothetical depth of neutralisation of 10 mm, the embedded rebar may soon become susceptible to corrosion. We recommend that you test concrete cover and depth of neutralisation at the next suitable opportunity and within 2 years. It is likely that eroded concrete surfaces need to be cleaned, and repaired or at least be coated.

The table below summarises the suggested timeline for additional investigations and repairs:

Recommended due date	Element	Task
Fall 2024	Roof panels, and beams with saw cuts at access hatches	Structural evaluation of precast elements which were modified with access hatches. The structural evaluation may require immediate restrictions on traffic and snow loads, and may require repair of the affected panels.
2025	Joint in PST-2	Repair to reduce risk of unintended leakage
2026	Roof joints	Remove deteriorating grout and replace with suitable repair material
	EDC	Provide access and evaluate
2029	Roof panels	Repair delaminations, spalls, cracks
	Walls	Evaluate corrosion risk of rebar in gravel nests. Repair where necessary
	Sumps	Provide access and evaluate concrete of walls and floor

 Table 15 – Proposed Schedule for Further Evaluation and Repair

9 Limitations and Closure

This interim draft report has been prepared with a customary standard of care and skill, for the exclusive use KWL and for the specific purpose described in Sections 2 and 4 above. Note that this document is subject to major additions and revisions. Any use of this document by third parties, or their reliance on information reported in our report are at the sole responsibility of such third parties. Metro Testing & Engineering Ltd. will not accept any responsibility for any damages suffered by any third party as a result of decisions, or actions, based on this report.

Unless where we specifically expressed it, we have not independently verified information quoted from drawings, plans, literature, or other reports. This report reflects Metro's best judgment based on the information available. If conditions other than those detected and reported are noted subsequently, please inform Metro immediately so that we can review and revise this report as necessary.

We trust this meets your present requirement. Please call 604-436-9111 if you have any questions.

Yours truly, Metro Testing & Engineering Ltd.

Reviewed by:

C.S.



Roland Heere, P.Eng. Sr. Materials Engineer Reviewer: Curtis Syrnyk